

Financial Results Briefing for FY2024

Achieved the FY2025 OP target of ¥25.0bn one year in advance; Aim for OP CAGR 25% growth

November 13, 2024 79th Investor Meeting

Mr. Ainoura: I would like to start the FY2024 financial results meeting.

Safe Harbor Statement for Forward Looking Statements

The contents of this document is based on generally recognized economic and social conditions, as well as certain assumptions judged to reasonable by GMO Payment Gateway as of November 13, 2024. Please note that the contents are subject to change without prior notice in the event of changes in the business environment, etc.

GMO-PG : GMO Payment Gateway

GMO-EP : GMO Epsilon

GMO-MR : GMO Medical Reservation Technology

GMO-PS : GMO Payment Service
GMO-FG : GMO Financial Gate
GMO-CAS : GMO Card System

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Merchandise EC : Apparel, food/beverage, cosmetic/health food, delivery/newspaper,

daily goods/office supplies and C2C, etc.

Non-merchandise EC : Digital content/telecommunication, utility, travel/ticket, insurance,

membership fees/services, etc.

PF : Platform

MSB : Money Service Business
BaaS : Banking as a Service
GMP : Global major players

CP : Stands for Card Present transaction and refers to payments made at bricks-and-mortar stores

by physically presenting a credit card or other non-cash devices.

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Agenda

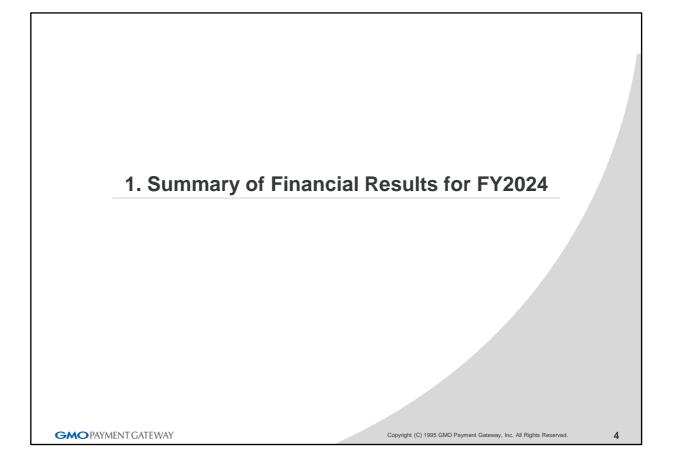
- 1. Summary of Financial Results for FY2024
- 2. FY2025 Earnings Guidance
- 3. Growth Strategy and Initiatives in Focus Areas
- 4. Sustainability
- 5. Financial Highlights and Reference Materials

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This is the agenda – I will speak for about 40 minutes on the earnings summary, earnings guidance, growth strategies and initiatives in focus areas. The Q&A session will follow afterward.



1.1 Summary of Consolidated Results Revenue up 16.9%, OP up 24.0% and in line, dividends increased by ¥21 versus plans FY2024 FY2023 FY2024 Q4 FY2024 (¥ mil) % YoY Guidance Full year results Full year results (% YoY) (Progress ratio) 73,286 19,588 Revenue 63,119 73,785 +16.9% (100.7%) (+21.5%)45,496 12,771 **Gross Profit** 39.985 48,103 +20.3% (105.7%) (+25.2%)25,000 5,668 **Operating Profit** 20,312 25,187 +24.0% (100.7%)(+32.1%)23,904 5,626 20,636 27,504 **Pre-tax Profit** +33.3% (115.1%) (+20.2%)Profit 4,456 15,523 13,475 18,705 +38.8% Attributable to owners of (120.5%) (+50.6%)parent ¥116 +¥27 ¥89 Ordinary Dividend (¥21 higher ¥8 +¥8 Special per share Total than plans) ¥89 ¥124 +¥35 Operating Stores*1*2 Consol. TRX Volume Consol. TRX Value Operating terminals*1 Q4 FY2024*1*3 Q4 FY2024*1 End-Q4 F2024 Online payment 156,575 (+6.8%) ≒1.7bn (+13.6%) ≒¥3.1 trn (+16.7%) KPI (% YoY) **CP** payment 375,348 (+25.6%) ≒0.28 bn (+60.3%) ≒¥1.8 trn (+46.6%)

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≒1.98 bn (+18.4%)

≒¥4.9 trn (+26.1%)

First, the numbers for the full year ending September 2024.

Consolidated

Revenue was ¥73.7 billion, up 16.9% YoY and 0.7% above plans

Gross profit was ¥48.1 billion, up 20.3% YoY and 5.7% above plans

OP was ¥25.1 billion, up 24.0% YoY and 0.7% above plans

Pretax profit was ¥27.5 billion, up 33.3% YoY and 15.1% above plans

Net profit was ¥18.7 billion, up 38.8% and 20.5% above plans

For Q4 (Jul-Sep 2024), revenue grew 21.5% YoY, gross profit by 25% YoY and OP by 32% YoY, showing that current earnings are trending favorably. We would like to distribute full year dividends of ¥124 per share which is ¥21 higher than planned.

¹¹ The figure for operating stores is for GMO-PG and GMO-EP, and the figures for operating terminals are for GMO-FG which includes the number of terminal-free active IDs and excludes GMO-PG's GMO Cashless Platform.
Online payment TRX volume and value figures are the sum totals for GMO-PG, GMO-EP, GMO-PS and GMO-FG and GMO-FG CP payment TRX volume and value are the sum totals for GMO-FG and GMO-PG's GMO Cashless Platform.
21 The standards for recognition of the number of operating stores has been revised from of VFY2023. Figures exclude a specified as pacified WIND. It included, the number of operating stores has been revised from of VFY2023. Figures exclude a specified would be 189,884 stores, up 3 TRX volume is calculated based on fee revenue standards, which in the case of online consists of multiple (1 to 3) transactions per payment including authorization (tentative sales proceeds) and actual sales proceeds. CP transaction volume is ba

1.2 FY2024 Wrap-up All consolidated subsidiaries make progress in strengthening business foundation Highlights "Low"lights (→ Addressed) · Revenue & OP achieved plans Consol. Reached 2025 OP target of ¥25.0 bn one year earlier · Received new issuer rating of "A-" from R&I · Online GMV up +14.0% YoY Non-consol, PG revenue missed plans by 0.8% Beats market stats by 4.9pt In particular, deceleration in SME sector · Processing PF revenue up 55.4% YoY from start of GMO-PG →Reorganized sales division in April Indication of recovery with online payment revenue growth large project · Obtained acquiring function in Q4 reaching 22.3% · Non-consol. EP revenue beat plans by 3.2% · Non-consol. EP operating stores -1.2% YoY Progress in transforming revenue model beat plans In the midst of ramping up non-merchandise domain **GMO-EP** by +10.4% → Reaching into industry-specific platformers · Making solid inroads into healthcare domain; MR's revenue beat plans +6.2% · PS's revenue beat plans by 1.2% · Slowing growth at existing merchants in certain sectors · OP beat plans by 4.7x from improving credit \rightarrow Build Pay On Credit and BNPL into growth drives GMO-PS screening accuracy in addition to Payment After Delivery · Launch of new BNPL service "atokara" · Card Present (CP) GMV up +52.9% YoY; · Consol. FG revenue* missed plans by 2.6% → Expand pipeline by leveraging solution assets 4x higher than market stats GMO-FG Recurring-model revenue* +41.8% YoY · OP beat plans by 7.4%

This is the wrap-up of FY2024. Back in 2018, I recall stating the FY2025 OP target of ¥25.0 billion. FY2024 achieved ¥25.1 billion and I think FY2025 can exceed ¥30.0 billion. I have been President for 25 years and it is difficult to predict when a "sudden event" can happen. Most of you knew that if we continue to grow at 25%, OP would have reached ¥25.0 billion before 2025. But one cannot know what could happen and earnings could be lower in any one of the years. Given this possibility, we set the target to FY2025. This FY2025, we have learned that a large client has done a partial inhousing, and this "sudden event" has transpired. Nonetheless, with our efforts, I am committed to achieve over ¥30.0 billion.

