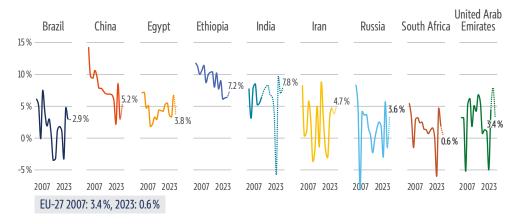




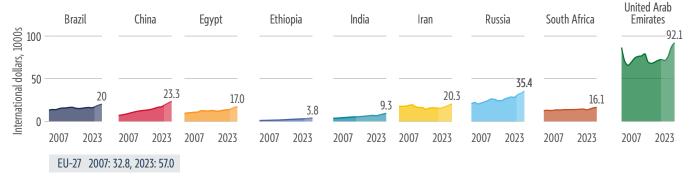
# BRICS+: Economic indicators and trade with EU

### Gross domestic product (GDP) annual growth (%)





## GDP per capita (purchasing power parity, international dollars, 1000s)

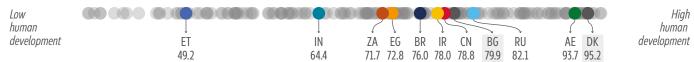


Purchasing power parity (PPP) is the rate that converts the currency of one country into that of another country to equalise the price of the same basket of goods and services in each country.

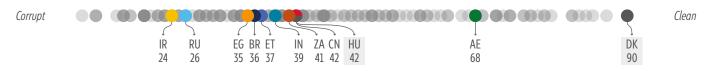
The explanation of PPP exchange rates and their application for the conversion into international dollars used in the time series can be found in the <a href="MF WEO">IMF WEO</a> frequently asked questions section.

#### Business environment and socio-economic indicators

The **Human Development Index** (HDI, 2021) measures average achievement in key dimensions of human development. It is based on life expectancy at birth, average duration of education and GDP per capita. It ranges from 0 to 100. 'High human development countries' (UN) are in the range between 70 and 80. EU Member States with the highest and lowest values are included for comparison.



The **Corruption Perception Index** (2022) measures perceived levels of public sector corruption worldwide. Scores range from 0 (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean). EU Member States with the highest and lowest values are included for comparison.

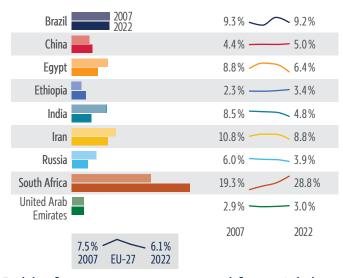


**EPRS | European Parliamentary Research Service** 

**EUI | European University Institute** 

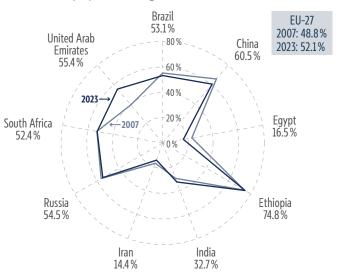
## Total unemployment rate

Total, % of labour force



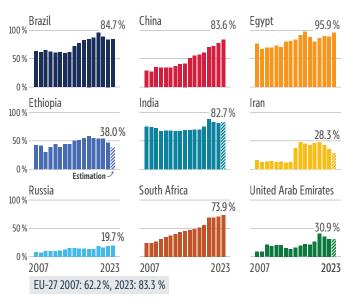
# Female labour force participation rate

% of female population aged 15+

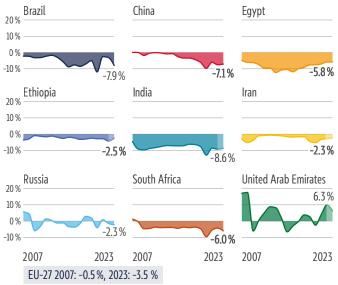


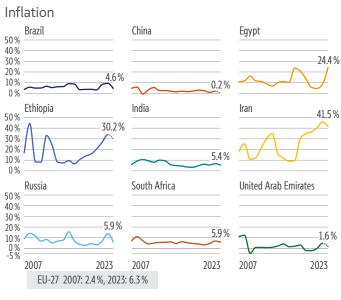
## Public finances, monetary and financial data

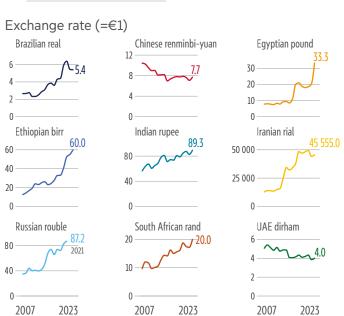
Public gross debt (% of GDP)



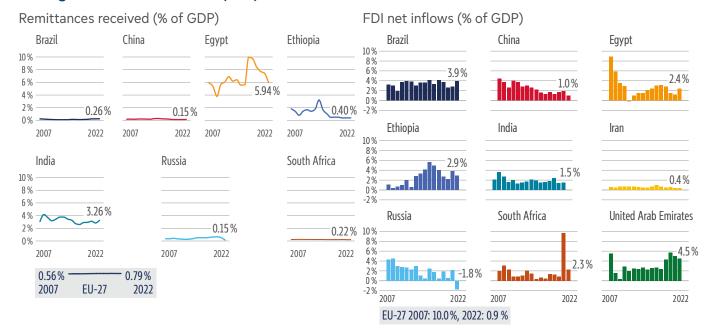
#### Budget surplus/deficit (% of GDP)



