

Implementation Guide

# Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK



# Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK: Implementation Guide

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# Deployment framework for capturing, storing, processing, and delivering real-time streaming data

Publication date: *November 2020* ([last update](#): *December 2024*)

The Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK allows you to capture, store, process, and deliver real-time streaming data. By automatically configuring the included AWS services, this solution helps you address real-time streaming use cases, for example:

- Capture high volume application log files
- Analyze website clickstreams
- Process database event streams
- Track financial transactions
- Aggregate social media feeds
- Collect IT log files
- Continuously deliver to a data lake

This solution helps accelerate your development lifecycle by minimizing or eliminating the need to model and provision resources using [AWS CloudFormation](#), set up preconfigured [Amazon CloudWatch](#) alarms set to recommended thresholds, dashboards, and logging, and manually implement streaming data best practices. This solution is data and logic agnostic, meaning that you can start with boilerplate code and then customize it to your needs.

The solution uses templates where data flows through producers, streaming storage, consumers, and destinations. Producers continuously generate data and send it to streaming storage where it is durably captured and made available for processing by a data consumer. Data consumers process the data and then send it to a destination.

To support multiple use cases and business needs, this solution offers four AWS CloudFormation templates. You can use this solution to test new service combinations as the basis for your production environment, and to improve existing applications.

1. **Option 1** creates a standalone [Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka](#) (Amazon MSK) cluster following best practices, such as sending broker logs to [Amazon CloudWatch Logs](#); encryption at rest; encryption in transit among the broker nodes; and open monitoring with [Prometheus](#) activated.

- Option 2** adds an [AWS Lambda](#) function that processes records in an existing [Apache Kafka](#) topic as a starting example that you can modify and customize. The Lambda service internally polls for new records or messages from the event source, and then synchronously invokes the target Lambda function.
- Option 3** is intended for use cases when you must back up messages from a topic in Amazon MSK (for instance, to replay or analyze them). It uses [Amazon Data Firehose](#) (which compresses and encrypts, minimizing the amount of storage used at the destination and increasing security) and [Amazon Simple Storage Service](#) (Amazon S3).
- Option 4** showcases how to read data from an existing topic in Amazon MSK using [Apache Flink](#), which provides exactly-once processing. It uses [Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink](#) (a fully managed service that handles core capabilities like provisioning compute resources, parallel computation, automatic scaling, and application backups) and Amazon S3.

All templates are configured to apply best practices to monitor functionality using dashboards and alarms, and to secure data.

This implementation guide describes architectural considerations and configuration steps for deploying the Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK in the Amazon Web Services (AWS) Cloud. It includes links to AWS CloudFormation templates that launch and configure the AWS services required to deploy this solution using AWS best practices for security and availability.

The guide is intended for IT architects, developers, and DevOps professionals who want to get started quickly with the core streaming services available in the AWS Cloud.

This solution is a demo. We do not recommend using this to handle regulated data such as PII, HIPAA, and GDPR when deployed in production.

## Features and benefits

The Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK provides the following features:

### Automated configuration

Automatically configure the AWS services necessary to easily capture, store, process, and deliver streaming data.

### Four template options

You can choose from four [AWS CloudFormation](#) template options. You can more quickly test new service combinations for your production environment and improve existing applications.

### **Real-time use cases**

You can capture high-volume application logs, analyze clickstream data, continuously deliver to a data lake, and more.

### **Preconfigured Amazon CloudWatch alarms, dashboards, and logging**

This solution comes with [Amazon CloudWatch](#) alarms set to recommended thresholds, dashboards for viewing performance metrics, and logging to make it easier for you to monitor the overall performance of the solution.

### **Customizable source code**

Customize the solution's boilerplate code, and then use the monitoring capabilities to quickly transition from testing to production.

### **Integration with AWS Service Catalog AppRegistry and Application Manager, a capability of AWS Systems Manager**

This solution includes a [Service Catalog AppRegistry](#) resource to register the solution's CloudFormation template and its underlying resources as an application in both Service Catalog AppRegistry and [Application Manager](#). With this integration, you can centrally manage the solution's resources and enable application search, reporting, and management actions.

## **Use cases**

### **Option 1: Standalone Amazon MSK cluster**

This option creates a standalone Amazon MSK cluster following best practices, such as sending broker logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs; encryption at rest; encryption in transit among the broker nodes; and open monitoring with [Prometheus](#) activated.

### **Option 2: Add a Lambda function to process records**

This option adds an [AWS Lambda](#) function that processes records in an existing [Apache Kafka](#) topic as a starting example that you can modify and customize. The Lambda service internally polls for new records or messages from the event source, and then synchronously invokes the target Lambda function.



### **Option 3: Backup messages from Amazon MSK to S3**

This option is intended for use cases when you must back up messages from a topic in Amazon MSK (for instance, to replay or analyze them). It uses [Amazon Data Firehose](#) (which compresses and encrypts, minimizing the amount of storage used at the destination and increasing security) and [Amazon Simple Storage Service](#) (Amazon S3).

### **Option 4: Analyze and store messages from Amazon MSK**

This option showcases how to read data from an existing topic in Amazon MSK using [Apache Flink](#), which provides exactly-once processing. It uses [Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics](#) (a fully managed service that handles core capabilities like provisioning compute resources, parallel computation, automatic scaling, and application backups) and Amazon S3.

# Architecture overview

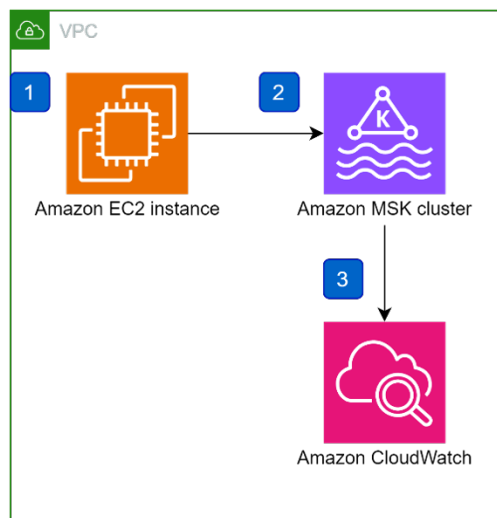
This solution automatically configures the core AWS services necessary to capture, store, process, and deliver streaming data.

## Note

All AWS CloudFormation resources were created using [AWS Solutions Constructs](#).

## Option 1: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK

Deploying the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk` AWS CloudFormation template builds the following environment in the AWS Cloud.



### *AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK reference architecture*

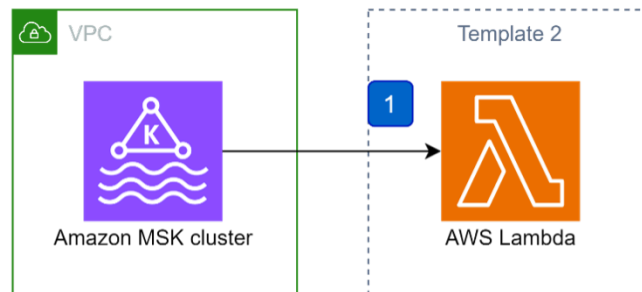
This AWS CloudFormation template deploys a reference architecture that includes the following:

1. An Amazon MSK cluster.
2. An [Amazon EC2](#) instance that contains the Apache Kafka client libraries required to communicate with the MSK cluster. This client machine is located on the same VPC as the cluster, and it can be accessed via [AWS Systems Manager Session Manager](#).

3. An [Amazon CloudWatch](#) dashboard monitors application health, progress, resource utilization, events, and errors.

## Option 2: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK and AWS Lambda

Deploying the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda` AWS CloudFormation template builds the following environment in the AWS Cloud.



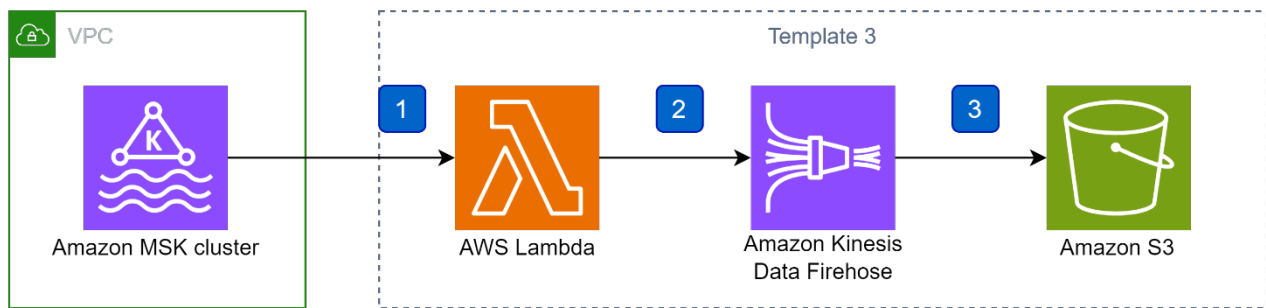
### *AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK and Lambda reference architecture*

This AWS CloudFormation template deploys a reference architecture that includes the following:

- A Lambda function that processes process records in a Kafka topic. The default function is a Node.js application that logs the received messages, but it can be customized to fit your business needs.

## Option 3: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, AWS Lambda, and Amazon Data Firehose

Deploying the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-kinesis-data-firehose` AWS CloudFormation template builds the following environment in the AWS Cloud.