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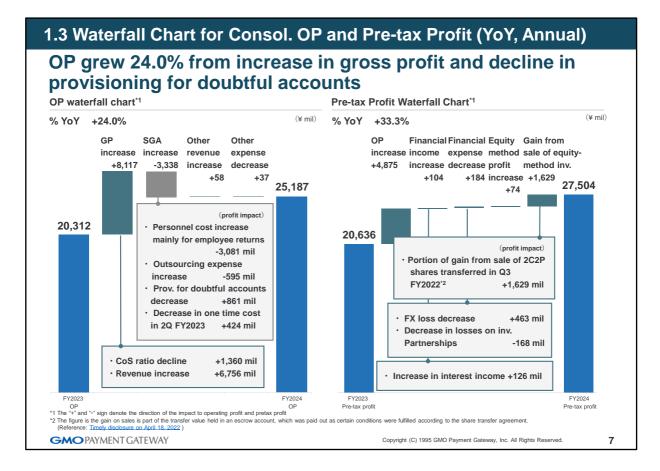
* Figures are taken from GMO-FG's consolidated financial results. Recurring-model revenue is the sum total of stock, fee and spread and excludes initial which mostly consists of terminal sales

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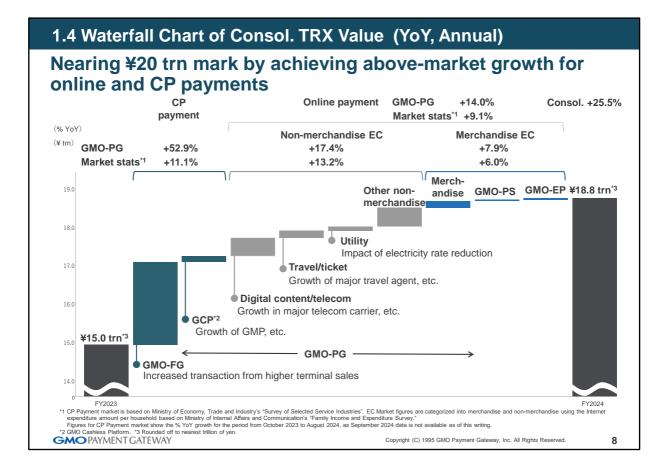
The second highlight is that last week, on November 8th, we received an A-(minus) rating from the rating agency R&I.

The third highlight is that each group company has made progress in expanding their business foundation, as written on the left side of this slide. Details aside, I think the self-help effort of each company is beginning to bear fruit.

As for "low" lights, non-consolidated GMO Payment Gateway (PG, hereafter) revenue fell short of plans by 0.8%. However, Q4 online payment revenues recovered to a growth rate of 22.3%.



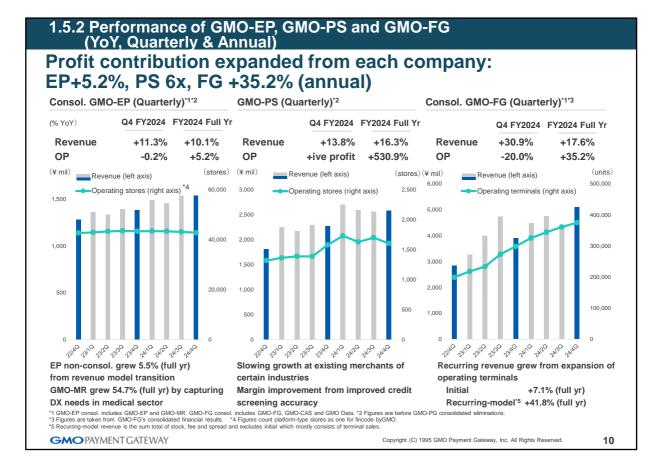
I would like to explain this slide in some depth. This shows the factors affecting OP and pretax profit. For OP factors, as shown in the text box, a ¥3.0 billion personnel expense was recognized. For the pretax profit, there was a profit uplifting factor of ¥1.629 billion from the gain on sale of an equity method affiliate. This is the source of the special dividend. The intention behind this is decision is that, lately, I can feel the significant increase in prevailing prices whenever I go on business trips or shopping. If we wanted OP to grow 25% in FY2024, it would have been possible - its only a matter of few hundreds of millions of yen. In FY2024 we achieved ¥25.1billion, a growth rate of 24%. Had we prioritized a growth rate of 25%, it would have been possible. But the management thought this over carefully on what ought to be prioritized at this point in time. The fact that we achieved ¥25billion one year earlier is because our partners and officers worked hard. And our shareholders, too. Should we prioritize the growth rate of 25%? Or, given how high prices have risen, should we compensate for that in everyone's remuneration? After discussing this among management, we decided that we should prioritize rewarding the efforts of our partners. This is why personnel cost increased by ¥3.0 billion. Therefore, the correct way of expressing OP growth rate is that we intentionally suppressed the growth rate to 24%. Together with this, shareholder returns have also been enhanced. This is the intention that lies behind this chart. There are many other intentions that lie behind these numbers, but the earnings result we achieved is because of the effort of our partners and they should be proud of their work.



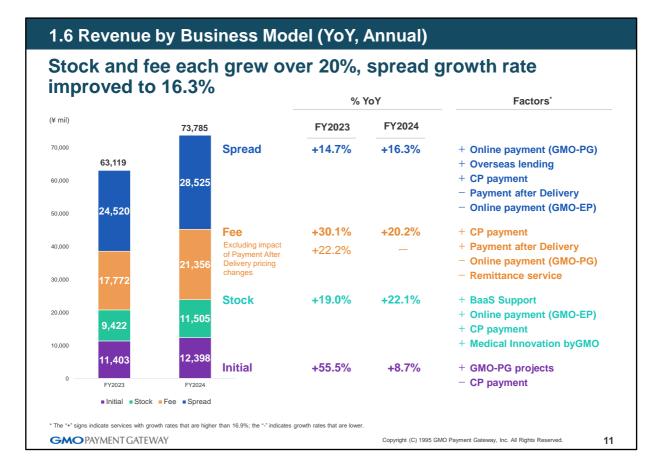
This chart describes that though we target a CAGR of 25%, the addressable markets we have entered are growing only at 13.2% or 11% or 6%. Even if we outperform each of these markets, it would not be possible to achieve the target 25% growth just by remaining in these addressable markets. That is why we have to take action to expand our business beyond these markets and the initiatives have been put in place, which will be explained in later slides.

1.5.1 GMO-PG Non-Consolidated Performance (YoY, Q4) Revenue grew 21.5%, online payment revenue grew 22.3% GMO-PG non-consolidated revenue & OP (Quarterly) *1 (¥ mil) Q4 FY2023 Q3 FY2024 Q4 FY2024 Merchandise EC revenue Revenue Non-merchandise EC revenue +17.9% Revenue*1 +14.2% +21.5% 2-yr CAGR +17.8% BaaS Support revenue +15.2% +19.9% +22.3% Online payment 10,000 MSB revenue (EC market*2 +11.4% +7.0% +8.1%) Other revenue Merchandise EC +11.6% +20.8% +19.9% **—**OP (Merchandise EC*2 +4.8% +5.1% +4.3%) 8,000 +8.3% +19 2% +16.9% Apparel Food/beverage +18.9% +19.1% +19.0% Cosmetic/Health food +5.4% +16.1% +18.5% +12.6% +21.4% +23.1% 6,000 Non-merchandise EC +17.3% +19.9% +23.1% (Non-merchandise*2 +12.3%) +20.2% +9.4% Digital content/telecom +16.2% +14.1% +13.8% Utility +23.6% +46.7% +48.2% Travel/ticket +33.0% +24.8% +35.8% Other +13.8% + 17.5% +21.8% BaaS Support*3 +2.2% +28.3% +31.8% Money Service Business+10.8% +19.7% +11.4% Remittance service +18.2% +10.5% +16.8% Early Payment service +16.1% +16.1% +13.9% Instant Salary byGMO*4 +79.1% +68 7% +90.3% -18.8% -15 4% -2 1% for revenue and operating profit are before consolidated eliminations ket figures are categorized into merchandise and non-merchandise using the Internet expenditure amount per household based on Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communication's "Family Income and Expenditure Survey." for BasiS Support present the sum total of Ginko Pay and Processing PF. more figures for some of the scheme is presented on a gross basis and not on a net basis from Q1 FY2024. The % YoY figures are calculated excluding this impact. Copyright (C) 1995 GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. All Rights Reserved. *4 The revenue figures for some of the scheme is pre

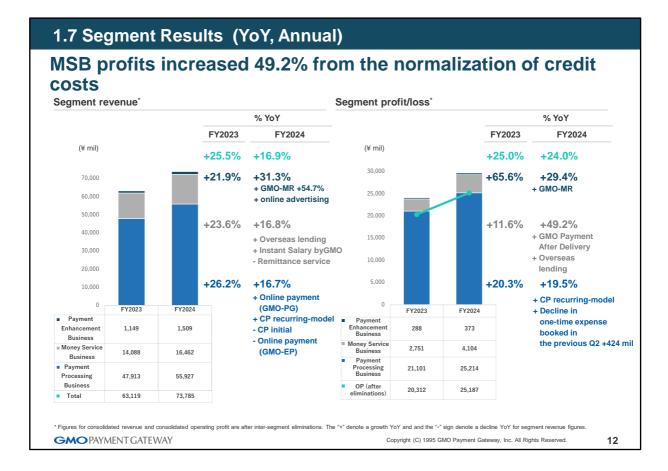
This slide shows the non-consolidated performance of GMO-PG. As you can see, FY2024 full year online payment revenue grew 22.3% versus the market growth of 8.1%, so we outperformed the market by 15% points. Similarly, merchandise EC market grew 4.3% while our revenues grew 20.8%, non-merchandise EC market grew 12.3% while our revenue grew 23%. Currently, this trend continues thanks to the organizational changes we have made. Also, BaaS Support and Money Service Business grew 31.8% and 19.7%, respectively.



