





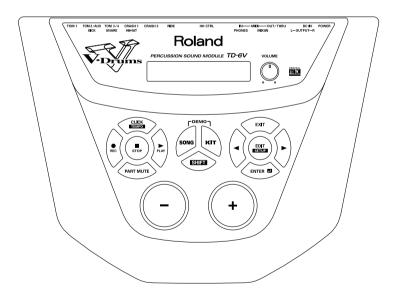
#### PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE



## **Owner's Manual**

Thank you, and congratulations on your choice of the Roland Percussion Sound Module TD-6V.

Before using this unit, carefully read the sections entitled: "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" (p. 2–3) and "IMPORTANT NOTES" (p. 4–5). These sections provide important information concerning the proper operation of the unit. Additionally, in order to feel assured that you have gained a good grasp of every feature provided by your new unit, Owner's manual should be read in its entirety. The manual should be saved and kept on hand as a convenient reference.



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IMPORTANT: THE WIRES IN THIS MAINS LEAD ARE COLOURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING CODE.

BLUE: NEUTRAL BROWN: LIVE

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured BLUE must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured BLACK. The wire which is coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured RED. Under no circumstances must either of the above wires be connected to the earth terminal of a three pin plug.

#### USING THE UNIT SAFELY

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREVENTION OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY TO PERSONS

#### About A WARNING and CAUTION Notices

<b>≜WARNING</b>	Used for instructions intended to alert the user to the risk of death or severe injury should the unit be used improperly.
	Used for instructions intended to alert the user to the risk of injury or material damage should the unit be used improperly.
<b>⚠</b> CAUTION	* Material damage refers to damage or other adverse effects caused with respect to the home and all its furnishings, as well to domestic

#### About the Symbols

The \( \Delta\) symbol alerts the user to important instructions or warnings. The specific meaning of the symbol is determined by the design contained within the triangle. In the case of the symbol at left, it is used for general cautions, warnings, or alerts to danger.

The \int symbol alerts the user to items that must never be carried out (are forbidden). The specific thing that must not be done is indicated by the design contained within the circle. In the case of the symbol at left, it means that the unit must never be disassembled.

The symbol alerts the user to things that must be carried out. The specific thing that must be done is indicated by the design contained within the circle. In the case of the symbol at left, it means that the power-cord plug must be unplugged from the outlet.

#### **ALWAYS OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING**

#### **MARNING**

animals or pets.

 Before using this unit, make sure to read the instructions below, and the Owner's Manual.



 Do not open (or modify in any way) the unit or its AC adaptor.

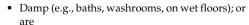


Do not attempt to repair the unit, or replace parts
within it (except when this manual provides
specific instructions directing you to do so). Refer
all servicing to your retailer, the nearest Roland
Service Center, or an authorized Roland distributor,
as listed on the attached "Information" leaflet.



- Never use or store the unit in places that are:
  - Subject to temperature extremes (e.g., direct sunlight in an enclosed vehicle, near a heating duct, on top of heat-generating equipment); or are

.....



- · Humid; or are
- Exposed to rain; or are
- Dusty; or are
- Subject to high levels of vibration.

#### **NWARNING**

This unit should be used only with a rack or stand that is recommended by Roland.



When using the unit with a rack or stand recommended by Roland, the rack or stand must be carefully placed so it is level and sure to remain stable. If not using a rack or stand, you still need to make sure that any location you choose for placing the unit provides a level surface that will properly support the unit, and keep it from wobbling.



 Be sure to use only the AC adaptor supplied with the unit. Also, make sure the line voltage at the installation matches the input voltage specified on the AC adaptor's body. Other AC adaptors may use a different polarity, or be designed for a different voltage, so their use could result in damage, malfunction, or electric shock.



 Do not excessively twist or bend the power cord, nor place heavy objects on it. Doing so can damage the cord, producing severed elements and short circuits. Damaged cords are fire and shock hazards!



#### **⚠WARNING**

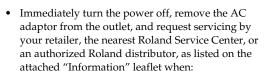
This unit, either alone or in combination with an amplifier and headphones or speakers, may be capable of producing sound levels that could cause permanent hearing loss. Do not operate for a long period of time at a high volume level, or at a level that is uncomfortable. If you experience any hearing loss or ringing in the ears, you should immediately stop using the unit, and consult an audiologist.



Do not allow any objects (e.g., flammable material, coins, pins); or liquids of any kind (water, soft drinks, etc.) to penetrate the unit.

.....







- The AC adaptor or the power-supply cord has been damaged; or
- · If smoke or unusual odor occurs
- Objects have fallen into, or liquid has been spilled onto the unit; or
- The unit has been exposed to rain (or otherwise has become wet); or
- The unit does not appear to operate normally or exhibits a marked change in performance.



In households with small children, an adult should provide supervision until the child is capable of following all the rules essential for the safe operation of the unit.



To prevent accidents, never allow small children to play near the drum kit.

.....



Protect the unit from strong impact. (Do not drop it!)



Do not force the unit's power-supply cord to share an outlet with an unreasonable number of other devices. Be especially careful when using extension cords—the total power used by all devices you have connected to the extension cord's outlet must never exceed the power rating (watts/amperes) for the extension cord. Excessive loads can cause the insulation on the cord to heat up and eventually melt through.



