

**Priority question for written answer P-002943/2024  
to the Commission**  
Rule 144  
**Morten Løkkegaard (Renew)**

Subject: E-commerce platforms as ‘deemed importers’

1. The ongoing revision of the Union Customs Code (COM(2023)0258), the removal of the customs de minimis threshold (COM(2023)0259) and the EU’s VAT Directive (COM(2023)0262) entail the definition of e-commerce platforms being changed to ‘deemed importers’. What does this change mean in practice?
2. The proposals also include the following: ‘E-commerce playing field is levelled with traditional trade. The revised processes allow e-commerce actors to provide financial and non-financial information in a simpler manner and make them liable for it’.<sup>1</sup> Does this mean that e-commerce platforms now have to provide data and be liable for that information, for example on chemical content, safety aspects and other EU legislation?
3. With that in mind, and with the revisions being made to the legislation in question, can we take it that the days of e-commerce platforms sending goods to the EU that compromise consumer safety are over?

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<sup>1</sup> COM(2023)0258, Proposal for a regulation establishing the Union Customs Code and European Union Customs Authority, and repealing Regulation (EU) No 952/2013, p. 12.