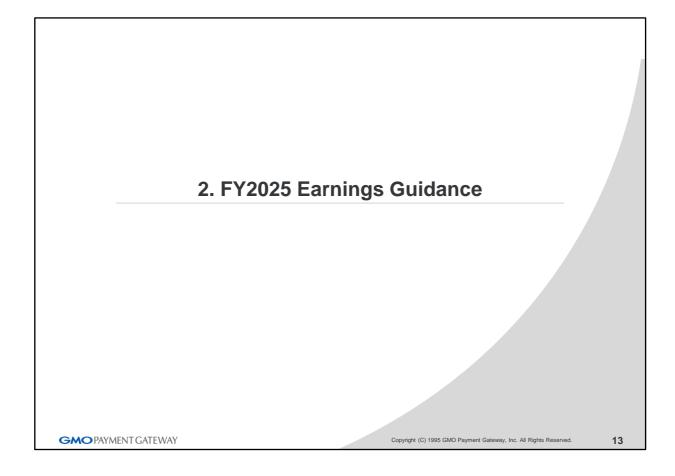
This slide shows the performance of each consolidated subsidiary. GMO Epsilon's OP grew 5.2%, GMO Payment Service's OP grew 6x and GMO Financial Gate's (FG hereafter) OP grew 35.2%, each expanding their profits. However, I personally am not satisfied and there is much I would like to say. But the fact remains that they contributed to profits.



Initial revenue only grew 8.7% YoY but this was in line with plans so there are no issues here. Spread and stock revenue are both steadily growing and in line with plans.



MSB segment grew 49% and contributed to profits. This is mainly from the normalization of credit costs for Payment After Delivery and the strong growth in overseas lending that led to the segment profit results.



2.1 Earnings Guidance for FY2025

Guiding revenue growth 13.0% and OP growth 20.0%

Earnings guidance for FY2025

(¥ mil)		FY2024	FY2025 Forecast	% YoY
Revenue		73,785	83,377	+13.0%
Gross profit		48,103	52,319	+8.8%
ОР		25,187	30,225	+20.0%
Pre-tax Profit		27,504	28,722	+4.4%
excl. special factors*		25,875		+11.0%
Profit Attributable to owners of parent		18,705	18,511	-1.0%
Dividend per share	Ordinary	¥116	¥124	+¥8
	Special Total	¥8 ¥124	- ¥124	-¥8 ±¥0

^{*} Excludes the gain on sale of investment accounted for using the equity method of ¥1,629 mil recognized in EY202

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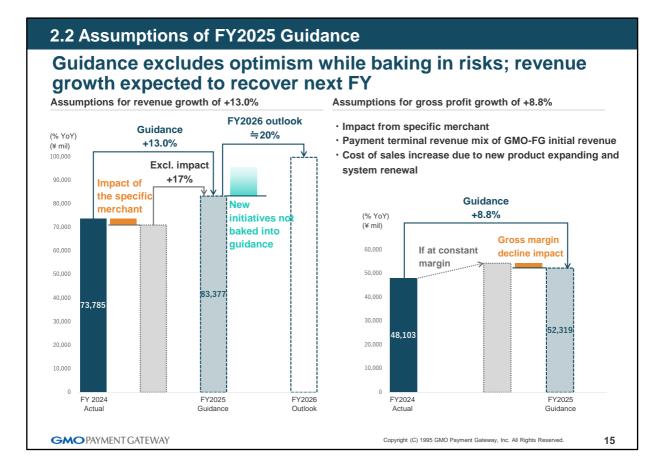
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Looking at today's share price reaction, I think what is affecting it are the numbers shown here. Earlier I mentioned that, having managed this company for a long time, it is hard to predict what could happen. And that is why the target of ¥25.0billion was set for FY2025. FY2025 guidance of ¥30.0billion is what we intend to achieve no matter what, and the revenue growth 13% is at the bottom of the range. The biggest reason behind the revenue growth is the partial in-housing by a client. In addition to this reason, FG is in a period of lull for its projects. FG will return to growth from 2026 onwards, but FY2025 is a year of lull compared to other years. These are the two reasons for using the bottom of the range number. Of course, we will work to achieve a higher revenue growth of 15% or even 16%.

Now, I think that you would say to me, 'if you're going to guide just a meager 13% topline growth, then shouldn't you say what the growth rate would be for FY2026 and onwards?' I would reply that FY2025 growth is what it is because we could not foresee what happened and I ask you to bear with us.

We will return to an over-20% growth for revenue and OP in FY2026. But a sudden event is likely to affect FY2025 so I ask you to not dwell on this number too much. This is the key message for FY2025. Having said this, though, I promise that we will put in our utmost effort to generate more than 20% OP growth.



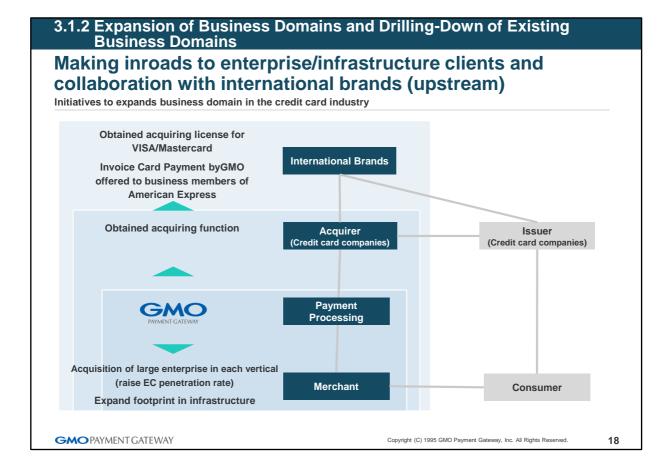
This slide explains why we disclosed this guidance due to the in-housing by a large client. FY2025 topline is guided for a low growth but it only applies to this year. I promise that FY2026 will return to over-20% growth, without fail. This is an all-hands-on-deck effort by all partners for FY2026 onwards.



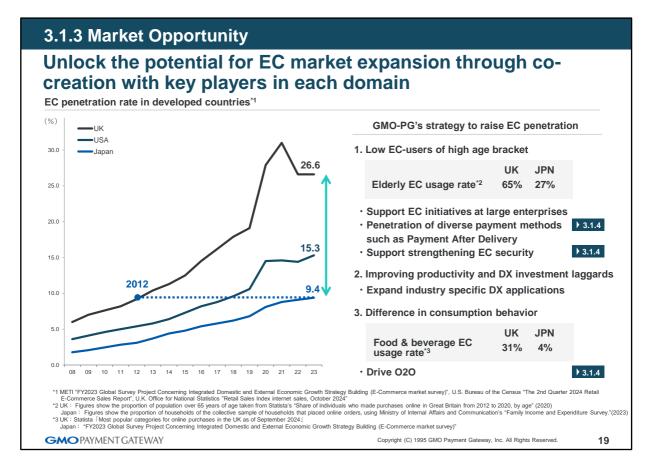
Next section is on growth strategies and initiatives in focus areas.