Before using the unit in a foreign country, consult with your retailer, the nearest Roland Service Center, or an authorized Roland distributor, as listed on the attached "Information" leaflet.



#### **⚠WARNING**

The unit and the AC adaptor should be located so their location or position does not interfere with their proper ventilation.

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This unit for use only with Roland stand (or cart). Use with other stands (or carts) is capable of resulting in instability causing possible injury.



Always grasp only the output plug or the body of the AC adaptor when plugging into, or unplugging from, this unit or an outlet.

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At regular intervals, you should unplug the AC adaptor and clean it by using a dry cloth to wipe all dust and other accumulations away from its prongs. Also, disconnect the power plug from the power outlet whenever the unit is to remain unused for an extended period of time. Any accumulation of dust between the power plug and the power outlet can result in poor insulation and lead to fire.



Try to prevent cords and cables from becoming entangled. Also, all cords and cables should be placed so they are out of the reach of children.



Never climb on top of, nor place heavy objects on



Never handle the AC adaptor body, or its output plugs, with wet hands when plugging into, or unplugging from, an outlet or this unit.



Before moving the unit, disconnect the AC adaptor and all cords coming from external devices. If you need to move the entire drum kit at once, please get at least one other person to help, and while keeping it level, lift and move the whole kit slowly. Make sure to have a firm grip, to protect yourself from injury and the instrument from damage.



- · Check to make sure the screws securing the unit to the stand have not become loose. Fasten them again securely whenever you notice any loosening.
- Before cleaning the unit, turn off the power and unplug the AC adaptor from the outlet (p. 22).



Whenever you suspect the possibility of lightning in your area, disconnect the AC adaptor from the outlet.

.....



Should you remove nuts, washers, screws, anchor bolts, etc., make sure to put them in a safe place out of children's reach, so there is no chance of them being swallowed accidentally.

.....



## **IMPORTANT NOTES**

In addition to the items listed under "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" on page 2–3, please read and observe the following:

## **Power Supply**

- Do not use this unit on the same power circuit with any device that will generate line noise (such as an electric motor or variable lighting system).
- The AC adaptor will begin to generate heat after long hours of consecutive use. This is normal, and is not a cause for concern.
- Before connecting this unit to other devices, turn off the power to all units. This will help prevent malfunctions and/or damage to speakers or other devices.

#### **Placement**

- Using the unit near power amplifiers (or other equipment containing large power transformers) may induce hum. To alleviate the problem, change the orientation of this unit; or move it farther away from the source of interference.
- This device may interfere with radio and television reception. Do not use this device in the vicinity of such receivers.
- Noise may be produced if wireless communications devices, such as cell phones, are operated in the vicinity of this unit. Such noise could occur when receiving or initiating a call, or while conversing. Should you experience such problems, you should relocate such wireless devices so they are at a greater distance from this unit, or switch them off.
- Do not expose the unit to direct sunlight, place it near devices that radiate heat, leave it inside an enclosed vehicle, or otherwise subject it to temperature extremes. Excessive heat can deform or discolor the unit.
- When moved from one location to another where the temperature and/or humidity is very different, water droplets (condensation) may form inside the unit. Damage or malfunction may result if you attempt to use the unit in this condition. Therefore, before using the unit, you must allow it to stand for several hours, until the condensation has completely evaporated.
- Do not allow rubber, vinyl, or similar materials to remain on the unit for long periods of time. Such objects can discolor or otherwise harmfully affect the finish.
- To avoid possible breakdown, do not use the unit in a wet area, such as an area exposed to rain or other moisture.
- Do not put anything that contains water (e.g., flower vases)
  on the unit. Also, avoid the use of insecticides, perfumes,
  alcohol, nail polish, spray cans, etc., near the unit. Swiftly
  wipe away any liquid that spills on the unit using a dry,
  soft cloth.

### **Maintenance**

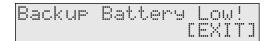
- For everyday cleaning wipe the unit with a soft, dry cloth or one that has been slightly dampened with water. To remove stubborn dirt, use a cloth impregnated with a mild, non-abrasive detergent. Afterwards, be sure to wipe the unit thoroughly with a soft, dry cloth.
- Never use benzine, thinners, alcohol or solvents of any kind, to avoid the possibility of discoloration and/or deformation.

### **Repairs and Data**

Please be aware that all data contained in the unit's
memory may be lost when the unit is sent for repairs.
Important data should always be backed up in another
MIDI device (e.g., a sequencer), or written down on paper
(when possible). During repairs, due care is taken to avoid
the loss of data. However, in certain cases (such as when
circuitry related to memory itself is out of order), we regret
that it may not be possible to restore the data, and Roland
assumes no liability concerning such loss of data.

### Memory Backup

• This unit contains a battery which powers the unit's memory circuits while the main power is off. When this battery becomes weak, the message shown below will appear in the display. Once you see this message, have the battery replaced with a fresh one as soon as possible to avoid the loss of all data in memory. To have the battery replaced, consult with your retailer, the nearest Roland Service Center, or an authorized Roland distributor, as listed on the attached "Information" leaflet.