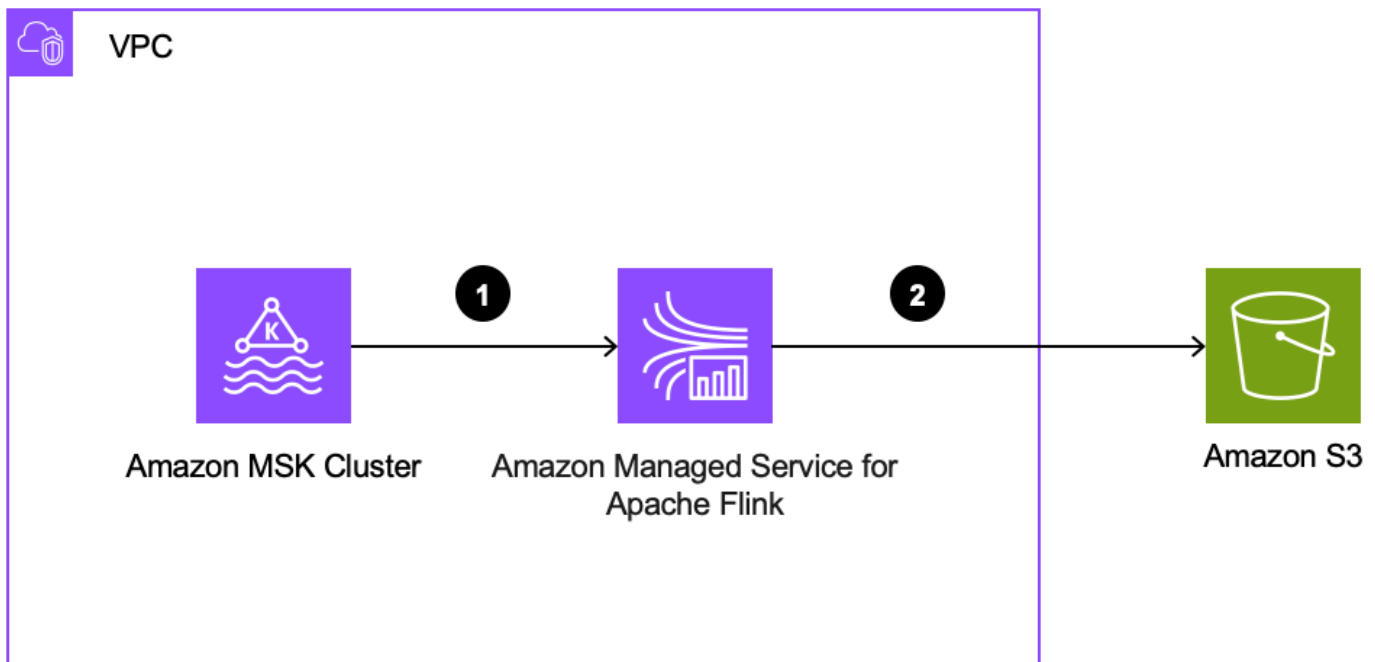
### ***AWS CloudFormation template using Kinesis Data Streams, Kinesis Data Firehose, and S3 reference architecture***

This AWS CloudFormation template deploys a reference architecture that does the following:

1. An AWS Lambda function that processes process records in an Apache Kafka topic.
2. A Firehose delivery stream that buffers data before delivering it to the destination.
3. An Amazon S3 bucket that stores all original events from the Amazon MSK cluster.

## **Option 4: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3**

Deploying the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3` AWS CloudFormation template builds the following environment in the AWS Cloud.



### ***AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3 reference architecture***

This AWS CloudFormation template deploys a reference architecture that includes the following:

1. A [Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink Studio notebook](#) application that reads events from an existing topic in an Amazon MSK cluster.
2. An AWS Glue Data Catalog to store metadata tables representing data stores.
3. An Amazon S3 bucket that stores the output.

## **AWS Well-Architected design considerations**

This solution uses the best practices from the [AWS Well-Architected Framework](#), which helps customers design and operate reliable, secure, efficient, and cost-effective workloads in the cloud.

This section describes how the design principles and best practices of the Well-Architected Framework benefit this solution.

### **Operational excellence**

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [operational excellence pillar](#).

The Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK solution pushes metrics to Amazon CloudWatch to provide observability into the infrastructure; AWS Lambda functions, Kinesis Data Analytics, Kinesis Data Firehose, S3 buckets, and the rest of the solution components.

## Security

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [security pillar](#).

- All data storage including Amazon S3 buckets have encryption at rest.
- All inter-service communications use AWS IAM roles.
- Communications between end user and Amazon API Gateway uses Bearer token generated and handed by Amazon Cognito.
- All roles used by the solution follows least-privilege access. That is, it only contains minimum permissions required so the service can function properly.

## Reliability

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [reliability pillar](#).

The Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK solution uses AWS Serverless services wherever possible (examples include AWS Lambda and Amazon S3) to ensure high availability and recovery from service failure.

## Performance efficiency

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [performance efficiency pillar](#).

- Using serverless architecture throughout this solution.
- The ability to launch this solution in any region that supports AWS services in this solution such as: Amazon MSK, Kinesis Data Analytics, Kinesis Data Firehose, EC2, S3 Bucket, CloudWatch, and AWS Lambda.
- Multiple options are available to quickly carry out comparative testing using different types of service configurations.

## Cost optimization

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [cost optimization pillar](#).

- Using serverless architecture so that customers only get charged for what they use.
- Providing an option to the user on whether or not to enable enhanced monitoring (shard-level) for Amazon Kinesis Data Streams. This option is turned off by default to reduce the cost for users who don't need shard-level data monitoring.

## Sustainability

This section describes how we architected this solution using the principles and best practices of the [sustainability pillar](#).

The solution utilizes managed and serverless services, to minimize the environmental impact of the backend services. The solution Serverless design (using Lambda, SQS, API Gateway, and S3) and the use of managed services (such as Kinesis Data Streams) are aimed at reducing carbon footprint compared to the footprint of continually operating on-premises servers.

## Architecture details

This section describes the components and AWS services that make up this solution and the architecture details on how these components work together.

### AWS services in this solution

The solution uses the following services. Core services are required to use the solution, and supporting services connect the core services.

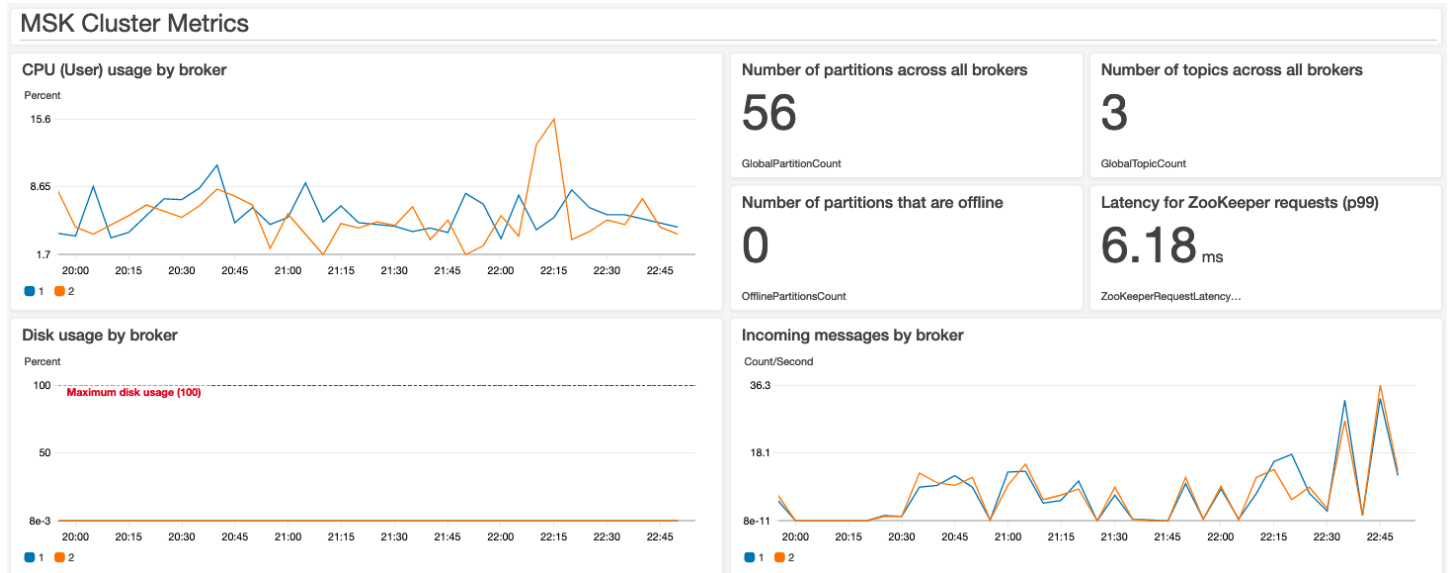
AWS service	Description
<a href="#">AWS CloudFormation</a>	<b>Core.</b> Manages deployments for the solution infrastructure.
<a href="#">Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud</a>	<b>Core.</b> Deploys and manages independent Amazon ECS tasks on AWS Fargate containers.
<a href="#">Amazon CloudWatch</a>	<b>Core.</b> Stores the solution logs and metrics.
<a href="#">AWS Identity and Access Management</a>	<b>Core.</b> Handles user role and permissions management.
<a href="#">AWS Lambda</a>	<b>Core.</b> Provides logic for APIs implementation, tests results parsing, and launching workers/leader tasks.
<a href="#">Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink</a>	<b>Supporting.</b> Contains the solution's Amazon ECS containers running on AWS Fargate.
<a href="#">Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka</a>	<b>Supporting.</b> Ingests and processes streaming data in real time with fully managed Apache Kafka.
<a href="#">Amazon Data Firehose</a>	<b>Supporting.</b> Provides a web console powered by <a href="#">AWS Amplify</a> .
<a href="#">Amazon S3</a>	<b>Supporting.</b> Hosts the static web content, logs, metrics, and tests data.
<a href="#">AWS Systems Manager</a>	<b>Supporting.</b> Provides application-level resource monitoring and visualization of resource operations and cost data.