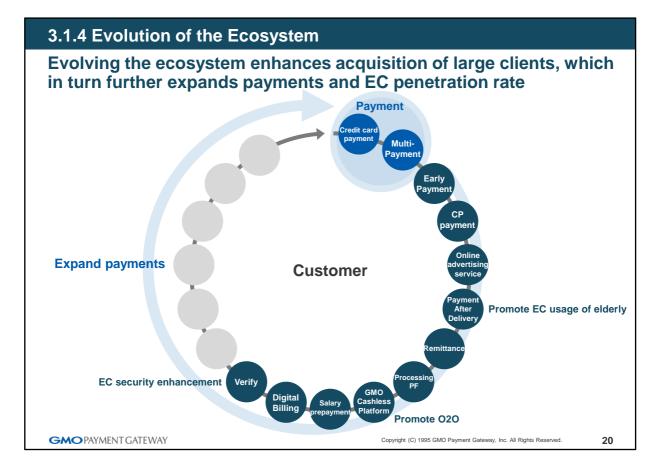
Things may appear as if all is well. But FY2025 OP guidance is 20% growth and topline growth is 13%, which is at the bottom of the range. We will work to achieve a higher growth. Various initiatives have been deployed to achieve this.



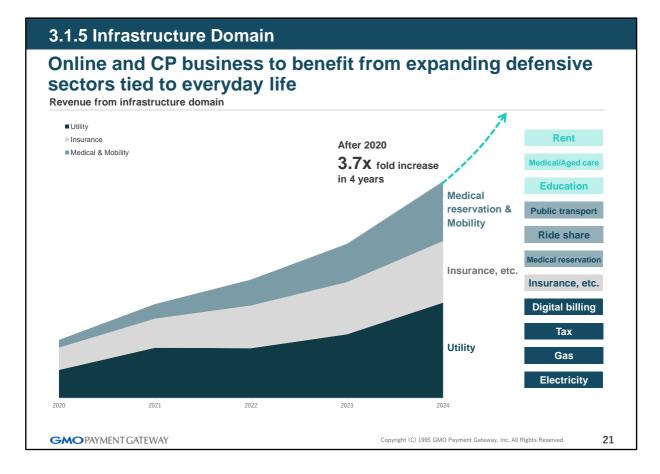
I would like to say more but since competitors are also listening in, let me just say that we will accelerate our initiatives in the following areas of collaboration with the international brands, infrastructure and initiatives for large companies, in order to achieve CAGR of 25%.



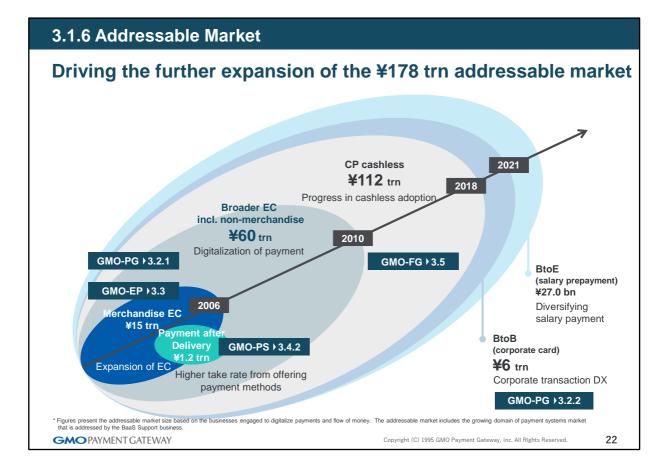
I would like to explain each piece, to the extent that is possible. See the word 'co-creation'. The phrase reads "co-creation with key players." Twelve years ago, UK had the same EC penetration rate as Japan. In 12 years', UK's EC penetration rate reached 3 times the level in Japan. The reasons that we analyzed is due to the delay - the slow speed, rather - of DX in Japan and that large companies have lagged in incorporating the elderly age bracket, which is the wealthiest demographic, into the EC sphere. However, even Japan's EC market is growing 7%, and I think that it should be able to grow at a minimum of 7% YoY going forward. If you assume 7% growth for 10 years, the EC market will double. That's 1.07 raised to the power of 10, which equals around 2. What other large-sized market can double in 10 years? None, I think. Currently, we are significantly outperforming the market growth, and we need to continue to outperform the market's growth rate that is the baseline and first point. The second point is the word "co-creation." Five years ago, the cumulative core OP (close to OP) for the 3 Megabanks plus Resona was ¥1.5 trillion, now it is ¥4 trillion. In the five years these banks were able to increase profits by pursuing FinTech and DX, which we also were involved in through co-creation. With the slight increase in interest rates, the core OP should be able to increase further to ¥5 trillion, ¥6 trillion or even ¥7 trillion. We have also increased profit contribution from services such as salary prepayment and remittance. In this way, we intend to co-create and jointly build FinTech businesses with these institutions to further expand our profit. Look at the math, 1% of ¥6 trillion is ¥60billion or 10% is ¥600billion - this is why we want to co-create such businesses with the 3 Megabanks plus Resona and grow together. This is another point I want to make.



The next point is that a growing company's success depends on whether it is able to build up a chain of business domains. This is a crucial point and, internally, we call this the eco-system. In other words, raising the revenue from a client currently generating ¥50,000 to ¥70,000 or ¥100,000. Or for clients generating monthly revenue of ¥1 mil, raising it to ¥1.5 mil and ¥2 mil and further to ¥3 mil. Raising the ARPU by building up a continuous chain of services is important. The key points for achieving this are, EC migration of elderly age bracket, O2O, security, etc. These areas need to be expanded. In other words, build an ecosystem around such services. What I have explained is just the introduction. At the time of listing, we only handled credit card payments. Now, as shown in this slide, the circle of services is nearing completion. Expanding business domains will result in increasing the number of clients as well as the ARPU through the business models. And that is how we can secure a quadratic growth of 1.25 raised to the nth power.



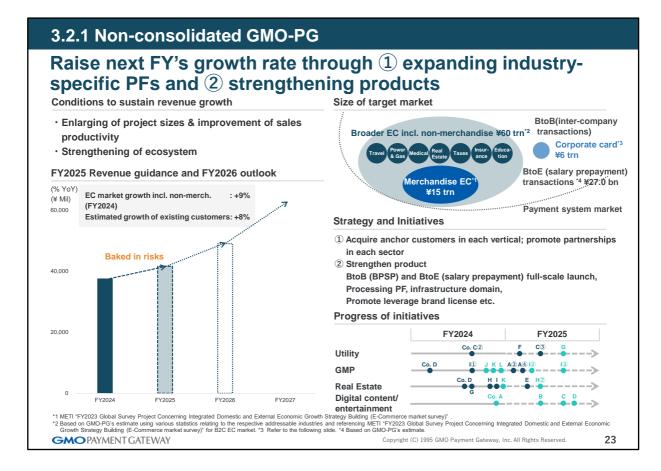
Now for the third point. Most of you recall we had stated back in 2018, that there could be a recession after the 2020 Olympics and therefore, the focus would be the infrastructure sector. Infrastructure is defined as rent, welfare, education, public transport, medical and ride share, as written on the right side of the slide. The revenues from these sectors have increased a whopping 3.7 times since 2020, in 4 years. In hindsight, it was very fortunate we focused on these sectors and will continue to focus on these areas going forward. In particular, there will increased emphasis on those sectors listed at the top. While names cannot be mentioned, many initiatives are being drawn up.



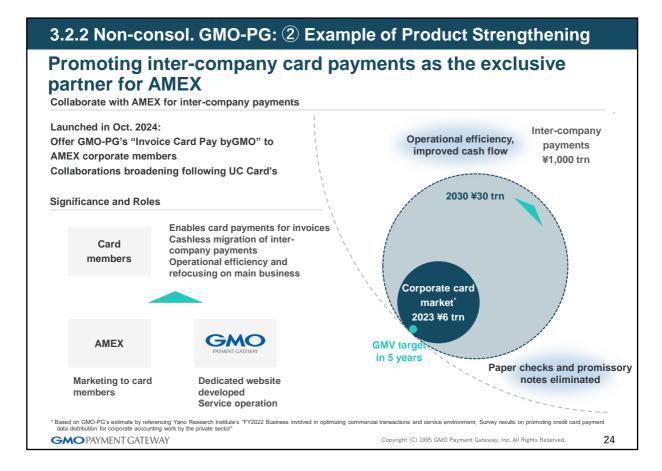
This slide explains the size of market which is the size of our TAM, and the correlation between growth of TAM and growth of profits. At the 2005 IPO, the size of the TAM, which was the EC market was ¥3 trillion. Merchandise EC market size is now ¥15 trillion. Or, the TAM for the broader EC market is ¥60 trillion. The total TAM where we have business exposure ¥180 trillion. This means that in 20 years since IPO, the TAM of our businesses has expanded 60 times. The OP in the year of IPO was ¥0.2 billion. That means OP increased around 150 times.