#### **Additional Precautions**

- Please be aware that the contents of memory can be irretrievably lost as a result of a malfunction, or the improper operation of the unit. To protect yourself against the risk of loosing important data, we recommend that you periodically save a backup copy of important data you have stored in the unit's memory in another MIDI device (e.g., a sequencer).
- Unfortunately, it may be impossible to restore the contents
  of data that was stored in another MIDI device (e.g., a
  sequencer) once it has been lost. Roland Corporation
  assumes no liability concerning such loss of data.
- Use a reasonable amount of care when using the unit's buttons, sliders, or other controls; and when using its jacks and connectors. Rough handling can lead to malfunctions.
- Never strike or apply strong pressure to the display.
- When connecting / disconnecting all cables, grasp the connector itself—never pull on the cable. This way you will avoid causing shorts, or damage to the cable's internal elements.
- To avoid disturbing your neighbors, try to keep the unit's volume at reasonable levels. You may prefer to use headphones, so you do not need to be concerned about those around you (especially when it is late at night).
- Since sound vibrations can be transmitted through floors and walls to a greater degree than expected, take care not to allow such sound to become a nuisance to neighbors, especially at night and when using headphones. Although the drum pads and pedals are designed so there is a minimal amount of extraneous sound produced when they're struck, rubber heads tend to produce louder sounds compared to mesh heads. You can effectively reduce much of the unwanted sound from the pads by switching to mesh heads.
- When you need to transport the unit, package it in the box (including padding) that it came in, if possible. Otherwise, you will need to use equivalent packaging materials.
- Use a cable from Roland to make the connection. If using some other make of connection cable, please note the following precautions.
  - Some connection cables contain resistors. Do not use cables that incorporate resistors for connecting to this unit. The use of such cables can cause the sound level to be extremely low, or impossible to hear. For information on cable specifications, contact the manufacturer of the cable.

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## **Features**

## Full Palette of Internal Sounds for All Uses, from Practice to Live Performance

#### ■ Includes 99 Different Drum Kits

You can immediately start playing any of a variety of drum kits, just by selecting the drum kit. Whether for practice or live performances, these kits can be applied in a wide range of situations.

#### ■ 1, 024 Drum Instruments

You can combine different drum instruments used in a wide range of musical genres to create your own original drum kits.

#### ■ 170 Different Preset Songs

To get right down to practicing, you merely need to select a Preset song. Then you can play the drum part just by muting only the Preset song's drum performance.

You also get 100 internal songs that you can use to record your own drum performances (User songs).

#### ■ 262 Backing Instruments

The TD-6V's abundance of backing instruments allow you to record in a variety of musical genres.

### **Rich Expression**

#### **■** Compatible with mesh head V-PADs

Roland's mesh head V-Pads, known for their natural drum-like feel, can be used with the TD-6KV, also offering compatability with dual tom trigger

- Cross Stick Technique Available (p. 36)
- Play Rim Shots (p. 36), Cymbal Edge Shots (p. 37), and Use Cymbal Choking (p. 38)
- Pitch Control Available with the Hi-Hat Control Pedal (p. 64)
  You can use the hi-hat control pedal to change the pitch of the pad instruments.
- **■** Compatible with tom dual triggers

## Function and Operations Perfect for Live Performances

- Flat Top Design for Great Visibility
- Buttons Light for Easy Operation, Even On Stage
- Large [+] and [-] Buttons That Can Be Operated Even with Drum Sticks

## **Convenient Functions for Practicing**

- Includes Metronome (Click) (p. 79)
- Includes Part Mute Function for Muting of Specific Parts When Playing With Preset Songs (p. 48, p. 77)

## **Expandability/Compatibility**

■ Also Compatible With

Pads (PD-6, PD-7, PD-8, PD-9, PD-80, PD-80R, PD-85, PD-100, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125) Cymbals (CY-6, CY-8, CY-12H, CY-12R/C, CY-14C, CY-15R) Kick Trigger Units (KD-7, KD-8, KD-80, KD-85, KD-120) Hi-Hat Control Pedals (FD-7, FD-8)

- Use the TD-6V As a MIDI Sound Module With an External Sequencer (p. 106)
- Support for General MIDI (p. 52, p. 99)

The TD-6V has a GM mode that can play back GM scores.

This mode includes a function allowing you to mute the sound only of a specified part during playback of GM scores. This is a very convenient feature for practicing and playing along.

### General MIDI (mili) System

General MIDI is a set of recommendations which seeks to provide a way to go beyond the limitations of proprietary designs, and standardize the MIDI capabilities of sound generating devices. Sound generating devices and music files that meet the General MIDI standard bear the General MIDI logo ( ).

Music files bearing the General MIDI logo can be played back using any General MIDI sound generating unit to produce essentially the same musical performance.

## **How to Use This Manual**

## **Composition of This Manual**

This owner's manual is organized as follows.

#### Setup Guide (p. 15)

For those using the TD-6V for the first time, this volume explains the preparations needed for playing sounds, including how to set up the stand, make pad settings, and turn on the TD-6V's power. Also provided are explanations of how to combine the TD-6V with other optional pads for fullest utilization of the TD-6V's features and functions.

#### Quick Start (p. 39)

This contains descriptions explaining how to easily enjoy performing with the TD-6V's numerous internal drum kits and Preset songs.

#### Advanced Use (p. 53)

The TD-6V allows you use the drum kits you like to create new drum kits and to create songs from recordings of what you play. This section provides detailed explanations of all of the TD-6V's functions.

- Chapter 1 Functions For Creating Drum Kits (p. 54) Here are the settings used for creating sounds.
- Chapter 2 Functions For Correctly Performing with the Pads (p. 69)

This describes the settings you need to make in order to get the most expression from the TD-6V and pads.