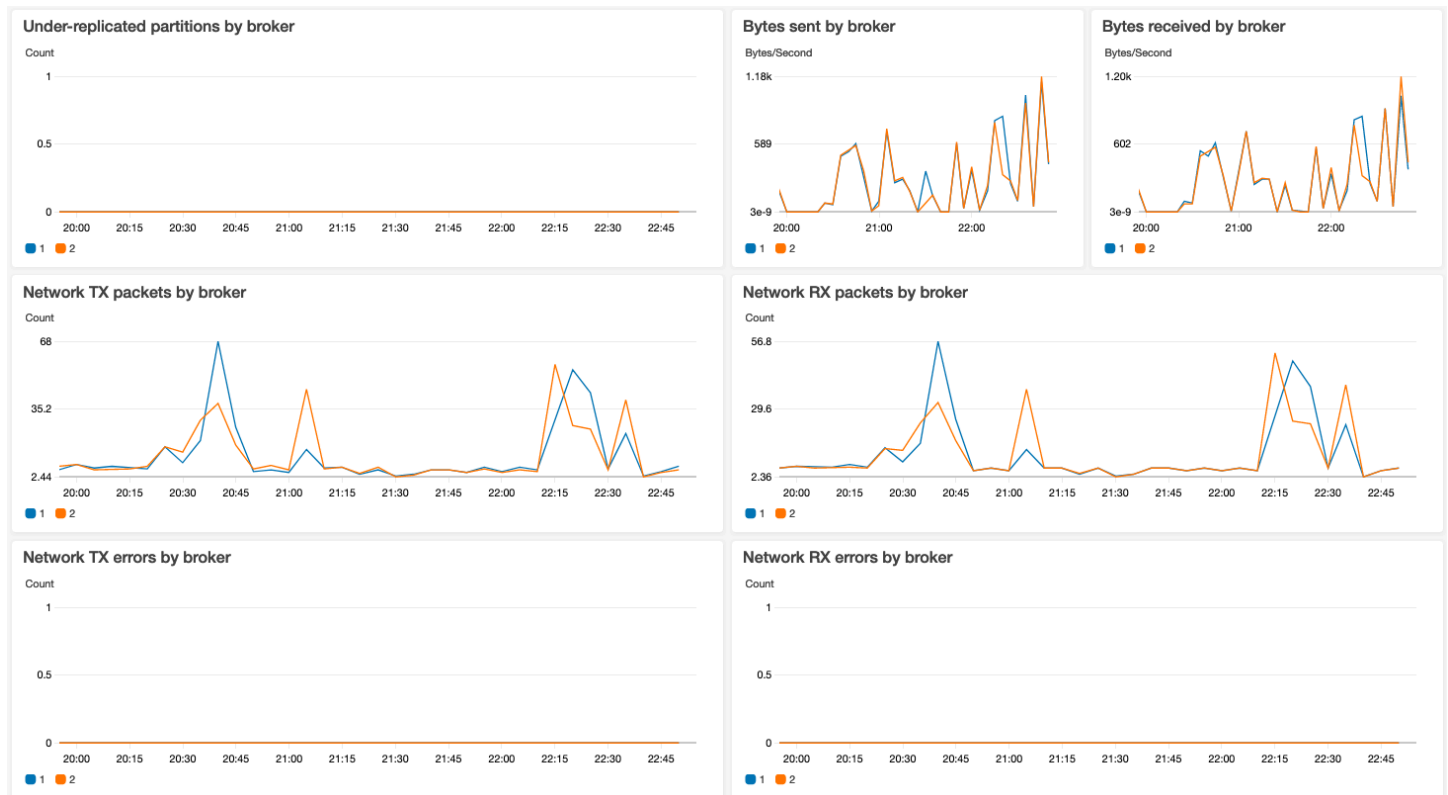
# Components for option 1: Amazon MSK

## CloudWatch dashboards and alerts

Option 1 deploys an Amazon CloudWatch dashboard that monitors the health of the Amazon MSK cluster. You can customize the dashboards and alerts using Amazon CloudWatch or the source code from the solution's [GitHub repository](#).



**Amazon MSK health metrics on the CloudWatch dashboard (upper)**

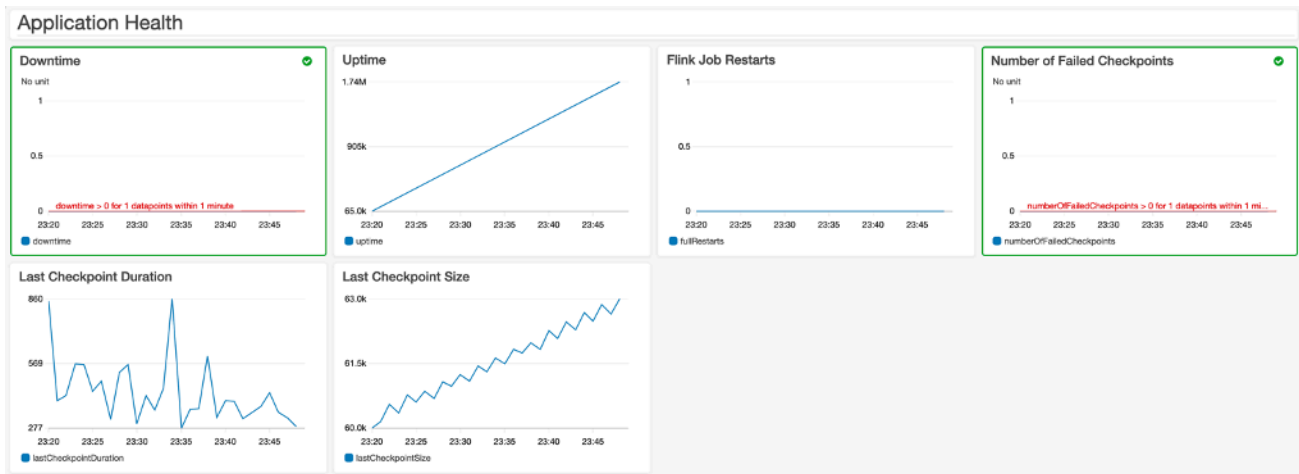


*Amazon MSK health metrics on the CloudWatch dashboard (lower)*

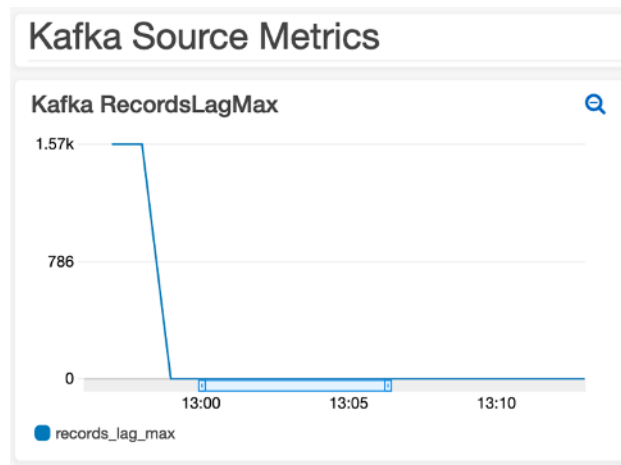
## Components for option 4: Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3

### CloudWatch dashboards and alerts

Option 4 deploys an Amazon CloudWatch dashboard that monitors the health of the Apache Flink application. You can customize the dashboards and alerts using either Amazon CloudWatch, or the source code from the solution's [GitHub repository](#).