What is important to realize is that expanding the business domain means expanding TAM. Profits grew 150 times and TAM grew 60 times. Whether we can consecutively penetrate into growing business domains will secure the correlation between the two. Our success in how we execute this will be extremely important in realizing OP CAGR of 25%.

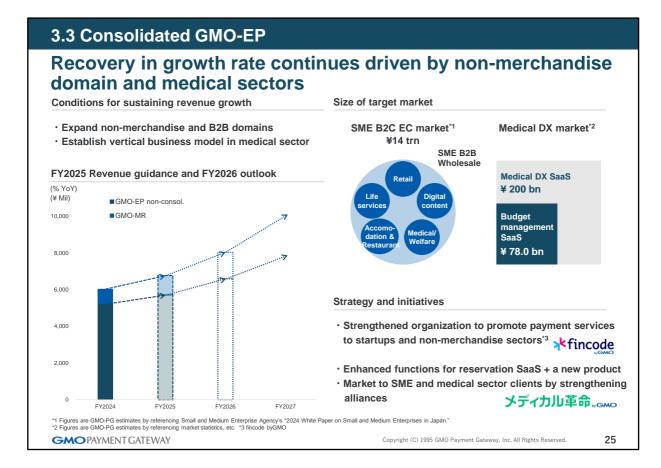
It may be too early to state what exactly we intend to do at this point. We will announce it when ready.



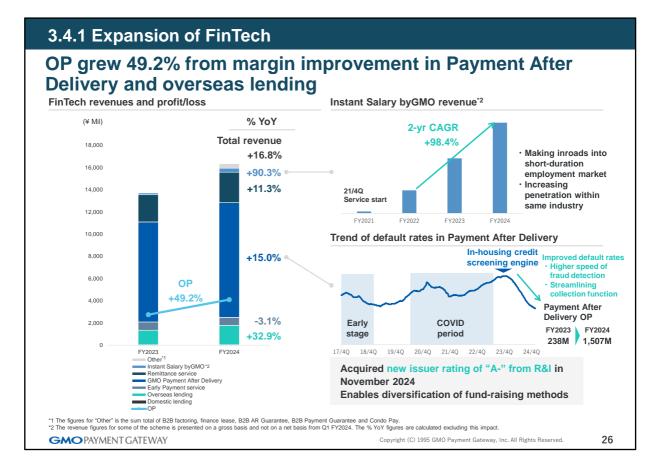
Moving on the parent company (non-consolidated PG). The top right gives a rough idea of what sectors we are working on. The bottom right shows the progress in each sector. The point is how to efficiently expand the payment service/product under Mr. Hisada's sales team, and how to accelerate the initiatives in the infrastructure and large enterprise sectors under Mr. Koide's sales. PG non-consolidated is putting significant effort in accelerating these efforts and identifying what needs to be done now in order to return revenue and profit to an over-20% growth trajectory in FY2026.



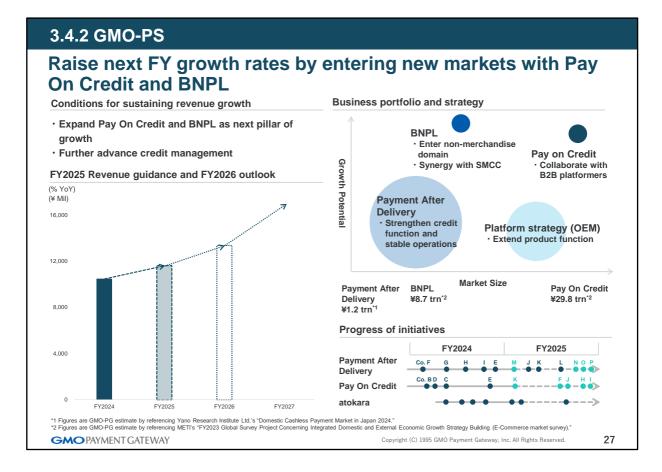
I'd like to give one concrete example. I mentioned earlier about ecosystem. This is one successful example of how to consecutively expand the chain of services, which is crucially important. We have recently announced a collaboration in the corporate credit card segment with American Express, the largest and No.1 company in corporate credit cards. This will enable us to offer services in the corporate card segment with American Express. This market size is currently ¥6 trillion and is said to reach ¥30 trillion by 2030, a five-fold increase. By carefully assessing the opportunities for high growth and TAM expansion, the No.1 method to increase TAM is to tie-up with the biggest player of such a market. This collaboration is already being deployed. This is how I intend to dispel the doubts you may still have about us.



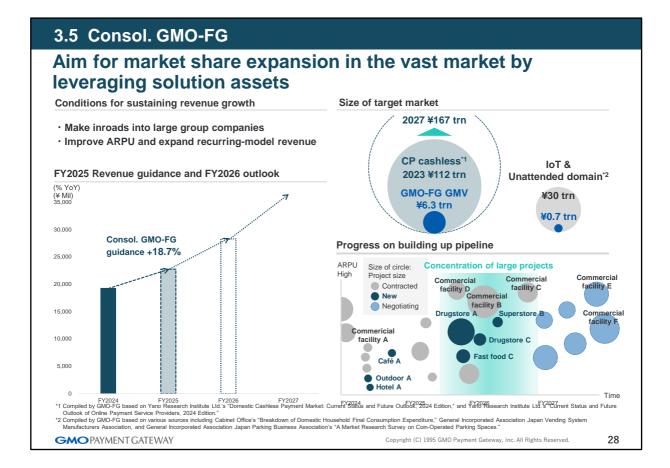
Next is on GMO Epsilon. Epsilon has returned to a positive growth this FY, after recording a decline in FY2022. The managers at Epsilon are diligently working so as not to be a drag on the group. They are working on a new initiative in the SME domain that can be the growth driver from 2025 and beyond. Stay tuned. Epsilon's subsidiary, GMO Medical Reservation Technology is currently growing at over 50% pace, but in terms of scale and speed, I personally am not yet satisfied.



Moving on to FinTech. Instant Salary byGMO is finally sprouting, in my view. Thanks to Sumitomo Mitsui's support, we intend to put further effort into growing this service. Overseas lending is trending very strongly thanks to the efforts of Mr. Muramatsu's team.

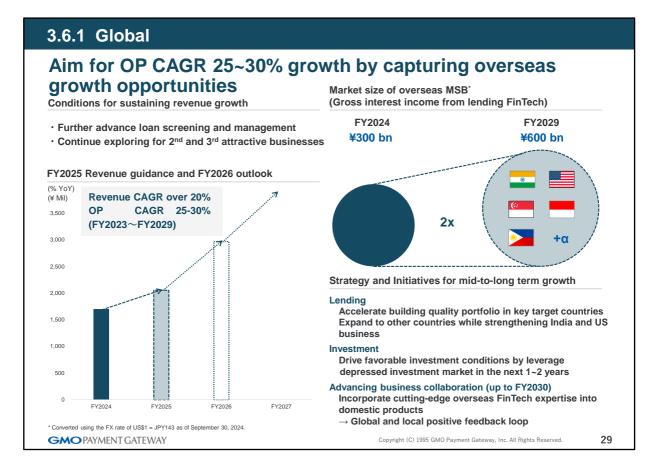


As for Payment Service, the two growth drivers in FY2025 are going to be BNPL and Pay On Credit. These two services are the focus of growth and the frontline personnel are all on the same page. We will focus efforts on these two services to grow.

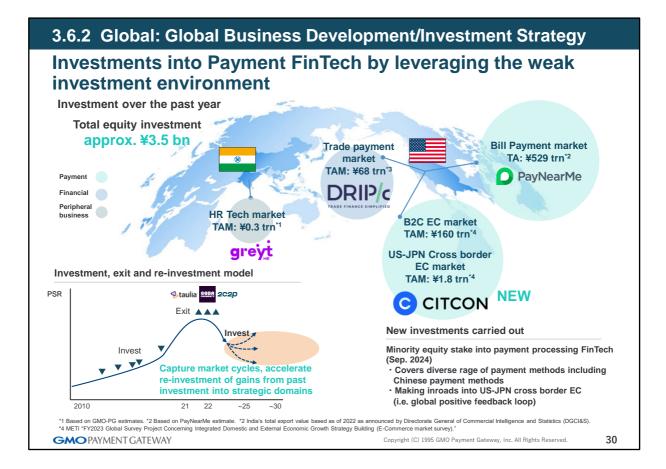


Next is GMO Financial Gate. The projects acquired have been large relative to FG's size, which is a good problem to have. However, the development work will cause FY2025 to be a year of lull in terms of growth rate, compared to the past. These projects will definitely raise the angle of growth from FY2026 onwards, both for revenue and profits. Please regard FY2025 as a period of lull and we ask for your patience.