- Chapter 3 TD-6V Settings (p. 76)
  - Included in this section are settings such as display contrast and song volume that are applied to the TD-6V as a whole.
- Chapters 4–6 Using the sequencer and related functions (p. 79)

Found here are metronome (click) settings, as well as song performance, recording, editing, and other settings for sequencers.

 Chapters 7–8 MIDI Settings and Examples of How MIDI Is Used (p. 95)

This chapter explains how to use MIDI —whether it be for saving data to an external device, or for using the TD-6V as a General MIDI sound module.

#### Appendices (p. 109)

If you run into problems, refer to "Troubleshooting" to make sure that the settings are correct. If an error message appears during operation, refer to "Messages and Error Messages" and take appropriate action. This section also provides various lists, and the MIDI implementation charts.

### **Terms Used in This Manual**

- Button names are enclosed in square brackets "[]," as in [KIT] button.
- (p. \*\*) indicates a reference page.
- Steps in operations may be abbreviated as described below.

 $[KIT] \rightarrow [EDIT]$ 

- 1. Press [KIT].
- **2.** Press [EDIT].

[SHIFT] + [KIT]

- 1. While holding down [SHIFT], press [KIT].
- The functions of some buttons, such as [EDIT (SETUP)], change if pressed while [SHIFT] is held down; the function that is enabled when [SHIFT] is held down is shown in parentheses.
- Symbols appearing before the beginning of sentences in the manual have the following meanings.



These indicate cautionary notes. Be sure to read them.



These are memos containing information regarding settings and functions. Read it as necessary.



These are useful hints for operation. Read it as necessary.



These point to reference information. Read it as necessary.



These are descriptions of terminology. Read it as necessary.

\* The explanations in this manual include illustrations that depict what should typically be shown by the display. Note, however, that your unit may incorporate a newer, enhanced version of the system (e.g., includes newer sounds), so what you actually see in the display may not always match what appears in the manual.

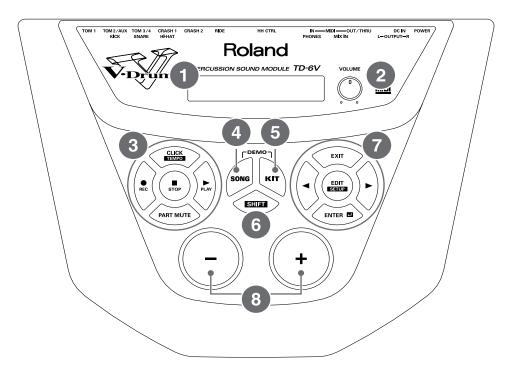


PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE TD-6V

# Setup Guide

## **Panel Descriptions**

### **Front Panel**



### Display

The screen displays information, indicating the drum kit name, song name, and settings etc.

### VOLUME Knob

Adjusts the volume of the TD-6V (p. 24). Even when headphones are connected, sound will still be output from the various output jacks.

### 3 Sequencer Section

#### CLICK (TEMPO) Button

Turn the click on/off (p. 41). When you hold down the [SHIFT] button and press the [CLICK (TEMPO)] button, the tempo settings screen appears in the display (p. 43, p. 47).

#### • REC ● Button

Calls up the recording settings screen (Recording Standby; p. 93).

#### STOP ■ Button

Stop song playback (p. 45). When pressed while the song is stopped, this returns you to the beginning of the song.

#### • PLAY ► Button

Play back the song (p. 45). Starts recording if pressed when the TD-6V is in recording standby mode (p. 93).

#### PART MUTE Button

Mutes the performance of specified parts (p. 48).

#### SONG Button

Calls up the song's basic settings screen (p. 82).

### **6** KIT Button

Calls up the drum kit's basic settings screen (p. 55).

#### 6 SHIFT Button

Used in conjunction with other buttons.

	n with other buttons.
Operation	Function
[SHIFT] + [KIT]	Gives a preview of the sound of the instrument assigned to the selected pad (Preview; p. 56)
[SHIFT] + [ ◀], [ ▶ ]	<ul> <li>Selects the trigger input (Trigger Select; p. 56)</li> <li>Deletes or inserts one character when setting drum kit names and song names (p. 67, p. 87)</li> </ul>
[SHIFT] + [CLICK (TEMPO)]	Displays the tempo settings screen (p. 43, p. 47)
[SHIFT] + [EDIT (SETUP)]	For making overall settings for the TD-6V (Setup; p. 69, p. 76, p. 92)
[SHIFT] + [SONG]	Displays the volume settings screen for the backing instruments (melodic and other instruments) (p. 46)
[SHIFT] + [PLAY ▶ ]	While the song is playing back, the buttons corresponding to the percussion pad drum tones are lit (p. 45).
[SHIFT] + [STOP ■ ]	Jumps to songs that have not been used (new User songs) (p. 92)
[SHIFT] + [PART MUTE]	Displays the settings screen for muting parts (p. 77)
[SHIFT] + [+], [-]	<ul> <li>For making large changes at a time in the values of settings</li> <li>Changes instrument groups and song categories (p. 57, p. 83)</li> <li>Switches uppercase and lowercase letters and symbols when setting drum kit names and song names (p. 67, p. 87)</li> </ul>

### Editing section

#### EXIT Button

Returns to the previous stage screen. When pressed a number of times, the display returns to either the Drum Kit screen or the Song screen.