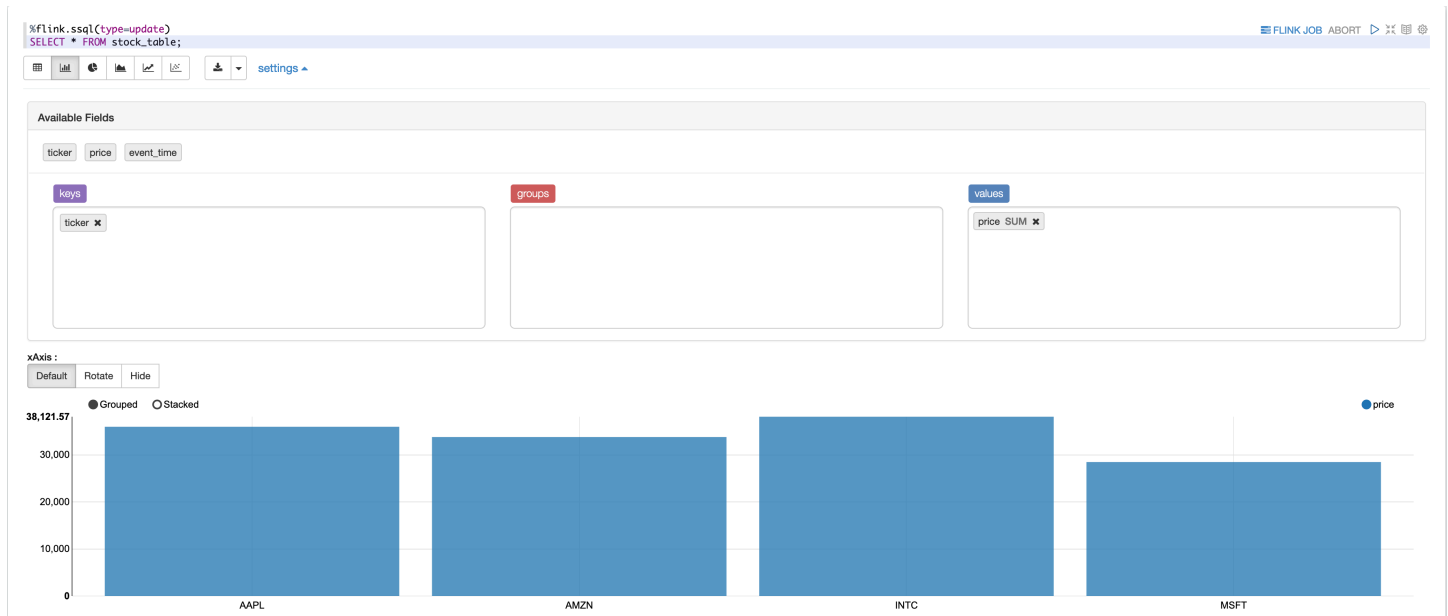
***Application Health on the CloudWatch dashboard***



***Kafka Source Metrics on the CloudWatch dashboard***

**Studio notebook**

Option 4 deploys an Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink Studio notebook powered by [Apache Zeppelin](#) and Apache Flink to interactively analyze streaming data.



*Example query on the Studio notebook*

## Custom resources

The AWS CloudFormation templates provided in this solution support [enhanced monitoring](#) for Amazon Kinesis Data Streams. When enhanced monitoring is turned on, Kinesis Data Streams sends shard-level data to Amazon CloudWatch. Additional costs may apply.

The `aws-streaming-data-solution-for-kinesis-using-kpl-and-kinesis-data-analytics` and `aws-streaming-data-solution-for-kinesis-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-api-gateway` AWS CloudFormation templates use the VPC configuration capability in Managed Service for Apache Flink.

Because these features are not currently supported in Amazon Kinesis services, this solution provides AWS Lambda functions that implement custom resources that activate these features.

# Plan your deployment

This section describes the Region, [cost](#), [security](#), and [quota](#) considerations prior to deploying the solution.

## Supported AWS Regions

For the most current availability of AWS services by Region, see the [AWS Regional Services List](#).

Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK is available in the following AWS Regions:

Region name		
US East (N. Virginia)	Canada (Central)	
US East (Ohio)	China (Beijing)	
US West (Northern California)*	China (Ningxia)	
US West (Oregon)	Europe (Frankfurt)	
Africa (Cape Town)	Europe (Ireland)	
Asia Pacific (Hong Kong)	Europe (London)	
Asia Pacific (Hyderabad)	Europe (Paris)	
Asia Pacific (Jakarta)	Europe (Spain)	
Asia Pacific (Melbourne)	Europe (Stockholm)	
Asia Pacific (Mumbai)	Europe (Zurich)	
Asia Pacific (Osaka)	Middle East (Bahrain)	
Asia Pacific (Seoul)	Middle East (UAE)	
Asia Pacific (Singapore)	South America (São Paulo)	
Asia Pacific (Sydney)	AWS GovCloud (US-East)	

Region name	
Asia Pacific (Tokyo)	AWS GovCloud (US-West)

## Cost

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this solution. As of this revision, the monthly cost for running this solution in the US East (N. Virginia) Region, is described in the following tables.

We recommend creating a [budget](#) through [AWS Cost Explorer](#) to help manage costs. Prices are subject to change. For full details, refer to the pricing webpage for each AWS service used in this solution.

## Sample cost tables

### Option 1: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK

The following table provides a cost estimate to deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk AWS CloudFormation template that deploys Amazon MSK.

*Table for Option 1: Cost estimate for running the solution using the CloudFormation template that deploys Amazon MSK*

AWS service	Dimensions	Cost [USD]
Amazon MSK	Broker instance type:	\$468.72
	kafka.m5.large (3 nodes)	\$100.00
	Broker storage: 1,000 GB	
Amazon EC2	EC2 instance (t3.small)	\$15.18
	730 hours / month	
<b>TOTAL:</b>		<b>\$583.90 per month</b>

**Note**

The templates for Options 2, 3, and 4 accept the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the Amazon MSK cluster as a parameter, so the following cost tables only include the services created by this solution.

## Option 2: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK and AWS Lambda

The Option 2 table provides a cost estimate to deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda` AWS CloudFormation template that uses Amazon MSK and Lambda.

**Table for Option 2: Cost estimate for running the solution using the CloudFormation template that deploys Amazon MSK and Lambda**

AWS service	Dimensions	Cost [USD]
AWS Lambda	2,678,400 requests/month (1/sec)	\$3.33
	128 MB of memory	
	500 ms/request	
	<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>\$3.33 per month</b>

## Option 3: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, AWS Lambda, and Amazon Data Firehose

The following table provides a cost estimate to deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-kinesis-data-firehose` AWS CloudFormation template that uses Amazon MSK, AWS Lambda, Firehose, and Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3).

**Table for Option 3: Cost estimate for running the solution using the AWS CloudFormation template that deploys Amazon MSK, Lambda, Firehose, and Amazon S3**

AWS service	Dimensions	Cost [USD]
Lambda	2,678,400 requests/month (1/sec)  128 MB of memory  500 ms/request	\$3.33
Firehose	100 records (4 KB)/second	\$36.34
Amazon S3	1 GB storage (Amazon S3 standard)	\$0.02
	<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>\$39.69 per month</b>

#### Option 4: Deploy the AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3

The following table provides a cost estimate to deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3 AWS CloudFormation template that uses Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3).

*Table for Option 4: Cost estimate for running the solution using the AWS CloudFormation template that deploys Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3*

AWS service	Dimensions	Cost [USD]
Managed Service for Apache Flink	1 processing unit	\$80.30
	50 GB running application storage	\$5.00
Amazon S3	1 GB storage (Amazon S3 standard)	\$0.02
	<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>\$85.32 per month</b>



# Security

When you build systems on AWS infrastructure, security responsibilities are shared between you and AWS. This shared model can reduce your operational burden as AWS operates, manages, and controls the components from the host operating system and virtualization layer down to the physical security of the facilities in which the services operate. For more information about security on AWS, refer to [AWS Cloud Security](#).

## IAM roles

AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) roles enable customers to assign granular access policies and permissions to services and users in the AWS Cloud. This solution creates IAM roles for communication between services. For more information, refer to [Providing Access to an AWS Service](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

## Security groups

This solution creates a security group for the Amazon Kinesis Producer Library (KPL) instance so that it can communicate with the Amazon Kinesis endpoint. This security group does not allow any inbound traffic, and the instance can only be accessed via [AWS Systems Manager Session Manager](#).

## Auditing

Each AWS service included in this solution is integrated with [AWS CloudTrail](#), which captures all API calls. For more details, refer to the following documentation.

- [Logging Managed Service for Apache Flink API Calls with AWS CloudTrail](#)
- [Logging calls to Amazon API Gateway APIs with AWS CloudTrail](#)
- [Logging AWS Lambda API calls with AWS CloudTrail](#)
- [Logging Amazon Data Firehose API Calls with AWS CloudTrail](#)

## Quotas

Service quotas, also referred to as limits, are the maximum number of service resources or operations for your AWS account.

## Quotas for AWS services in this solution

Make sure you have sufficient quota for each of the [services implemented in this solution](#). For more information, see [AWS service quotas](#).

Use the following links to go to the page for that service. To view the service quotas for all AWS services in the documentation without switching pages, view the information in the [Service endpoints and quotas](#) page in the PDF instead.

### AWS CloudFormation quotas

Your AWS account has AWS CloudFormation quotas that you should be aware of when launching the stack in this solution. By understanding these quotas, you can avoid limitation errors that would prevent you from deploying this solution successfully. For more information, see [AWS CloudFormation quotas](#) in the *AWS CloudFormation User's Guide*.

# Deploy the solution

This solution uses [AWS CloudFormation templates and stacks](#) to automate its deployment. The CloudFormation template(s) specifies(y) the AWS resources included in this solution and their properties. The CloudFormation stack provisions the resources that are described in the template(s).

## Deployment process overview

Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to configure and deploy the solution into your account.

Before you launch the solution, review the [???](#), [???](#), [???](#), and other considerations discussed earlier in this guide.

**Time to deploy:** Approximately 25-30 minutes

### Important

This solution includes an option to send anonymized operational metrics to AWS. We use this data to better understand how customers use this solution and related services and products. AWS owns the data gathered through this survey. Data collection is subject to the [Privacy Notice](#). To opt out of this feature, download the template, modify the AWS CloudFormation mapping section, and then use the AWS CloudFormation console to upload your updated template and deploy the solution. For more information, see the [the section called "Anonymized data collection"](#) section of this guide.