Mr. Muramatsu, Executive Vice President will explain from Slide 29.



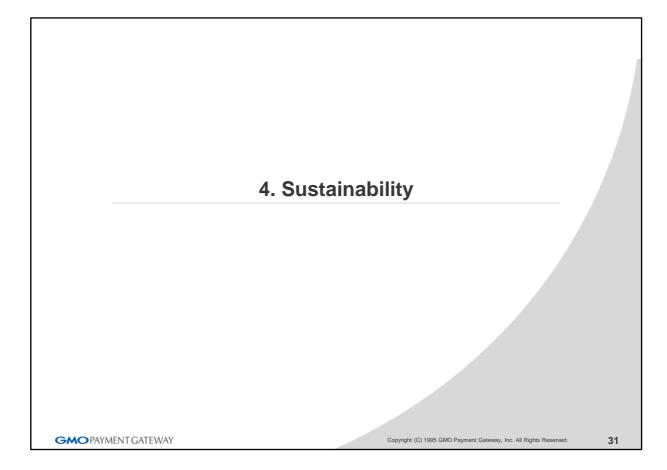
Mr. Muramatsu: I will explain on Global business. The driver of overseas business will be overseas lending in the near term. In FY2024, revenue grew 37% and profit grew 110% or increased by more than 2.1x. As a result, OP crossed the milestone of ¥1 billion. Loan balance was ¥18.8 billion, which is on the trend of 5-yr CAGR 25%. Note that single year growth rates get impacted significantly from FX, so we look at the 5-yr growth to normalize this impact. Overseas payment grew by 122% and was very strong. FY2025 guidance is for a growth of 21% which bakes in stronger yen. The growth rate is 25% on a local currency basis. The medium-to-long term strategy is to accelerate building our quality portfolio in the priority countries of India and USA. To this end, a specialized team to advance the credit screening was established in FY2024. In addition, Philippines is a new target country in S.E. Asia and we are looking to forge sales partnerships in addition to direct lending. This year or two is likely to be a very favorable investment opportunity to make investments on favorable terms into potential candidates for future business and capital alliance partners. On a five-year span, the target is to unlock synergies by incorporating services into domestic products from overseas investees by forging business alliances on a cross-border basis. This we call the "repatriation or flow-back model." Beyond that time period, the aim is to build an ecosystem amongst overseas investees in the priority investment countries.



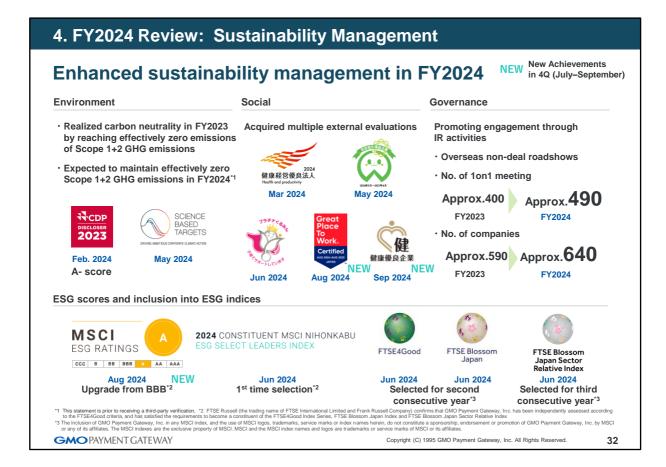
This slide shows the progress in investments during FY2024. As the bottom left graph shows, we are aggressively reinvesting the funds generated by the sale of a former investee completed a few years ago. Investment amount to ¥3.5 billion during FY2024 into the 4 companies shown on the slide. In particular, a minority investment was made into CITCON, a US payment processing company during Q4. See the word NEW written next to the company name. The US EC market and the credit card processing market are extremely huge as the TAM numbers indicate on the slide. This market is dominated by many large players and competition is fierce. CITCON is a company that covers more unique. Asia-born payment methods and avoids mainstream credit cards. In this

that covers more unique, Asia-born payment methods and avoids mainstream credit cards. In this sense, CITCON provides a service that is similar to the Multi-Payment Service and was selected for investment.

Going forward, we intend to work on a US-Japan cross-border EC payment business with this investee. The US-Japan cross-border EC market is niche but still has a size of ¥2 trillion with a promising outlook. This could also be another area to repatriate the service to Japan, i.e. the "flow-back model."

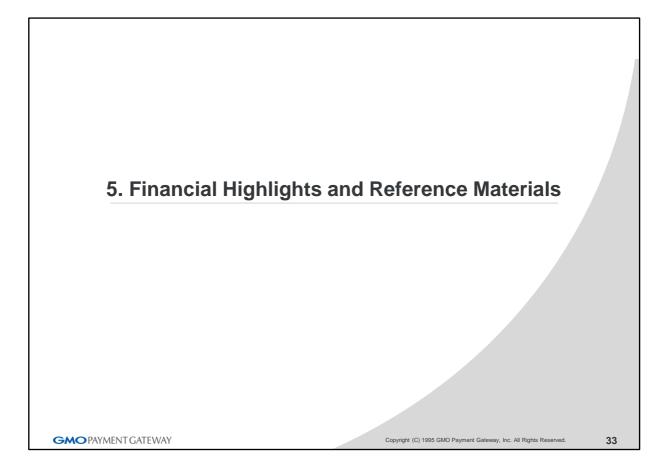


Lastly, I would like to explain about sustainability.



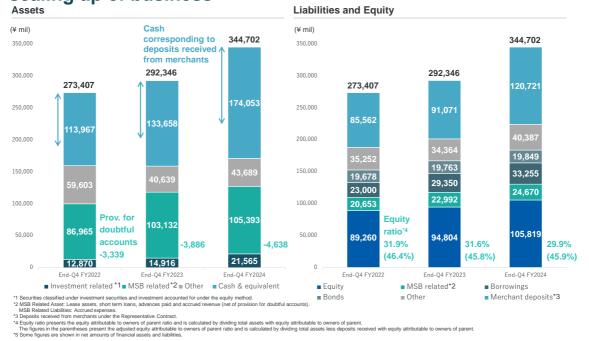
FY2024 was a year we made solid progress in the various sustainability initiatives. In the carbon neutral or decarbonization initiatives, we acquired the SBT certification and, in particular, received an A rating for MSCI ESG rating. There was good progress in strengthening the business foundation in FY2024.

The word "NEW" is written next to the achievements for Q4. We intend to resolve social challenges through the payment business and contribute to building a sustainable society and, as a result, raise our corporate value. We look forward to your support in our endeavors. This ends my presentation. Thank you.





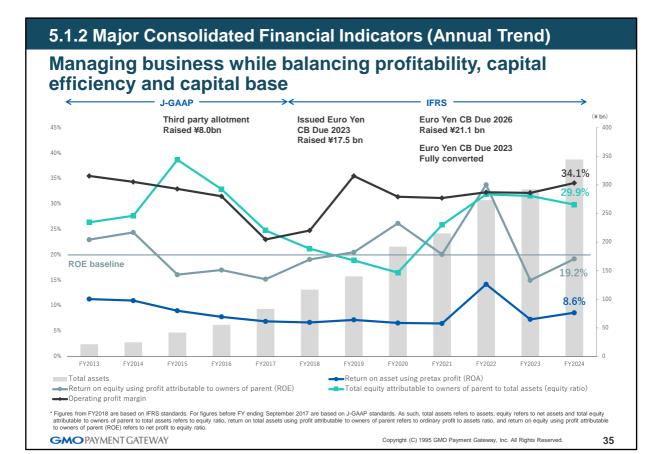
Increase in merchant deposits and MSB related assets due to scaling up of business

