

**Question for oral answer O-000110/2016
to the Commission**

Rule 128

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Subject: Health risks related to consumption of vegetable oil, in particular palm oil

EFSA recently concluded that there is sufficient evidence that glycidyl fatty acid esters - contaminants formed during the processing of refined vegetable oils - are genotoxic and carcinogenic.

The highest levels of glycidyl fatty acid esters were found in palm oils and palm fats.

According to EFSA, babies are exposed to up to ten times the acceptable levels through infant formulas.

Although levels of glycidyl fatty acid esters in palm oils and fats have halved in the past six years, palm oil remains the biggest contributor for most individuals. Present in snacks, biscuits, bread sticks, crackers and dozens of other foods and children's foods, palm oil is a potential health concern, especially for children and young people as well as for all who consume foods rich in palm fatty acids.

In view of the above, can the Commission state:

- how it intends to manage the potential risks for consumers from exposure to these substances in food;
- whether it intends to adopt regulatory measures to limit the presence of risky compounds in palm oil, in order to protect human health?

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Deadline for reply: 13.9.2016