

27.901 interviews
18 > 27 / 03 / 2017

1.058 interviews
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Methodology: face-to-face

1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Nearly six in ten respondents in the Czech Republic consider climate change to be a 'very serious' problem (57%, EU average 74%), although less than one in ten see it as the single most serious problem facing the world (6%, EU average 12%).

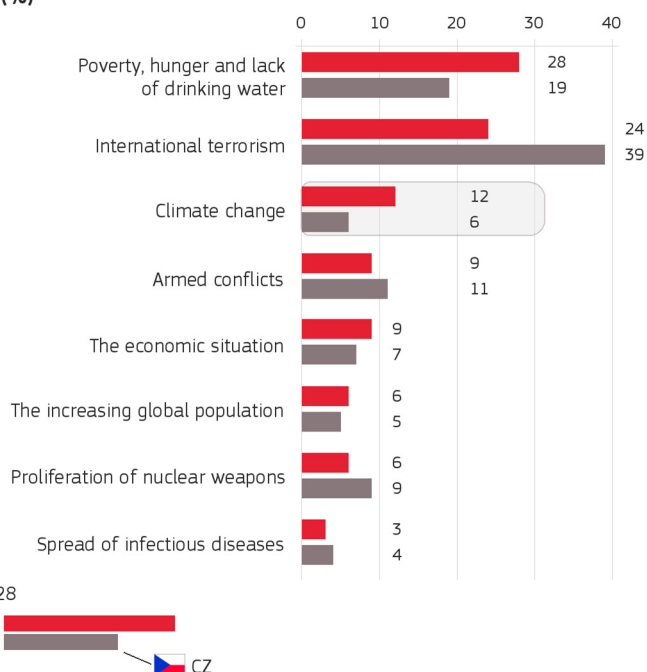
Just under four in ten (38%, EU average 49%) say they have taken personal action to fight climate change in the past six months. However, when given specific examples this proportion rises to 92%, above the EU average of 90%. This suggests that many of those surveyed do not associate certain actions with tackling climate change.

- Seven in ten respondents in the Czech Republic (70%) say that they try to reduce waste and regularly separate it for recycling, very close to the EU average (71%).
- Nearly half try to cut down on consumption of disposable items whenever possible (47%, EU average 56%), a 7 percentage point decline since the previous survey in 2015.

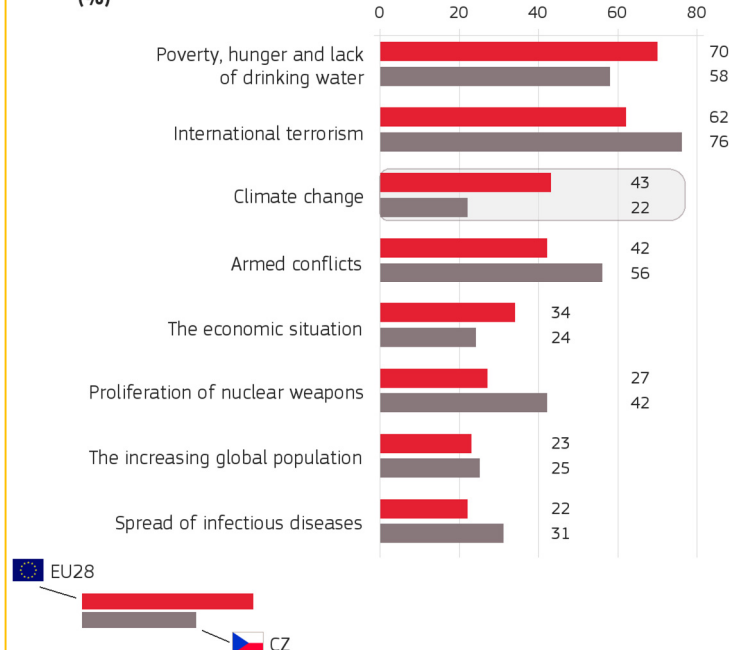
Around two-thirds of respondents agree that fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (65%, EU average 79%), while more than half agree that reducing fossil fuel imports from third countries can benefit the EU economically (54%, EU average 65%).

2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

QC1a Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole?
(%)



QC1T Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)
(%)



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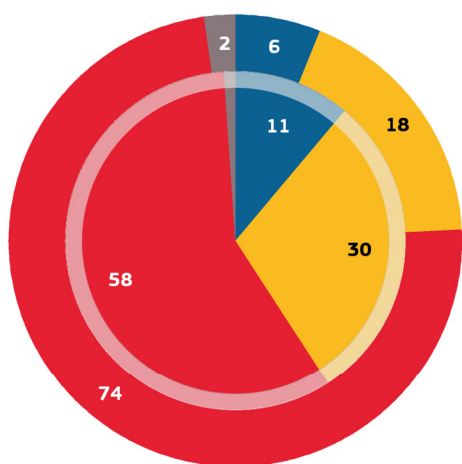
Methodology: face-to-face