#### • **◄**, **▶** Button

These switch the screen if pressed when "4" or "\*" is shown in the display.

You can select the trigger input by holding down the [SHIFT] button and pressing [ $\triangleleft$ ] or [ $\triangleright$ ] (p. 56).

In the SONG screen, rewinding and fast forwarding are carried out in one-measure units (p. 45). You can select the kit in the KIT screen.

#### • EDIT (SETUP) Button

Displays the drum kit or song settings screen. By holding down the [SHIFT] button and pressing the [EDIT (SETUP)] button, you can make overall settings for the TD-6V.

#### 

Switches the screen if pressed when " III" is shown in the display.

## + (Increment) Button,- (Decrement) Button

These are used to switch drum kits and songs and to make changes in the settings values.

- Pressing the [+] button increases the value, and pressing the [-] button decreases the value.
- When making an on/off setting, [+] will turn the setting on and [-] will turn it off.
- When [SHIFT] is held down and [+] or [-] is pressed, settings values are then changed in larger increments or decrements.
- When [+] is held down and then [-] is pressed, settings values increase rapidly; when [DEC/+] is held down and then [-] is pressed, settings values then decrease rapidly.

#### **Rear Panel**



9 POWER Switch

Switch turns the power on/off (p. 23).

10 Cord Hook

Anchor the power cord (p. 22).

AC Adaptor Jack

Connect the supplied AC adaptor to this jack (p. 22).

OUTPUT Jacks (L (MONO), R)

Connect these to your amp or audio system. For monaural output use the L/MONO jack (p. 22).

13 MIX IN Jack

Connect this to your CD, MD, cassette player, or other similar device (p. 51).

The sound that is input to this jack will be output from the OUTPUT jacks and the PHONES jack.

PHONES Jack

A pair of stereo headphones can be connected to this jack (p. 22).

Even when headphones are connected, sound will still be output from the output jacks.

MIDI Connectors (IN, OUT/THRU)

Use these connectors when using a MIDI sequencer, MIDI keyboard, or other MIDI device to play sounds with the TD-6V, when using the TD-6V and pads to play sounds from an external MIDI sound generator, or when saving the TD-6V's settings to, or loading settings from a MIDI sequencer.

16 HH CTRL (Hi-Hat Control) Jack

Connect a hi-hat control pedal (FD-8) here. (p. 20)

**TRIGGER INPUTS** 

Use these inputs to connect optional pads, cymbals, and kick trigger units to the TD-6V (p. 20).

For more detailed information on each trigger input, refer to "Trigger Inputs and the Pads You Can Use" (p. 33).

18 Security Slot (1)

http://www.kensington.com/

## Making the Settings

## Mounting the TD-6V to the Stand

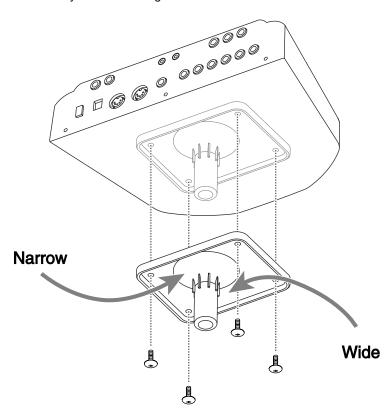
1

Attach the stand holder (included with the optional drum stand) to the TD-6V.

Using the screws attached to the bottom panel, attach the holder so the unit is oriented as shown in the diagram.



Use the 8 mm screws (M5 x 8) provided with the TD-6V. Use of other screws may result in damage to the unit.





- When turning the unit upside-down, get a bunch of newspapers or magazines, and place them under the four corners or at both ends to prevent damage to the buttons and controls. Also, you should try to orient the unit so no buttons or controls get damaged.
- When turning the unit upside-down, handle with care to avoid dropping it, or allowing it to fall or tip over.

2

Attach the TD-6V and stand holder to the drum stand (such as the optional MDS-3C, MDS-8C, or MDS-20).

For details on assembling the drum stand and attaching the TD-6V, refer to the owner's manual for the drum stand.

#### MEMO

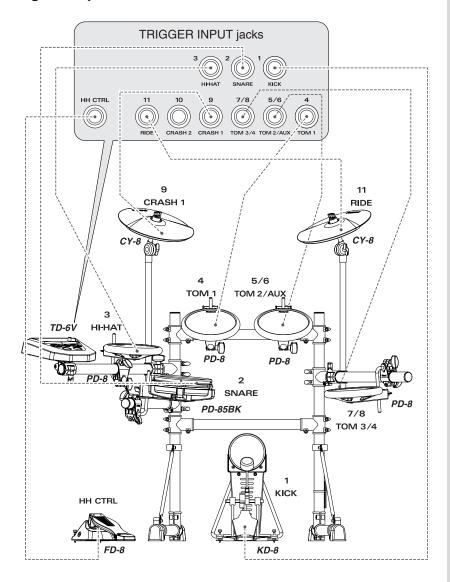
To attach the TD-6V to a cymbal stand or other such stand, you may want to use the optional APC-33 All Purpose Clamp to secure the stand holder. It can be attached to a pipe of 10.5 mm-30 mm radius.

## Connecting the Pads and the Pedals

Using the provided cables, connect the pads, cymbal pads, hi-hat control pedal, and kick trigger unit.