## Prerequisites

Choose one of the following AWS CloudFormation templates to deploy, then follow the step-by-step instructions for your selected template:

- **Option 1** - Deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk.template` AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka (Amazon MSK).
- **Option 2** - Deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda.template` AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK and AWS Lambda.

- **Option 3** - Deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-kinesis-data-firehose.template` AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, Lambda, and Amazon Data Firehose.
- **Option 4** - Deploy the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3.template` AWS CloudFormation template using Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3.

## AWS CloudFormation templates

This solution uses AWS CloudFormation to automate the deployment of the Streaming Data Solution for Amazon Amazon MSK in the AWS Cloud. You can download the following CloudFormation templates to deploy and customize to meet your needs:

[View template](#)

---

**1: `streaming-data-solution-for-msk.template`** - Use this template to launch this solution using Amazon MSK.

[View template](#)

---

**2: `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda.template`** - Use this template to launch this solution using Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka (Amazon MSK) and AWS Lambda.

[View template](#)

---

**3: `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-data-firehose.template`** - Use this template to launch the solution using Amazon MSK, Lambda, and Amazon Data Firehose.

[View template](#)

---

**4: `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3.template`** - Use this template to launch this solution using Amazon MSK, Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink, and Amazon S3.

# Option 1: Deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk CloudFormation template

Before you launch this template, review the architecture and other considerations in this guide. Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to configure and deploy the solution into your account.

**Time to deploy:** Approximately 25-30 minutes

## Deployment overview

Use the following steps to deploy this solution on AWS. For detailed instructions, follow the links for each step.

### [Step 1. Launch the stack](#)

1. Launch the AWS CloudFormation template into your AWS account.
2. Review the template parameters, and adjust if necessary.

### [Step 2. \(Optional\) Create a topic that produces and consumes data](#)

## Step 1. Launch the stack

### Note

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this solution. Refer to the [Cost](#) section for more details. For full details, refer to the pricing webpage for each AWS service used in this solution.

1. Sign in to the [AWS Management Console](#) and select the button below to launch the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk.template` AWS CloudFormation template.

[Launch solution](#)

2. The template launches in the US East (N. Virginia) Region by default. To launch this solution in a different AWS Region, use the Region selector in the console navigation bar.

**Note**

This template uses Amazon MSK, which is not currently available in all AWS Regions. You must launch this solution in an AWS Region where Amazon MSK is available. For the most current availability by Region, refer to the [AWS Regional Services List](#).

3. On the **Create stack** page, verify that the correct template URL shows in the **Amazon S3 URL** text box and choose **Next**.
4. On the **Specify stack details** page, assign a name to your solution stack. For information about naming character limitations, refer to [IAM and STS Limits](#) in the *AWS Identity and Access Management User Guide*.
5. Under **Parameters**, review the parameters for the template and modify them as necessary. This solution uses the following default values.

Parameter	Default	Description
<b>Broker configuration</b>		
<b>Apache Kafka version</b> (KafkaVersion)	2.8.1	Apache Kafka version on the brokers.
<b>Number of broker nodes</b> (NumberBrokerNodes)	3	Number of broker nodes you want in the cluster (must be a multiple of the number of subnets).
<b>Broker instance type</b> (BrokerInstanceType)	kafka.m5.large	Amazon EC2 instance type that Amazon MSK uses when it creates your brokers.
<b>Monitoring level</b> (MonitoringLevel)	DEFAULT	Level of monitoring for the cluster. The available options include DEFAULT, PER_BROKER , PER_TOPIC , PER_BROKER and

Parameter	Default	Description
		PER_TOPIC_PER_PARTITION .
<b>Amazon EBS storage volume per broker (in GiB) (EbsVolumeSize)</b>	1000	Size (in GiB) of the storage volume in each broker node. The allowed range is from 1 to 16384.
<b>Access control configuration</b>		
<b>Method Amazon MSK uses to authenticate clients (AccessControlMethod)</b>	IAM role-based authentication	The available options are Unauthenticated access, IAM role-based authentication , and SASL/SCRAM authentication .
<b>Networking configuration</b>		
<b>Cluster VPC (BrokerVpcId)</b>	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	VPC where the cluster launch.
<b>Cluster subnets (BrokerSubnetIds)</b>	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	List of subnets in which brokers are distributed (must contain between 2 and 3 items).
<b>Client configuration</b>		
<b>Instance type (ClientInstanceType)</b>	t3.small	Instance type for the client instance.
<b>Amazon Machine Image (ClientAmiId)</b>	1	Amazon Machine Image (AMI) ID for the client instance.

## 6. Choose Next.

7. On the **Configure stack options** page, choose **Next**.
8. On the **Review and create** page, review and confirm the settings. Select the box acknowledging that the template might create IAM resources.
9. Choose **Submit** to deploy the stack.

You can view the status of the stack in the AWS CloudFormation console in the **Status** column. You should receive a **CREATE\_COMPLETE** status in approximately 25 minutes.

### Note

This solution includes the `solution-helper` Lambda function, which runs only during initial configuration. This function is only created if you start the collection of operational metrics. For details, refer to [Anonymized data collection](#).

## Step 2. (Optional) Create a topic that produces and consumes data

After the stack is created, you can use the Amazon EC2 client instance to interact with the Amazon MSK cluster.

1. Sign in to the [Amazon MSK console](#) and, from the left menu pane, select **Clusters**.
2. On the **Amazon MSK** page, select `kafka-cluster-<account-id>`.
3. Choose **View client information** then copy the values for **ZooKeeper connection** and **Bootstrap servers**.
4. Navigate to the AWS Systems Manager console and, from the left menu pane under **Instances and Nodes**, select **Session Manager**.
5. On the **AWS Systems Manager** page, choose **Start session**.
6. On the **Start a session** page, select the `<KafkaClient>` and choose **Start session**.

Refer to the AWS CloudFormation **Outputs** tab for the Amazon EC2 instance ID.

7. In the console window, run the following command to create a topic:

```
sudo su
cd /home/kafka/bin
./kafka-topics.sh --create --zookeeper <ZookeeperConnectString> --replication-
factor 2 --partitions 2 --topic msk-serverless-tutorial/home/kafka/bin
```



```
./kafka-topics.sh --create --zookeeper<zookeeper-connection-string> --replication-factor 2 --partitions 2 --topic MyTopic
./kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list<broker-list> --producer.config config-file --topic MyTopic
```

### Note

The client configuration file depends on the access control method selected when launching the stack. For **Unauthenticated access**, use `client-ssl.properties`; for **IAM role-based authentication**, use `client-iam.properties`; and for **SASL/SCRAM**, use `client-sasl.properties`

## Option 2: Deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda CloudFormation template

Before you launch this template, review the architecture and other considerations in this guide. Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to configure and deploy the solution into your account.

**Time to deploy:** Approximately five minutes

### Launch the Stack

### Note

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this solution. Refer to the [Cost](#) section for more details. For full details, refer to the pricing webpage for each AWS service used in this solution.

1. Sign in to the [AWS Management Console](#) and select the button below to launch the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda AWS CloudFormation template.

[Launch solution](#)

- The template launches in the US East (N. Virginia) Region by default. To launch this solution in a different AWS Region, use the Region selector in the console navigation bar.
- On the **Create stack** page, verify that the correct template URL shows in the **Amazon S3 URL** text box and choose **Next**.
- On the **Specify stack details** page, assign a name to your solution stack. For information about naming character limitations, refer to [IAM and STS Limits](#) in the *AWS Identity and Access Management User Guide*.
- Under **Parameters**, review the parameters for the template and modify them as necessary. This solution uses the following default values.

Parameter	Default	Description
<b>AWS Lambda consumer configuration</b>		
<b>ARN of the MSK cluster</b> (ClusterArn)	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	ARN of the Amazon MSK cluster.
<b>Maximum number of items to retrieve in a single batch</b> (BatchSize)	100	The maximum number of records to retrieve in a single batch. The allowed range is from 1 to 10000.
<b>Name of a Kafka topic to consume</b> (TopicName)	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	The name of the Apache Kafka topic to consume.
<b>Secret ARN for SASL/SCRAM authentication</b> (SecretArn)	<i>&lt;Optional input&gt;</i>	ARN of the AWS Secrets Manager secret containing the sign-in credentials to be used for authentication with the cluster.

- Choose **Next**.
- On the **Configure stack options** page, choose **Next**.
- On the **Review and create** page, review and confirm the settings. Select the box acknowledging that the template might create IAM resources.

9. Choose **Submit** to deploy the stack.

You can view the status of the stack in the AWS CloudFormation console in the **Status** column. You should receive a **CREATE\_COMPLETE** status in approximately 25 minutes.

## Option 3: Deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-kinesis-data-firehose CloudFormation template

Before you launch this template, review the architecture and other considerations in this guide. Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to configure and deploy the solution into your account.

**Time to deploy:** Approximately 10 minutes

### Launch the stack

#### Note

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this solution. Refer to the [Cost](#) section for more details. For full details, refer to the pricing webpage for each AWS service used in this solution.

1. Sign in to the [AWS Management Console](#) and select the button below to launch the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-aws-lambda-and-kinesis-data-firehose AWS CloudFormation template.

**Launch solution**

The template launches in the US East (N. Virginia) Region by default. To launch this solution in a different AWS Region, use the Region selector in the console navigation bar.