Czech Republic

3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

QC2 And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

(%)



- Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)
- Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)
- Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)
- Don't know

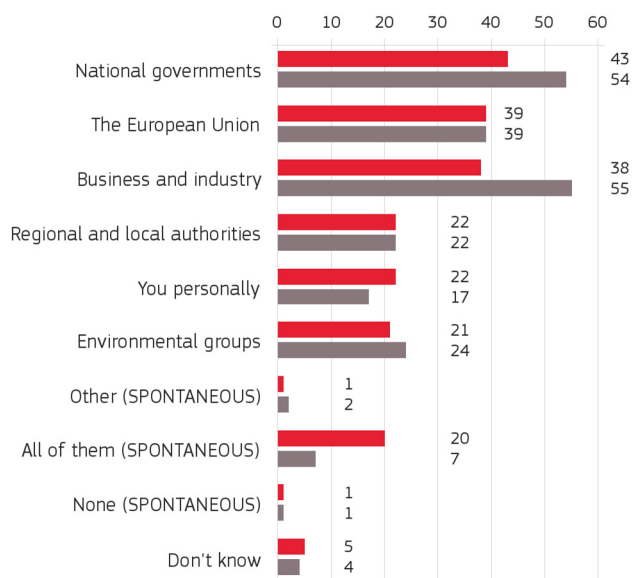
EU28		CZ	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
6	-2	11	-1
18	-4	30	+5
74	+5	58	-4
2	+1	1	=

EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

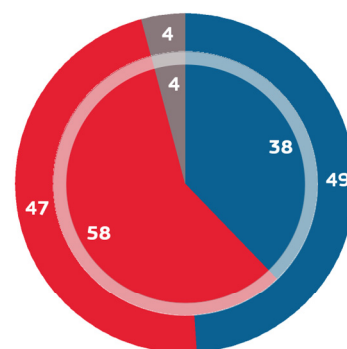
QC3 In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

(%)



QC5 Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

(%)



EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

EU28		CZ	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
49	=	38	+2
47	=	58	-1
4	=	4	-1

- Yes
- No
- Don't know

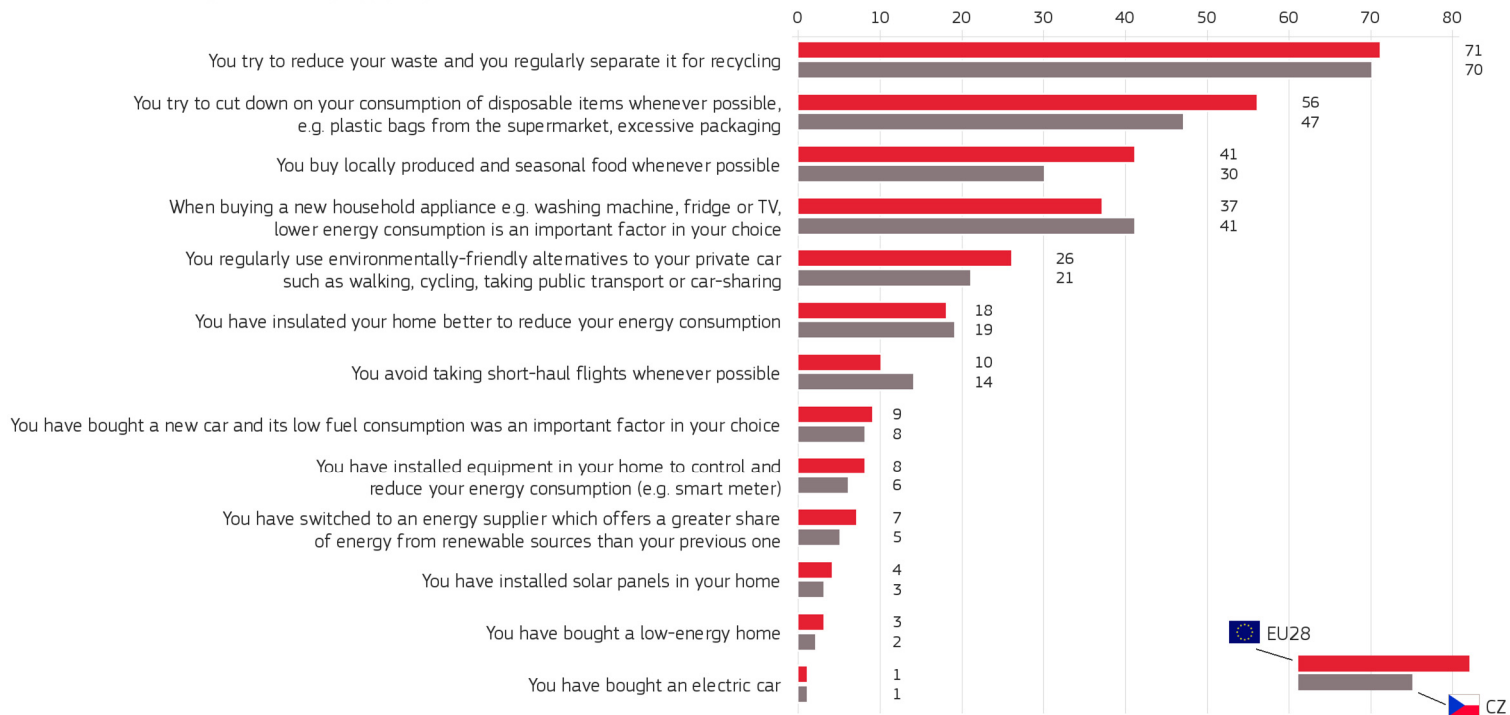
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5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