Carefully refer to the numbers shown in the illustration and connect to the appropriate TRIGGER INPUT jacks on the TD-6V's rear panel.

#### **Setting Example**





Before using pads with mesh heads (PD-80, PD-80R, PD-85, PD-100, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125, KD-80, KD-85, KD-120, or RP-2), be sure to adjust the head tension. Striking the head when the head tension is loose may damage the sensor. For more information on adjusting the head tension, refer to the owner's manual for each pad.

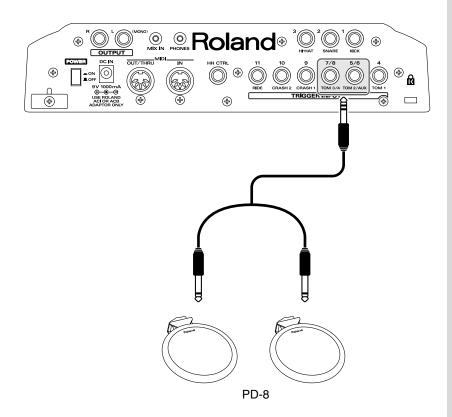
#### MEMO

For fullest performance expression, make exclusive use of Roland's line of optional pads (PD-6, PD-7, PD-8, PD-9, PD-80R, PD-80R, PD-100, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125, and RP-2), cymbals (CY-6, CY-8, CY-12H, CY-12R/C, CY-14C, and CY-15R), and kick trigger units (KD-7, KD-8, KD-80, KD-85, and KD-120).

## ■ Connecting Two Pads to Trigger Inputs 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4)

With the optional cable (PCS-31) or standard insert cable, two pads may be connected to the trigger inputs 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4). For instructions on making these settings, refer to p. 69.

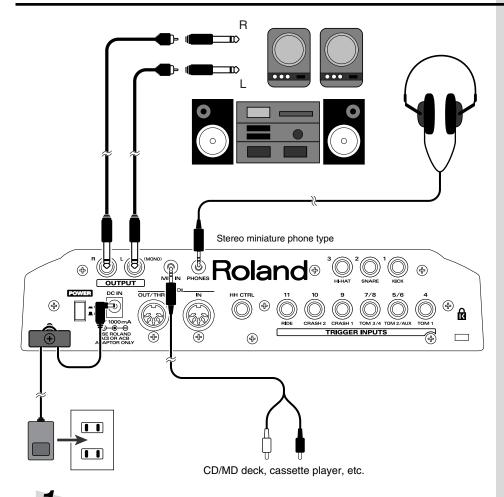
#### **TD-6V Rear Panel**





When using an optional PCS-31 or standard "insert" cable (Stereo to dual mono jacks) to connect two pads to 1 input (5/6 or 7/8) rim shots are not be possible. If you use a single pad (with rim shot function) connected via a stereo cable, then rim shots are of course possible.

## Connecting Headphones, Audio Equipment, Amps, and Other Gear



Turn off the power of all devices before you make connections.



To prevent malfunction and/or damage to speakers or other devices, always turn down the volume, and turn off the power on all devices before making any connections.

- **2**Connect the supplied AC adaptor to the AC adaptor jack.
- Connect the OUTPUT L(MONO) and R jacks on the rear panel to your audio system or amp. If using headphones, connect them to the PHONES jack.
- Plug the AC adaptor plug into a power outlet.



To prevent the inadvertent disruption of power to your unit (should the plug be pulled out accidentally), and to avoid applying undue stress to the AC adaptor jack, anchor the power cord using the cord hook, as shown in the illustration.

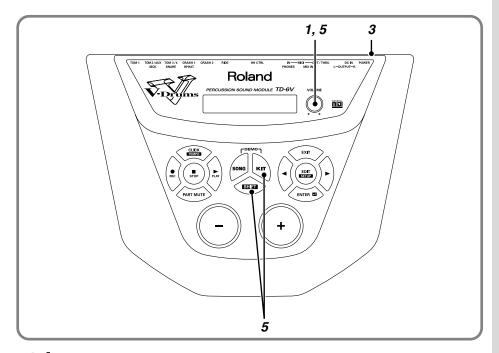


Using the TD-6V's MIX IN Jack, allows you to play along with a CD or other such sound input (p. 51).

## **Turning On/Off the Power**



Once the connections have been completed (p. 22), turn on power to your various devices in the order specified. By turning on devices in the wrong order, you risk causing malfunction and/or damage to speakers and other devices.



- Turn the [VOLUME] knob completely to the left to lower the volume to the minimum level.
- Turn down the volume control on the connected amp or audio system.
- Press the [POWER] button to turn on the power.

#### **Precautions When Turning on the Power**

After the power is turned on, the drum kit name (shown in the following figure) appears in the display; do NOT press any pad or pedal until [KIT] has lighted.







This unit is equipped with a protection circuit. A brief interval (a few seconds) after power up is required before the unit will operate normally.

#### MEMO

If the hi-hat control pedal is pressed when the power is turned on, control of the hi-hat's opening and closing will not work correctly. Striking the pads when turning on the power degrades the pad response when the pads are struck lightly.

#### **Turning On/Off the Power**

4

Turn on the power to the connected amp or audio system.

5

Press [SHIFT] + [KIT] (PREVIEW) or strike the pad, and while listening to the sound, gradually bring up [VOLUME] to adjust the volume level.