2. On the **Create stack** page, verify that the correct template URL shows in the **Amazon S3 URL** text box and choose **Next**.

3. On the **Specify stack details** page, assign a name to your solution stack. For information about naming character limitations, refer to [IAM and STS Limits](#) in the *AWS Identity and Access Management User Guide*.
4. Under **Parameters**, review the parameters for the template and modify them as necessary. This solution uses the following default values.

Parameter	Default	Description
<b>AWS Lambda consumer configuration</b>		
<b>ARN of the MSK cluster (ClusterArn)</b>	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	ARN of the Amazon MSK cluster.
<b>Maximum number of items to retrieve in a single batch (BatchSize)</b>	100	The maximum number of records to retrieve in a single batch. The allowed range is from 1 to 10000 hours.
<b>Name of a Kafka topic to consume (TopicName)</b>	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	The name of the Apache Kafka topic to consume.
<b>Secret ARN for SASL/SCRAM authentication (SecretArn)</b>	<i>&lt;Optional input&gt;</i>	ARN of the AWS Secrets Manager secret containing the sign-in credentials to be used for authentication with the cluster.
<b>Amazon Data Firehose configuration</b>		
<b>Size of the buffer (in MBs) that incoming data is buffered before delivery (BufferingSize)</b>	5	The size to buffer incoming data before delivering to S3. The allowed range is from 1 to 128.

Parameter	Default	Description
<b>Length of time (in seconds) that incoming data is buffered before delivery (BufferingInterval)</b>	300	The amount of time to buffer incoming data before delivering to S3. The allowed range is from 60 to 900.
<b>Compression format for delivered data in Amazon S3 (CompressionFormat)</b>	GZIP	The format of data once it's delivered to S3. Allowed values are GZIP, HADOOP_SNAPPY , Snappy, UNCOMPRESSED , and ZIP.

5. Choose **Next**.
6. On the **Configure stack options** page, choose **Next**.
7. On the **Review and create** page, review and confirm the settings. Select the box acknowledging that the template might create IAM resources.
8. Choose **Submit** to deploy the stack.

You can view the status of the stack in the AWS CloudFormation console in the **Status** column. You should receive a **CREATE\_COMPLETE** status in approximately 25 minutes.

## Option 4: Deploy the streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3 CloudFormation template

Before you launch this template, review the architecture and other considerations in this guide. Follow the step-by-step instructions in this section to configure and deploy the solution into your account.

**Time to deploy:** Approximately 10 minutes

## Step 1. Launch the stack

### Note

You are responsible for the cost of the AWS services used while running this solution. Refer to the [Cost](#) section for more details. For full details, refer to the pricing webpage for each AWS service used in this solution.

1. Sign in to the [AWS Management Console](#) and select the button below to launch the `streaming-data-solution-for-msk-using-kinesis-data-analytics-and-amazon-s3` AWS CloudFormation template.

[Launch solution](#)

2. The template launches in the US East (N. Virginia) Region by default. To launch this solution in a different AWS Region, use the Region selector in the console navigation bar.
3. On the **Create stack** page, verify that the correct template URL shows in the **Amazon S3 URL** text box and choose **Next**.
4. On the **Specify stack details** page, assign a name to your solution stack. For information about naming character limitations, refer to [IAM and STS Limits](#) in the *AWS Identity and Access Management User Guide*.
5. Under **Parameters**, review the parameters for the template and modify them as necessary. This solution uses the following default values.

Parameter	Default	Description
<b>Amazon MSK cluster configuration</b>		
<b>ARN of the MSK cluster (ClusterArn)</b>	<i>&lt;Requires input&gt;</i>	ARN of the Amazon MSK cluster.
<b>Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink configuration</b>		
<b>Monitoring log level (LogLevel)</b>	INFO	The level of detail of the CloudWatch logs for an

Parameter	Default	Description
		application. The available options include DEBUG, ERROR, INFO, and WARN. For information about choosing a log level, refer to <a href="#">Application Monitoring Levels</a> in the <i>Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics Developer Guide</i> .

6. Choose **Next**.
7. On the **Configure stack options** page, choose **Next**.
8. On the **Review and create** page, review and confirm the settings. Select the box acknowledging that the template might create IAM resources.
9. Choose **Submit** to deploy the stack.

You can view the status of the stack in the AWS CloudFormation console in the **Status** column. You should receive a **CREATE\_COMPLETE** status in approximately 25 minutes.

## Step 2. Post-configuration steps

By default, the Studio notebook will not run after the stacks are created. Use the following process to start the Studio notebook.

1. Sign in to the Amazon Kinesis console and, from the left menu pane, select **Analytics applications**.
2. On the **Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink** page, go to the **Studio** tab, and select `Kda<studio-notebook-name>`.
3. Choose **Run**.

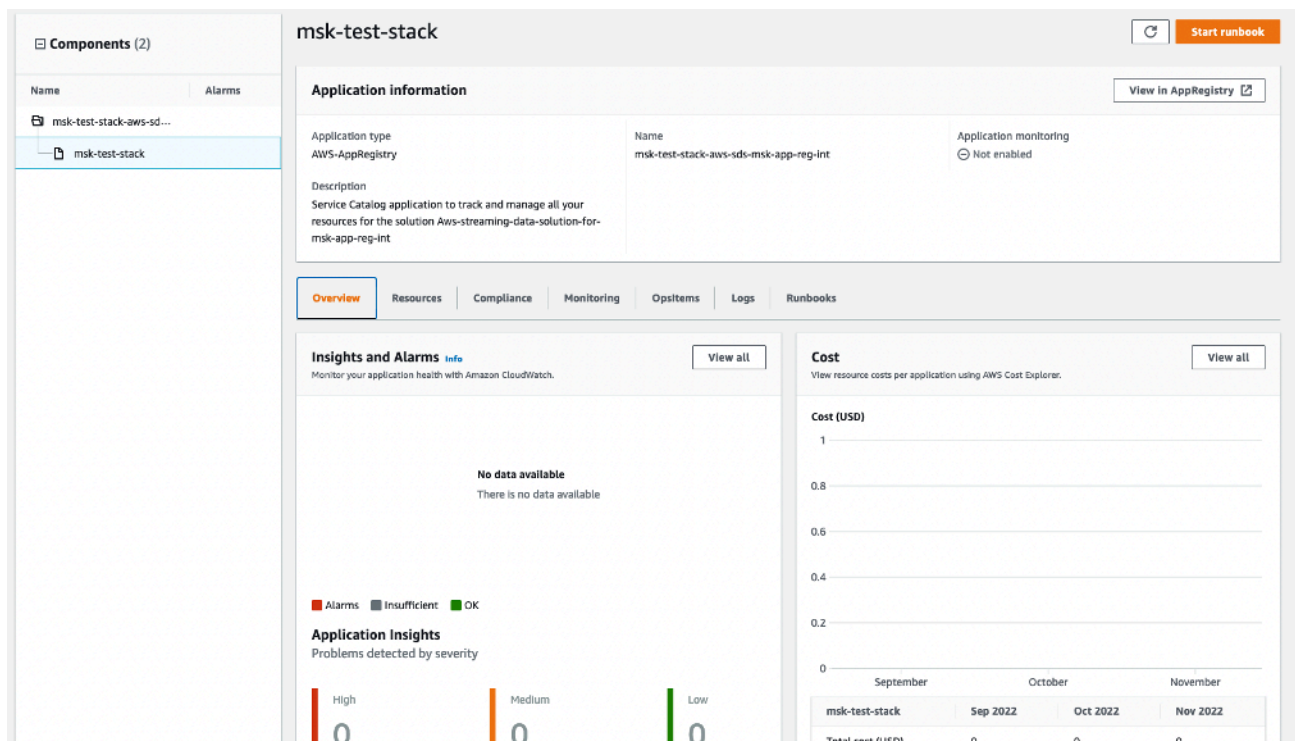
# Monitor the solution with AWS Service Catalog AppRegistry

The Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK solution includes a Service Catalog AppRegistry resource to register the CloudFormation template and underlying resources as an application in both [AWS Service Catalog AppRegistry](#) and [AWS Systems Manager Application Manager](#).

AWS Systems Manager Application Manager gives you an application-level view into this solution and its resources so that you can:

- Monitor its resources, costs for the deployed resources across stacks and AWS accounts, and logs associated with this solution from a central location.
- View operations data for the resources of this solution in the context of an application, such as deployment status, CloudWatch alarms, resource configurations, and operational issues.

The following figure depicts an example of the application view for the Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK stack in Application Manager.



## Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK Application Manager



**Note**

AWS Cost Explorer must be activated. It is not activated by default.