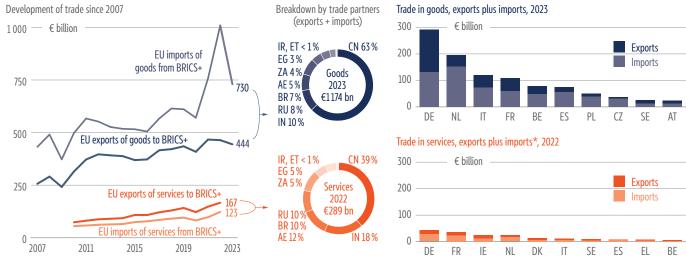




# Foreign direct investment (FDI) and remittances



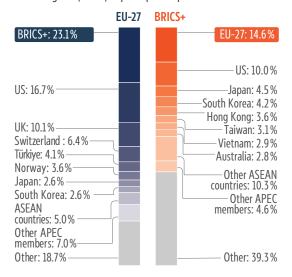
#### EU trade with BRICS+



<sup>\*</sup>Note: The graph on top EU partners in services (bottom right) does not include data from Germany on AE (exports and imports), on ET, IR, ZA (imports); from Ireland on AE (exports), on ET (imports); from Spain on AE, ET, IR (exports and imports), on IN (imports) and from Malta on ET (exports).

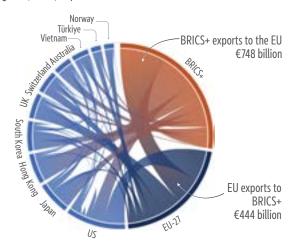
# Main trading partners

Trade in goods, 2023, exports plus imports



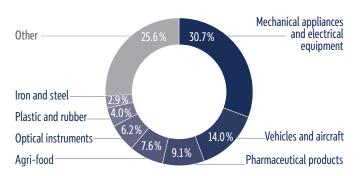
# Trade flows between main partners

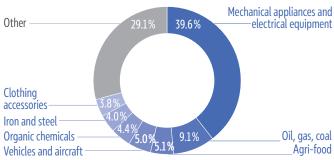
Trade flows between top 10 partners of the EU and of BRICS+ trade in goods, 2023, exports value



#### EU exports of goods to BRICS+ (2023)

# EU imports of goods from BRICS+ (2023)





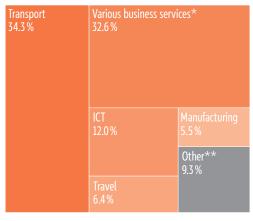
# EU exports of services to BRICS+ (2022)

# EU imports of services from BRICS+ (2022)

2022

Transport 37.1%	Various business services* 20.4% Intellectual property 10.0%	
Information, computer and		
telecommunication (ICT) 20.8%	Travel 6.0%	Other** 5.6%

2022



**Notes:** There are no data on AE, ET and IR. \*Various business services (both exports and imports): legal, accounting, consulting, public relations, research and development, architectural, engineering, scientific, advertising, market research, public opinion, trade-related, operating leasing, waste treatment, de-pollution. \*\*Other (both exports and imports): maintenance and repair, insurance and pensions, construction, government goods and services, personal, financial, cultural and recreational; (only exports) manufacturing; (only imports) intellectual property.

#### Notes

The GlobalStat database is a project of the European University Institute's Global Governance Programme (Italy). It was developed in cooperation with and supported by initial funding from the Francisco Manuel dos Santos Foundation (Portugal).

Data sources for page 1: GDP figures are from IMF WEO (BRICS+ and EU, April 2024); HDI is from UNDP (March 2024). CPI is from Transparency International (January 2024).

Data sources for page 2: unemployment and female labour force participation data are from the World Bank WDI based on ILO KILM (May 2024); public gross debt, budget surplus and deficit,

inflation figures are from IMF WEO (BRICS+ and EU, April 2024); exchange rates are from Eurostat (May 2024).

Data sources for page 3: foreign direct investment and remittances data are from the World Bank (May 2024); EU trade with BRICS+, top EU partners (goods), EU main trading partners are from Comext Eurostat (May 2024); trade in services are from Eurostat (May 2024); top EU partners: Belgium (BE), Bulgaria (BG), Czechia (CZ), Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), Estonia (EE), Ireland

Comext Eurostat (May 2024); trade in services are from Eurostat (May 2024); top EU partners: Belgium (BE), Bulgaria (BG), Czechia (CZ), Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), Estonia (EE), Ireland (IE), Greece (EL), Spain (ES), France (FR), Croatia (HR), Italy (IT), Cyprus (CY), Latvia (LV), Lithuania (LT), Luxembourg (LU), Hungary (HU), Malta (MT), Netherlands (NL), Austria (AT), Poland (PL), Portugal (PT), Romania (RO), Slovenia (SI), Slovakia (SK), Finland (FI), Sweden (SE). BRICS+ main trading partners and trade flows between main partners are from IMF (June 2024); EU main trading partners 'ASEAN'= Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar/Burma, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam; 'Other APEC'= Australia, Canada, Chile, Hong Kong, Mexico, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Taiwan; BRICS+ main trading partners 'Other ASEAN'= Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar/Burma, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand; 'Other APEC'= Canada, Chile, Mexico, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Peru.

Trade statistics of countries with big ports tend to be over-represented due to transit goods (Rotterdam effect).

Data sources for page 4: EU exports of goods to BRICS+ (%) and EU imports of goods from BRICS+ (%) are from Comext Eurostat (May 2024). EU exports of services to BRICS+ (%) and EU imports of services from BRICS+ (%) are from Eurostat (May 2024).

Data collected between June and July 2024.

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