Also raise the volume level of the connected amp or audio system to the appropriate level.

#### No Sound Even When Pressing [SHIFT] + [KIT] (PREVIEW)

Check the following points.

#### When Using an Amp or Audio System

- Is the amp or audio system volume setting correct?
- Are the TD-6V and the amp or audio system connected correctly?
- Is there a problem with any connector cable?
- Have the input select settings of your audio system or amp been made correctly?

#### When using headphones:

• Are the headphones connected to the [PHONES] jack?

### NOTE

## Caution Concerning Volume

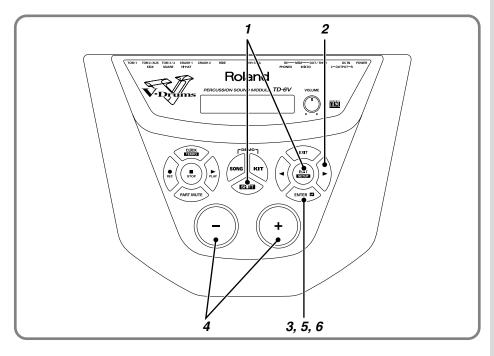
If the volume levels used when striking the pads are left unchanged when playing back demo songs or other songs, the volume may increase suddenly, which may cause ear pain and damaged speakers. Before playing back songs or patterns, rotate the [VOLUME] knob counterclockwise to lower the volume levels, then readjust to a suitable volume while listening to the playback.

## **Turning Off the Power**

- Completely turn down the volume of the TD-6V and any connected external devices.
- Turn off the power to all external devices.
- Press the TD-6V's [POWER] switch to turn off the power.

## Restoring the Factory Settings (Factory Reset)

This restores the pad and instrument settings, song data, and other information stored in the TD-6V to the original factory settings.



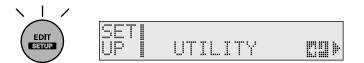


All data and settings stored in the TD-6V are lost in carrying out this operation. Use the "Bulk Dump" operation to save crucial data and settings to an external MIDI device (SETUP/BULK DUMP/Bulk Dump; p. 103).

For more information about data compatibility between the TD-6 and the TD-6V, refer to p. 103.

While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT (SETUP)] lights.



Press [►] to select "FactoryReset."



**3** Press [ENTER □ ].

The Factory Reset screen appears.





When [SHIFT] and [EDIT (SETUP)] are held down when the power is turned on, the display jumps to the Factory Reset screen. When carrying out Factory Reset, read from Step 4.

#### Restoring the Factory Settings (Factory Reset)



Press [+] or [-] to select the parameter you want to restore to factory settings.

Here, select "ALL" to restore all of the settings to the original factory values.

#### ALL:

All internal settings will be restored to the factory settings.

#### THIS DRUM KIT:

Only the settings for the currently selected drum kit are restored to the factory settings.

#### **ALL DRUM KITS:**

The settings for all of the TD-6V's internal drum kits are restored to the

factory settings.

#### **ALL SONGS:**

All of the TD-6V's internal song data is restored to the factory settings.



#### Press [ENTER □].

The confirmation screen appears.





If you're ready to proceed, press [ENTER  $\ensuremath{\square}$ ], and the Factory Reset operation will be executed.



When the Factory Reset is finished, the Completed screen appears.

Completed!

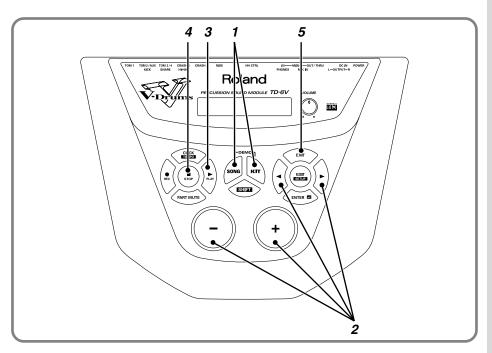


Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.

## Listening to the Demo Songs

The TD-6V features five demo songs demonstrating the TD-6V's sounds and expressive capabilities.

The drums played on the demo songs were played in real time into a sequencer.





While holding down [KIT], press [SONG].

The "DEMONSTRATION" screen appears.

TD-6 DEMONSTRATION
1.HOW NOW

### NOTE

- All rights reserved.
   Unauthorized use of this material for purposes other than private, personal enjoyment is a violation of applicable laws.
- No data for the music that is played will be output from MIDI OUT.

#### Listening to the Demo Songs

2

Press [+] or [-], or press [ ◀ ] or [ ▶ ] to select the song to play back.

#### 1. How Now

Copyright © 2003, Roland Corporation Drum kit being used: #11 "PopKit X"

#### 2. TC R&B

Copyright © 2001, Roland Corporation Drum kit being used: #80 "AcuStick"

#### 3. CREOLET1

Copyright © 2001, Roland Corporation Drum kit being used: #1 "RoseWood"

#### 4. CREOLET2

Copyright © 2001, Roland Corporation Drum kit being used: #17 "Natural"

#### 5. SNAG LTN

Copyright © 2001, Roland Corporation Drum kit being used: #13 "Groove"

3

#### Press [PLAY ▶ ].

Playback of the demo songs begins, and the five demo songs are played continuously in sequence.

4

When you want to stop the performance, press [STOP  $\blacksquare$  ].