## Activate CloudWatch Application Insights

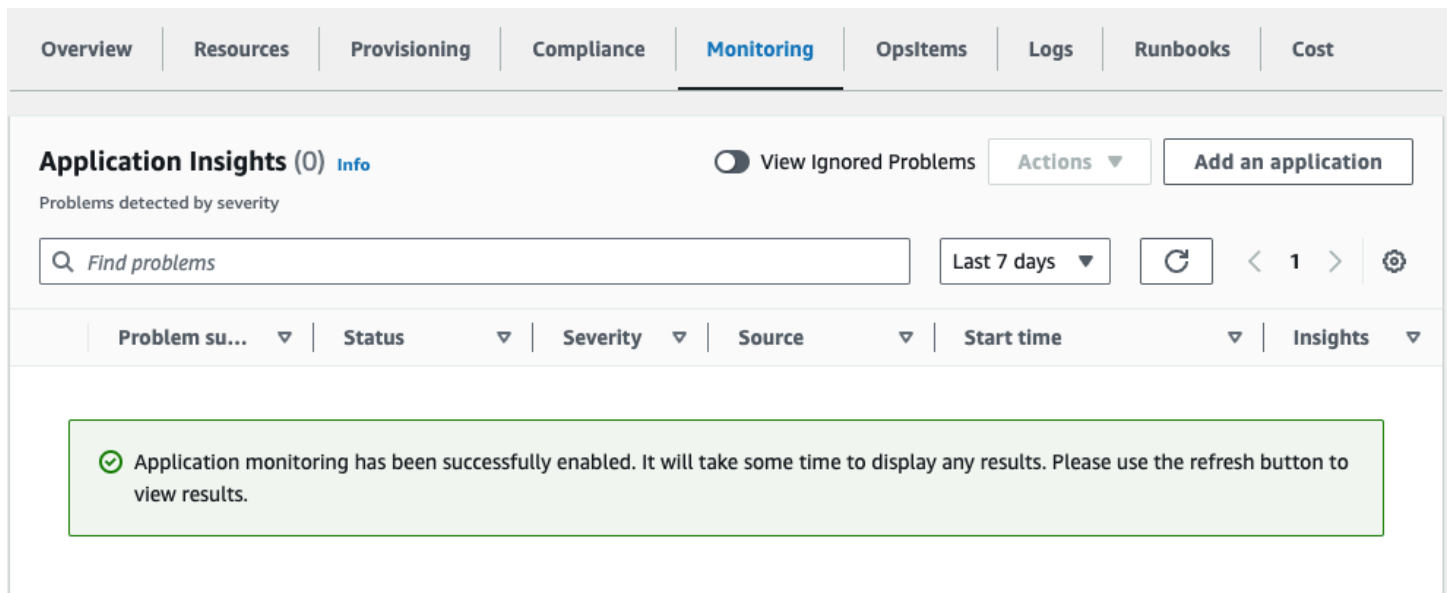
1. Sign in to the [Systems Manager console](#).
2. In the navigation pane, choose **Application Manager**.
3. In **Applications**, search for the application name for this solution and select it.

The application name will have App Registry in the **Application Source** column, and will have a combination of the solution name, Region, account ID, or stack name.

4. In the **Components** tree, choose the application stack you want to activate.
5. In the **Monitoring** tab, in **Application Insights**, select **Auto-configure Application Insights**.

The screenshot shows the AWS Systems Manager console interface for Application Insights. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Overview, Resources, Provisioning, Compliance, Monitoring (selected), OpsItems, Logs, Runbooks, and Cost. Below the tabs, the main content area is titled 'Application Insights (0) Info'. It features a search bar with the placeholder text 'Find problems', a 'View Ignored Problems' toggle switch, and an 'Add an application' button. Below the search bar, there is a table with columns: Problem su..., Status, Severity, Source, Start time, and Insights. The table is currently empty. Below the table, a message states 'Advanced monitoring is not enabled' and provides instructions on how to onboard an application. An 'Auto-configure Application Insights' button is visible at the bottom of the message box.

Monitoring for your applications is now activated and the following status box appears:



Overview | Resources | Provisioning | Compliance | **Monitoring** | OpsItems | Logs | Runbooks | Cost

**Application Insights (0)** [Info](#)  View Ignored Problems **Actions** ▾ **Add an application**

Problems detected by severity

Find problems  Last 7 days ▾  < 1 >

Problem su... ▾ | Status ▾ | Severity ▾ | Source ▾ | Start time ▾ | Insights ▾

✔ Application monitoring has been successfully enabled. It will take some time to display any results. Please use the refresh button to view results.

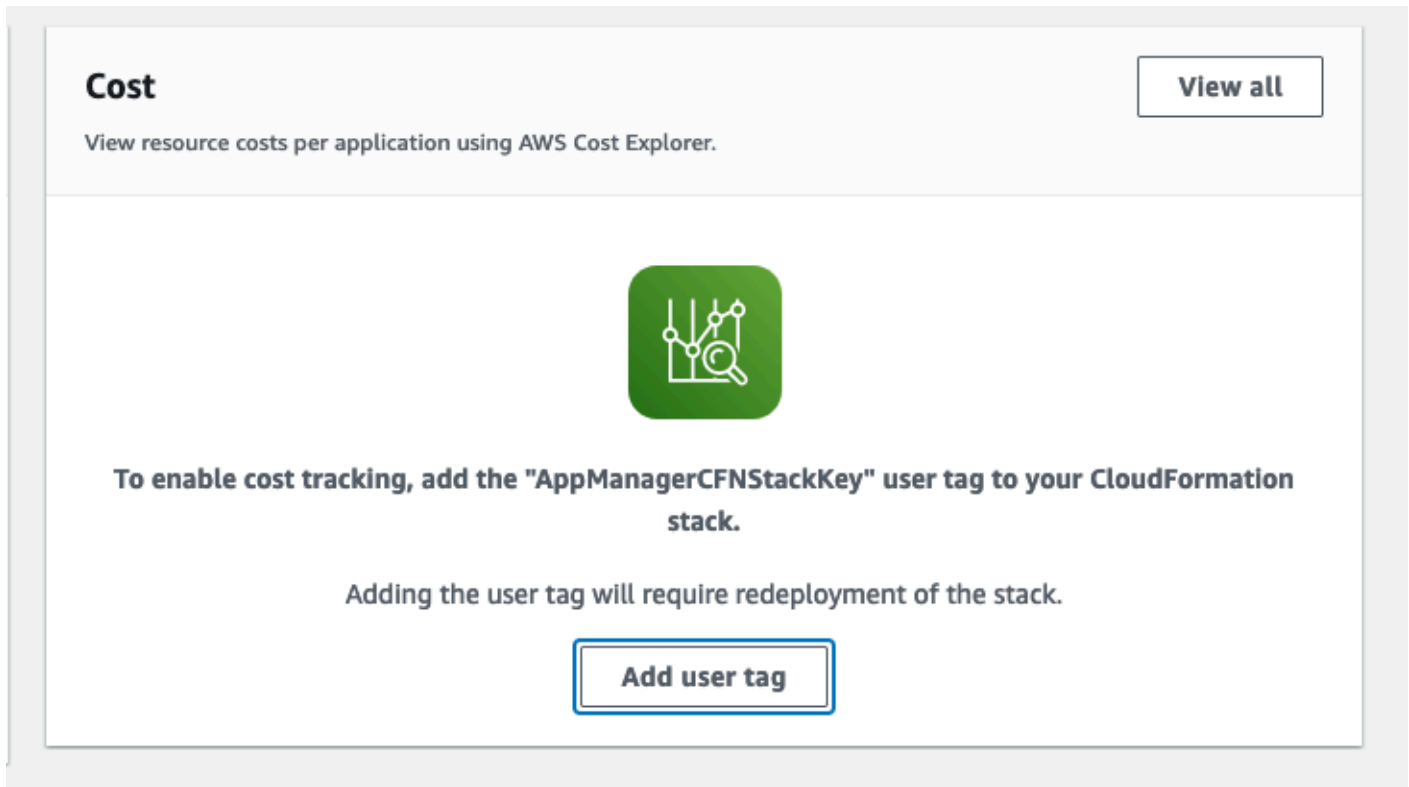
## Confirm cost tags associated with the solution

After you activate cost allocation tags associated with the solution, you must confirm the cost allocation tags to see the costs for this solution. To confirm cost allocation tags:

1. Sign in to the [Systems Manager console](#).
2. In the navigation pane, choose **Application Manager**.
3. In **Applications**, choose the application name for this solution and select it.

The application name will have **App Registry** in the **Application Source** column, and will have a combination of the solution name, Region, account ID, or stack name.

4. In the **Overview** tab, in **Cost**, select **Add user tag**.



5. On the **Add user tag** page, enter `confirm`, then select **Add user tag**.

The activation process can take up to 24 hours to complete and the tag data to appear.

## Activate cost allocation tags associated with the solution

After you confirm the cost tags associated with this solution, you must activate the cost allocation tags to see the costs for this solution. The cost allocation tags can only be activated from the management account for the organization.

To activate cost allocation tags:

1. Sign in to the [AWS Billing and Cost Management and Cost Management console](#).
2. In the navigation pane, select **Cost Allocation Tags**.
3. On the **Cost allocation tags** page, filter for the `AppManagerCFNStackKey` tag, then select the tag from the results shown.
4. Choose **Activate**.

## AWS Cost Explorer

You can see the overview of the costs associated with the application and application components within the Application Manager console through integration with AWS Cost Explorer. Cost Explorer helps you manage costs by providing a view of your AWS resource costs and usage over time.

1. Sign in to the [AWS Cost Management console](#).
2. In the navigation menu, select **Cost Explorer** to view the solution's costs and usage over time.

# Troubleshooting

If you need help with this solution, contact AWS Support to open a support case for this solution.

## Contact AWS Support

If you have [AWS Developer Support](#), [AWS Business Support](#), or [AWS Enterprise Support](#), you can use the Support Center to get expert assistance with this solution. The following sections provide instructions.