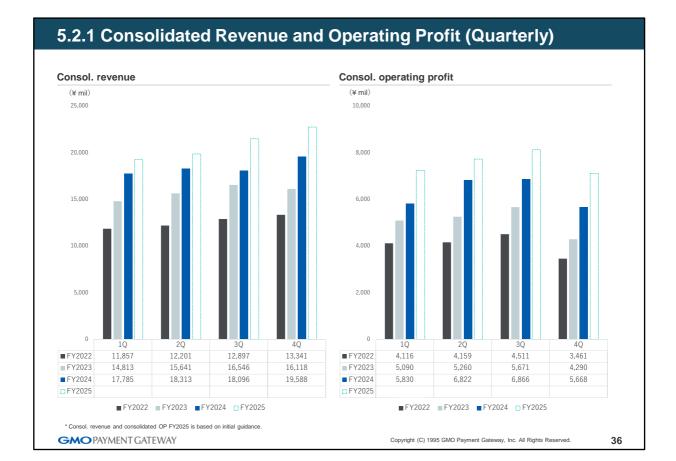


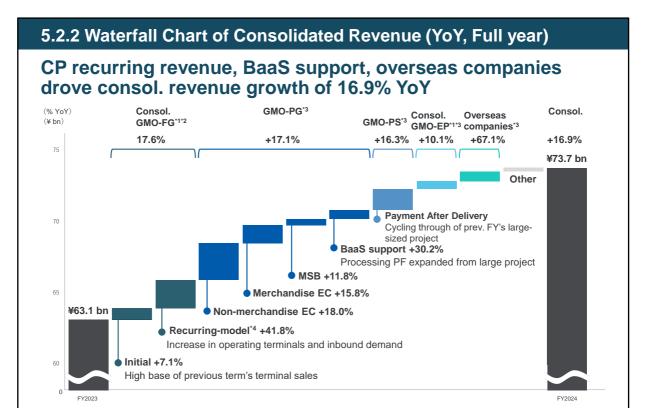
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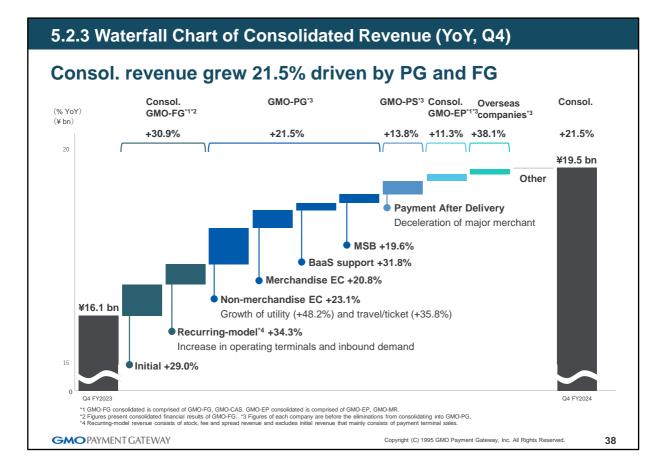


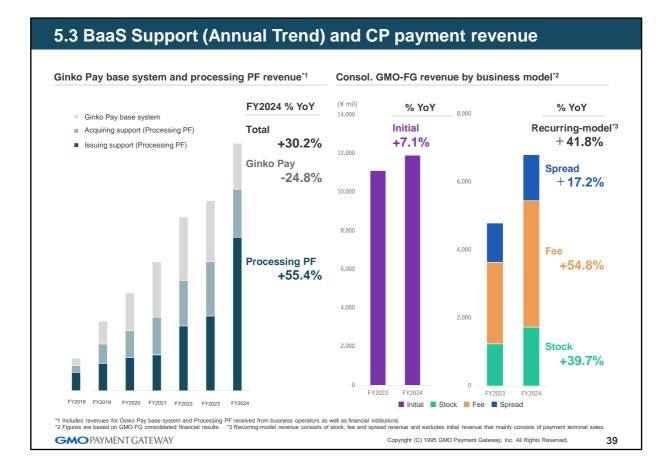
*1 GMO-FG consolidated is comprised of GMO-FG, GMO-CAS, GMO-EP consolidated is comprised of GMO-EP, GMO-MR.
*2 Figures present consolidated financial results of GMO-FG. *3 Figures of each company are before the eliminations from consolidate
*4 Recurring-model revenue consists of stock, the and spread revenue and excludes initial revenue that mainly consists of payment to

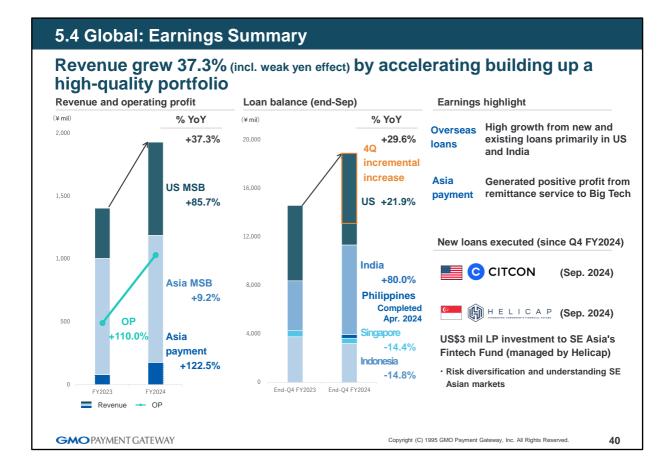
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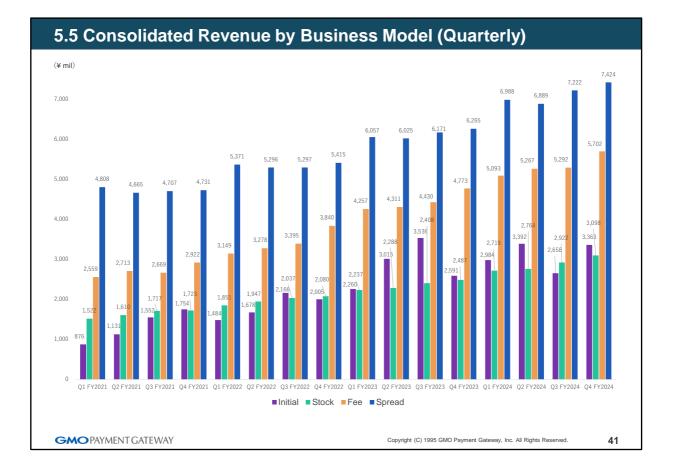
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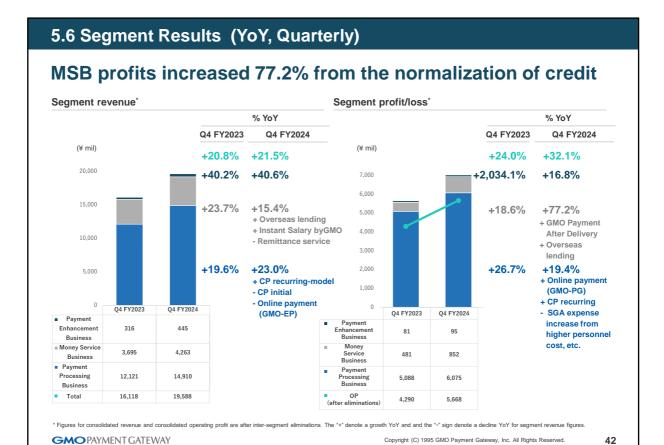
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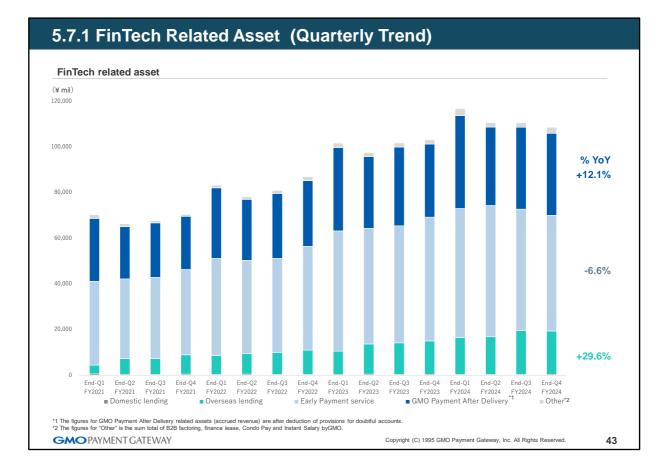