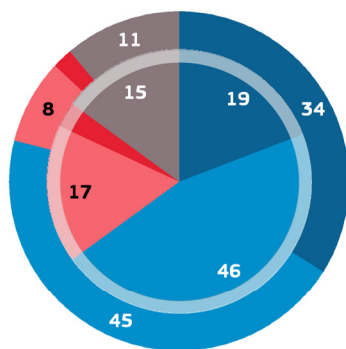
QC6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)



6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QC4.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (%)

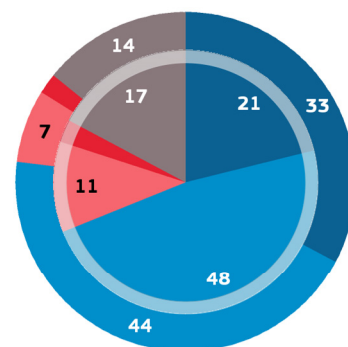


EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

	EU28		CZ	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	34	- 3	19	- 11
Tend to agree	45	+ 1	46	+ 2
Tend to disagree	8	- 1	17	=
Totally disagree	2	=	3	=
Don't know	11	+ 3	15	+ 9

QC4.2 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)



EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

- Totally agree
- Tend to agree
- Tend to disagree
- Totally disagree
- Don't know

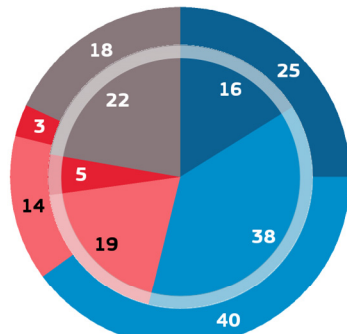
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7. ATTITUDES TOWARDS REDUCING FOSSIL FUEL IMPORTS AND TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGIES

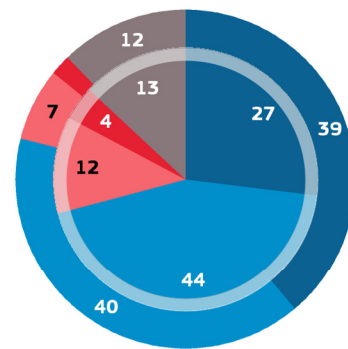
QC4.3 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?
Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)



EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

	EU28		CZ	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	25	- 1	16	- 3
Tend to agree	40	+ 1	38	- 2
Tend to disagree	14	=	19	=
Totally disagree	3	- 1	5	- 1
Don't know	18	+ 1	22	+ 6

QC4.5 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?
More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to fossil fuels should be reduced (%)

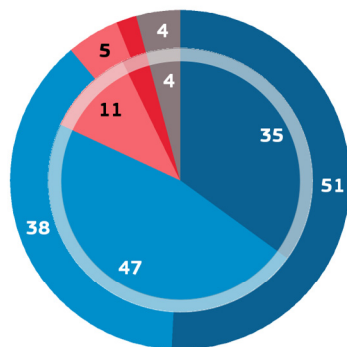


Totally agree
 Tend to agree
 Tend to disagree
 Totally disagree
 Don't know

EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

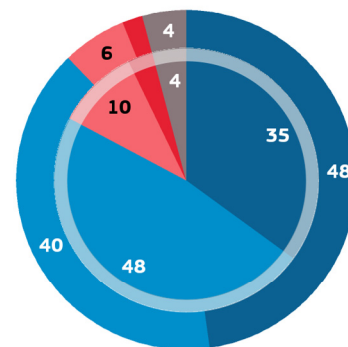
QC7 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030?
(%)



EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

	EU28		CZ	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	51	- 1	35	- 1
Fairly important	38	- 1	47	- 2
Not very important	5	=	11	+ 2
Not at all important	2	+ 1	3	=
Don't know	4	+ 1	4	+ 1

QC8 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government provides support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (e.g. by encouraging people to insulate their home or buy electric cars)?
(%)



EU28 Outer pie CZ Inner pie

	EU28		CZ	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	48	- 4	35	- 8
Fairly important	40	=	48	+ 2
Not very important	6	+ 1	10	+ 3
Not at all important	2	+ 1	3	+ 1
Don't know	4	+ 2	4	+ 2