### Create case

1. Sign in to [Support Center](#).
2. Choose **Create case**.

### How can we help?

1. Choose **Technical**.
2. For **Service**, select **Solutions**.
3. For **Category**, select **Other Solutions**.
4. For **Severity**, select the option that best matches your use case.
5. When you enter the **Service**, **Category**, and **Severity**, the interface populates links to common troubleshooting questions. If you can't resolve your question with these links, choose **Next step: Additional information**.

### Additional information

1. For **Subject**, enter text summarizing your question or issue.
2. For **Description**, describe the issue in detail.
3. Choose **Attach files**.
4. Attach the information that AWS Support needs to process the request.

## Help us resolve your case faster

1. Enter the requested information.
2. Choose **Next step: Solve now or contact us**.

## Solve now or contact us

1. Review the **Solve now** solutions.
2. If you can't resolve your issue with these solutions, choose **Contact us**, enter the requested information, and choose **Submit**.

# Uninstall the solution

You can uninstall the Streaming Data Solution for Amazon MSK using the AWS Management Console or the AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI). The CloudWatch dashboard (along with any changes made directly to CloudWatch) is deleted with the solution stack. However, the Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) bucket and Amazon CloudWatch Logs created by this solution must be manually deleted.

## Using the AWS Management Console

1. Sign in to the [AWS CloudFormation console](#).
2. On the **Stacks** page, select the solution stack.
3. Choose **Delete**.

## Using AWS Command Line Interface

Determine whether AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI) is available in your environment. For installation instructions, refer to [What Is the AWS Command Line Interface](#) in the *AWS CLI User Guide*. After confirming the AWS CLI is available, run the following command.

```
$ aws cloudformation delete-stack --stack-name <cloudformation-stack-name>
```

Replace *<cloudformation-stack-name>* with the name of your CloudFormation stack.

## Deleting the Amazon S3 buckets

To prevent against accidental data loss, this solution is configured to retain the Amazon S3 buckets if you choose to delete the AWS CloudFormation stack. After uninstalling the solution, you can manually delete the S3 buckets if you do not need to retain the data. Use the following procedure to delete the Amazon S3 buckets.

1. Sign in to the [Amazon S3 console](#).
2. Choose **Buckets** from the left navigation pane.
3. Locate the *<stack-name>* S3 buckets.
4. Select one of the S3 buckets and choose **Delete**.

Repeat the steps until you have deleted all the *<stack-name>* S3 buckets.

Alternatively, you can configure the AWS CloudFormation template to delete the Amazon S3 buckets automatically. Before deleting the stack, change the deletion behavior in the AWS CloudFormation [DeletionPolicy attribute](#).

## Deleting the CloudWatch Logs

This solution retains the CloudWatch Logs if you decide to delete the AWS CloudFormation stack to prevent against accidental data loss. After uninstalling the solution, you can manually delete the logs if you do not need to retain the data. Use the following procedure to delete the CloudWatch Logs.

1. Sign in to the [Amazon CloudWatch console](#).
2. Choose **Log Groups** from the left navigation pane.
3. Locate the log groups created by the solution.
4. Select one of the log groups.
5. Choose **Actions** and then choose **Delete**.

Repeat the steps until you have deleted all the solution log groups.



## Developer guide

This section provides the source code for this solution.

### Source code

Visit our [GitHub repository](#) to download the source files for this solution and to share your customizations with others.

The [AWS Cloud Development Kit \(AWS CDK\)](#) generates the Streaming Data Solution for Amazon Kinesis templates. See the [README.md file](#) for additional information.

## Reference

This section includes information about an optional feature for collecting unique metrics for this solution, pointers to [related resources](#), and a [list of builders](#) who contributed to this solution.

### Anonymized data collection

This solution includes an option to send anonymized operational metrics to AWS. We use this data to better understand how customers use this solution and related services and products. When enabled, the following information is collected and sent to AWS:

- **Solution ID** - The AWS solution identifier
- **Unique ID (UUID)** - Randomly generated, unique identifier for each solution deployment
- **Timestamp** - The UTC formatted timestamp of when the event occurred
- **Data** - The Region where the stack launched, request type (whether the stack was created, updated, or deleted), and details about the option chosen (for example, shard count, whether enhanced monitoring was enabled, buffering size, etc.). For example:

```
{'Pattern': 'KdsKdfS3', 'RetentionHours': '24',  
'CompressionFormat': 'GZIP', 'BufferingInterval': '300',  
'ShardCount': '2', 'EnhancedMonitoring': 'false', 'Version': 'v1.2.0',  
'BufferingSize': '5', 'Region': 'us-east-1', 'RequestType': 'Create'}
```

Note that AWS owns the data gathered through this survey. Data collection is subject to the [AWS Privacy Policy](#). To opt out of this feature, modify the AWS CloudFormation template mapping section:

1. Download the AWS CloudFormation template to your local hard drive.
2. Open the AWS CloudFormation template with a text editor.
3. Modify the AWS CloudFormation template mapping section from:

```
"Send" : {  
  "AnonymousUsage" : { "Data" : "Yes" }  
},
```

to:

```
"Send" : {  
  "AnonymousUsage" : { "Data" : "No" }  
},
```

4. Sign in to the [AWS CloudFormation console](#).
5. Select **Create stack**.
6. On the **Create stack** page, **Specify template** section, select **Upload a template file**.
7. Under **Upload a template file**, choose **Choose file** and select the edited template from your local drive.
8. Choose **Next** and follow the steps in Launch the stack in the Automated deployment section of this guide.

## Additional resources

### AWS documentation

Best practices for monitoring and data protection:

- [Security in Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka](#)
- [Using Lambda with Amazon MSK](#)
- [Controlling Access to Apache ZooKeeper](#)
- [Security in Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink](#)
- [Viewing Managed Service for Apache Flink Metrics and Dimensions](#)

### Amazon MSK Labs

- The [Amazon MSK Labs](#) are a learning resource that take you through getting started, a use case example of ingesting and analyzing real-time clickstream data, and best practices for migrating your self-managed Apache Kafka cluster to Amazon MSK. They also showcase how to leverage advanced Amazon MSK features (such Cruise Control, TLS mutual authentication, and open monitoring), which can be applied to clusters created using the solution.

## Contributors

- Mukit Bin Momin

- Tarek Abdunabi
- Daniel Pinheiro
- Morris Estepa
- Abhay Joshi

# Revisions

Date	Change
November 2020	Initial release
January 2021	Release v1.3.0: Added support for Apache Kafka 2.7.0; added pattern for integration between Amazon MSK and Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
April 2021	Release v1.4.0: Added new parameter that specifies the size for the storage in each of the broker nodes; Added support for partition-level monitoring. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
May 2021	Release v1.4.1: Added Support for Apache Kafka versions 2.8.0 and 2.6.2. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
July 2021	Release v1.5.0: Added support for IAM access control and SASL/SCRAM authentication; Added support for Apache Kafka version 2.7.1; Fixed location of GitHub repository for MSK Labs assets. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
November 2021	Release v1.6.0: Added support for clusters secured by IAM Access Control in options 2 and 3; Updated option 4 to use Amazon Managed Service for Apache Flink Studio, which offers a serverless notebook to perform live data exploration. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
July 2022	Release v1.6.1: Security updates for the Gson package and the minimist and vm2 npm packages. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.

Date	Change
September 2022	Release v1.6.2: Security patch for vm2 npm package. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
November 2022	Release v1.7.0: Npm security patches. Application Registry integration. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
December 2022	Release v1.7.1: Removed "AWS" prefix from Service Catalog AppRegistry and Attribute Group Name to correct a common error. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
January 2023	Release v1.7.2: Security patch. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
April 2023	Release v1.7.3: Security patching for npm packages. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
April 2023	Release v1.7.4: Mitigated impact caused by new default settings for S3 Object Ownership (ACLs disabled) for all new S3 buckets. Security patching for maven packages. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
April 2023	Release v1.7.5: Security patching for npm packages. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
May 2023	Release v1.7.6: Minor updates and bug fixes. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.

Date	Change
June 2023	Release v1.7.7: Security patching for npm packages. Update logical ID of AppRegistry resources to prevent CloudFormation stack update failures. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
July 2023	Release v1.7.8: Security patching for Python packages. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in GitHub repository for details.
September 2023	Release v1.8.0: Migrate to new SDKs. Upgrade Lambda runtimes. Security patches. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
October 2023	Release v1.8.1: Security patch. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
November 2023	Documentation update: Added <a href="#">Confirm cost tags associated with the solution</a> to the Monitoring the solution with AWS Service Catalog AppRegistry section.
February 2024	Release v1.9.0: Upgrade Apache Flink and MSK. Encrypt data at-rest in Glue Data Catalog. Upgrade Lambda runtimes. Security patches. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
June 2024	Release v1.9.1: Onboarded to CloudFormation Guard scanning. Upgraded and patched dependencies. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
August 2024	Release v1.9.2: Security patch. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
September 2024	Release v1.9.3: Updated package versions to resolve security vulnerabilities. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.

Date	Change
October 2024	Release v1.9.4: Security patch. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
October 2024	Release v1.9.5: Updated package versions to resolve security vulnerabilities. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.
December 2024	Release v1.9.6: Updated package versions to resolve security vulnerabilities. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">CHANGELOG.md</a> file in the GitHub repository.



## Notices

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