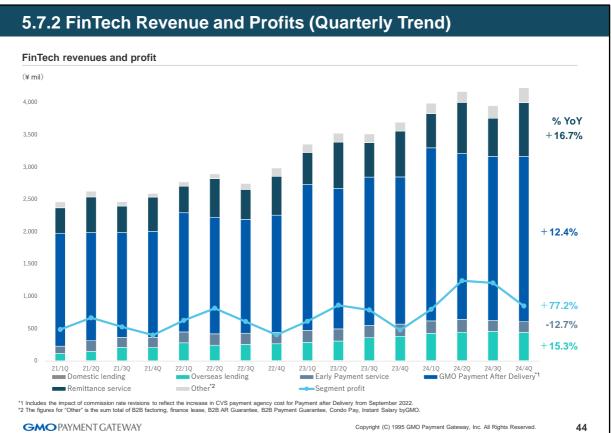


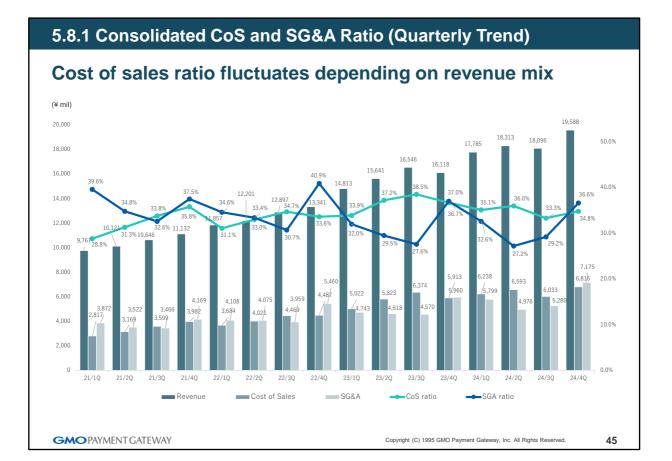


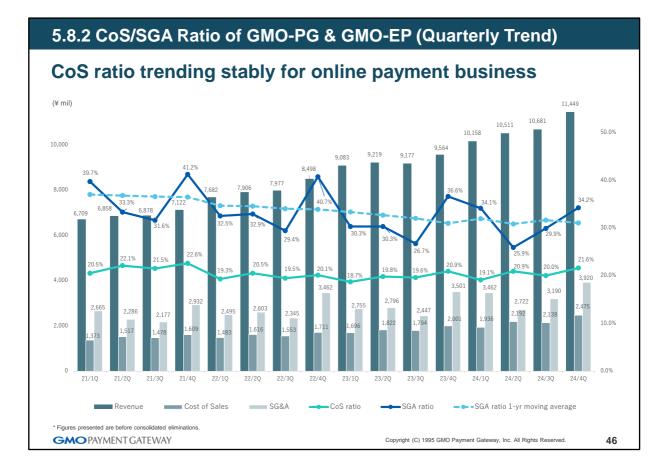












5.9.1 Operating Stores, TRX Volume and Value

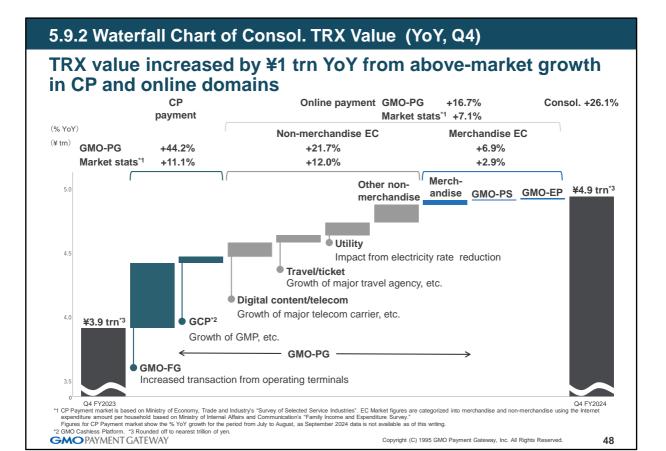
Consol. TRX value reaches approx. ¥18.7 trn for the past 12 months

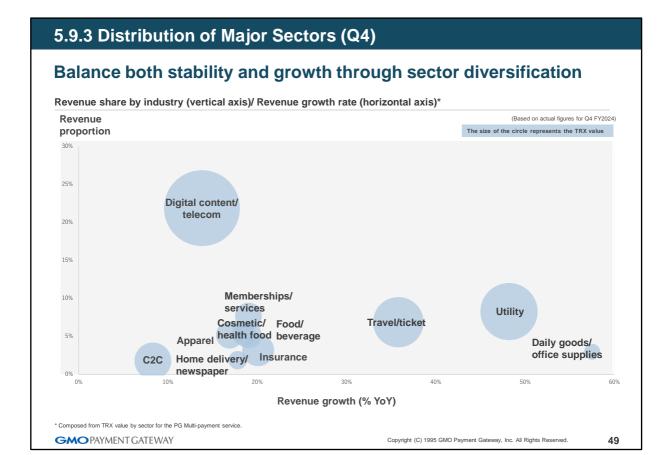
		Operating Stores ^{*1} /Terminals ^{*2}	TRX Volume*2*3		TRX Value*2	
		End-Q4 FY2024	Q4 FY2024	Past 12-mnth	Q4 FY2024	Past 12-mnth
Consolidated		-	1.98 bn	7.40 bn	¥4.9 trn	¥18.7 trn
	% YoY	-	+18.4%	+19.3%	+26.1%	+25.5%
Online -		156,575 stores	1.70 bn	6.41 bn	¥3.1 trn	¥12.1 trn
	% YoY	+6.8%	+13.6%	+14.4%	+16.7%	+14.0%
CP*2		375,348 units	0.28 bn	0.98 bn	¥1.8 trn	¥6.6 trn
	% YoY	+25.6%	+60.3%	+65.0%	+46.6%	+53.6%

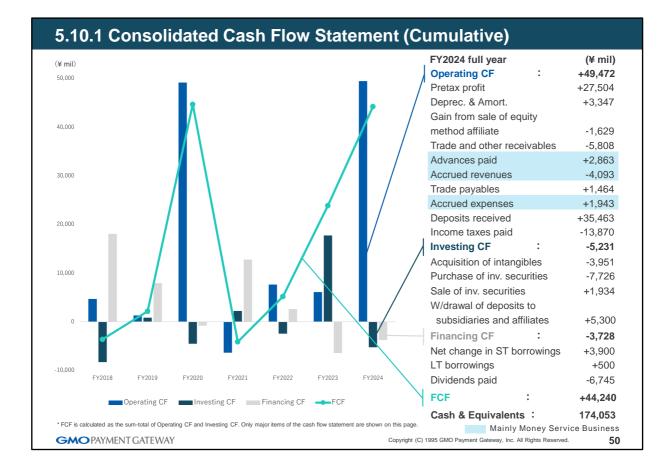
Proportion of representative contracts in online TRX value*4: Approx. 40%

¹¹ The standards for calculation the number of operating stores has been revised from Q4 FY2023. Figure exclude an operating stores of a specific merchant and fincode byGMO. If included, operating stores would be 689,884 (up 19.1% YoY).
12 The figures for operating terminals are GMO-FG's figures and include terminal-free active IDs and exclude GMO-PG's GMO Cashless Platform. CP transaction volume and value includes GMO-PG's CP payment (GMO Cashless Platform).
13 Transaction volume is calculated based on fee reviews standards, which in the case of online consist of multiple (1 to 3) transactions per payment of a single authorization (tentative sales proceeds) or actual sales proceeds, and one transaction per payment in the case of CP.
14 Annual average is shown in 5% increments.

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5.10.2 Major Factors Affecting Consolidated Cash Flow Statement Related liabilities & assets Impact from business expansion **Payment Processing Business** Sales proceeds of Deposits received Liability — Operating CF (liability) merchants under the Yearly fluctuations can be large as annual TRX value of trillions of yen can be carried over to the following year **Representative Contract Money Service Business Early Payment service** Advances paid Asset **Operating CF** (asset) **Operating CF Payment After Delivery** Accrued revenue Asset service (asset) Operating CF Accrued expense Liability (liability) Deposits to subsidiaries Investing CF Other Asset and affiliates Funds temporarily deposited to GMO-IG's* CMS (asset) (balance is zero as of end-Q4 FY2024) * GMO-IG: GMO Internet Group

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Thank You Very Much

GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. (3769; Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime)

For inquiries or requests for 1-on-1 interviews, please contact the IR Department, Corporate Value Creation Strategy Division, at the telephone number below:

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