European Parliament

2024-2029



Plenary sitting

B10-0095/2024 } B10-0096/2024 } B10-0097/2024 } B10-0098/2024 } B10-0099/2024 } B10-0100/2024 }

RC1

9.10.2024

JOINT MOTION FOR A RESOLUTION

pursuant to Rules 150(5) and 136(4) of the Rules of Procedure

replacing the following motions:

B10-0095/2024 (The Left)

B10-0096/2024 (Verts/ALE)

B10-0097/2024 (Renew)

B10-0098/2024 (S&D)

B10-0099/2024 (PPE)

B10-0100/2024 (ECR)

on the case of Bülent Mumay in Türkiye (2024/2856(RSP))

Sebastião Bugalho, Isabel Wiseler-Lima, Michael Gahler, Luděk Niedermayer, Ana Miguel Pedro, Mirosława Nykiel, Marta Wcisło, Vangelis Meimarakis, Danuše Nerudová, Tomáš Zdechovský, Nicolás Pascual De La Parte, Jörgen Warborn, Željana Zovko, Miriam Lexmann,

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PE764.113v01-00 } PE764.114v01-00 } PE764.115v01-00 } PE764.116v01-00 } PE764.117v01-00 } PE764.118v01-00 } RC1 **Inese Vaidere**

on behalf of the PPE Group

Yannis Maniatis, Francisco Assis, Nacho Sánchez Amor, Nikos Papandreou

on behalf of the S&D Group

Rihards Kols, Ondřej Krutílek, Ivaylo Valchev, Assita Kanko, Emmanouil Fragkos, Sebastian Tynkkynen, Waldemar Tomaszewski, Veronika Vrecionová

on behalf of the ECR Group

Lucia Yar, Petras Auštrevičius, Helmut Brandstätter, Benoit Cassart, Olivier Chastel, Engin Eroglu, Svenja Hahn, Karin Karlsbro, Moritz Körner, Nathalie Loiseau, Jan-Christoph Oetjen, Hilde Vautmans on behalf of the Renew Group

Vladimir Prebilič

on behalf of the Verts/ALE Group

Isabel Serra Sánchez

on behalf of The Left Group

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European Parliament resolution on the case of Bülent Mumay in Türkiye (2024/2856(RSP))

The European Parliament,

- having regard to its previous reports and resolutions on Türkiye,
- having regard to the 2024 World Press Freedom Index, which ranks Türkiye 158th out of 180 countries,
- having regard to Rules 150(5) and 136(4) of its Rules of Procedure,
- A. whereas, on 6 May 2023, Bülent Mumay, a Turkish journalist and coordinator of the Istanbul bureau of Deutsche Welle's Turkish editorial office, was sentenced to 20 months in prison for social media posts about a pro-government company's seizure of Istanbul Municipality's subway funds during the AKP administration; whereas his appeal was rejected, and his tweets removed;
- B. whereas, on 20 August 2024, Istanbul's 26th Regional Court, acting as an appeals court, upheld the sentence and ordered the Information and Communication Technologies Authority to block access to news reports about the upheld prison sentence;
- C. whereas the verdict, coupled with repeated censorship, demonstrates the escalating pressure on press freedom in Türkiye, with Bülent Mumay's case not being an isolated incident but part of a broader pattern of judicial harassment and censorship targeting Türkiye's independent media;
- D. whereas Türkiye, as a member of the Council of Europe and EU candidate country, is required to apply the highest democratic standards and practices, including respect for human rights, the rule of law, fundamental freedoms (such as press freedom and freedom of expression), the universal right to a fair trial and strict respect for the principle of presumption of innocence and the right to due process;
- 1. Condemns the sentence against Bülent Mumay, which follows a broader pattern of silencing critical journalism; calls on the Turkish authorities to drop the charges against Bülent Mumay, and all arbitrarily detained media workers and journalists;
- 2. Is deeply concerned about the ongoing deterioration of democratic standards in Türkiye, relentless crackdown on any critical voices and targeting of independent journalists, activists and opposition members amid frequent reports of legal intimidation, censorship and financial coercion as ways to suppress criticism and investigative journalism;
- 3. Deplores the fact that, the Turkish Government, through a number of laws, including the 2020 social media law, the 2021 anti-money laundering law, and the 2022 disinformation law, has built a complex web of legislation serving as a tool to systematically control and silence journalists; is highly concerned about the new

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- 'foreign agent regulation' to be introduced by the end of 2024;
- 4. Continues to condemn the lack of independence of the prosecution and judiciary and the political instrumentalisation of the judicial system in Türkiye and calls on the Turkish authorities to restore judicial independence, respect press freedom and ensure compliance with international human rights obligations;
- 5. Calls on the EEAS to adequately support the EU Delegation to Türkiye in intensifying trial observation of detained journalists and media workers and raising their cases with the Turkish authorities at all levels, while maintaining close relations with civil society;
- 6. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council, the Commission, the EEAS, and the President, Government and Parliament of Türkiye and have it translated into Turkish.

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