5

When you have finished listening to the demo song, press [KIT], [SONG] or [EXIT].



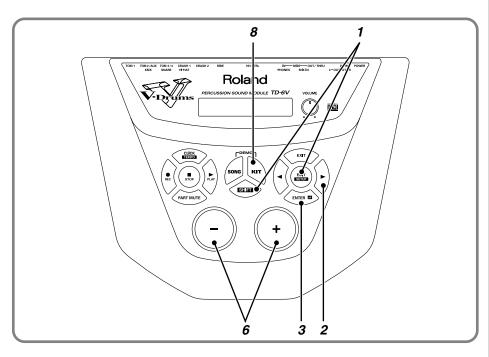
## Caution Concerning Volume

If the volume levels used when striking the pads are left unchanged when playing back demo songs, the volume may increase suddenly, which may cause ear pain and damaged speakers. When playing back demo songs, rotate [VOLUME] to the left (counterclockwise) to bring the volume level back down, then while playing back the song, readjust the volume to an appropriate level.

## **Selecting the Pad Type**

Make the settings for the type of pads to be used (**trigger type**) to ensure that the TD-6V accurately receives what is being played on the pads. Set each trigger input as described below.

Settings optimized for the TD-6K are provided in factory settings on the TD-6V.



While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT (SETUP)] lights.



Press [ ▶ ] to select "TRIG BASIC."



Press [ENTER 🕘 ].



#### MEMO

The following parameters are automatically set to the most efficient values for each pad when you select the trigger type.

## Basic Trigger Parameters (SETUP/TRIG BASIC; p. 71)

- Sensitivity
- Threshold
- TrigCurve

#### Advanced Trigger Parameters (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD; p. 73)

- Scan Time
- Retrig Cancel
- Mask Time
- Rim Sens



The trigger parameters should be adjusted as necessary to match the actual state of your configuration, and the environment in which it is being used.

#### Selecting the Pad Type

4

Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.



**5** 

Select the most suitable trigger type from the following chart for the pad you are using.

Pad	Trigger Type	Pad	Trigger Type	Pad	Trigger Type
PD-8	PD-8	PD-105	PD-125	CY-6	CY Type
PD-6	PD Type	PD-125		CY-12H	
PD-7		KD-8	KD-8	CY-12R/C	
PD-9		KD-7	KD Type	CY-14C	
RP-2	PD-80R	KD-80		CY-15R	
PD-80		KD-85		RT-7K	RT-7K
PD-80R		KD-120		RT-5S	RT-5S
PD-85		CY-8	CY-8	RT-3T	RT-3T
PD-100				RIM Edge	RIM
PD-120	PD-120				

6

Press [+] or [-] to select the trigger type.

7

Repeat Steps 4-6 to set the trigger type for each pad.

8

Press [KIT].

[KIT] lights, and the Drum Kit screen appears.





9

Strike the pads and press the pedals to check the following.

- Are sounds being played with all pads and pedals?
- Is the right instrument for each pad being played?

If the correct sound is not being played, check the pad settings once more and refer to "Troubleshooting" (p. 110).



You can also make the selection by pressing [SHIFT] + [ ◀] or

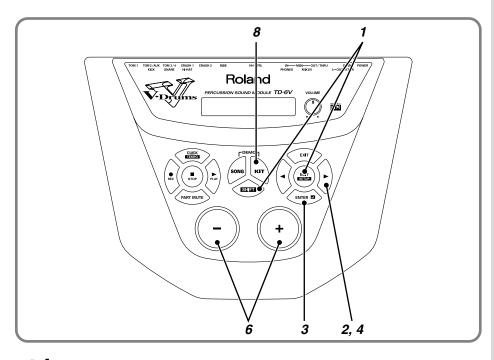
[SHIFT] + [ ▶ ] (Trigger Select).



These settings apply to both the head and the rim.

## Adjusting the Sensitivity of the Pad

You may wish to adjust the sensitivity of the pads to accommodate your personal taste and style of performing. Adjusting the TD-6V's sensitivity allows you to change the correlation between your playing velocity (strength) and the response and volume of the sound.

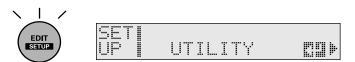


#### MEMO

The sensitivity setting is automatically set to the most efficient values for each pad when you select the trigger type (p. 29). Adjust as needed.

While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT (SETUP)] lights.



Press [►] to select "TRIG BASIC."



**3** Press [ENTER 🕘 ].

#### Adjusting the Sensitivity of the Pad

4

Press [ ▶ ] to select "Sensitivity."



5

Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.



6

Press [+] or [-] to adjust the sensitivity of the pads.

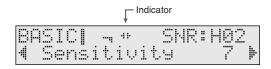
Here you can make a setting of 1–16.

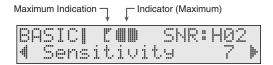
Higher settings result in higher sensitivity, so that the pad will produce a loud volume even when struck softly.

Lower settings result in lower sensitivity, so that the pad will produce a low volume even when struck forcefully.

#### **Setting the Overall Target**

Set the sensitivity so that the indicator reaches the maximum position when you play with your maximum dynamics. A flag, such as shown in the following, is raised when the indicator reaches the maximum position (  $\neg \neg$   $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{F}$  ).





7

Repeat Steps 5 and 6 to make any other necessary pad sensitivity adjustments.

8

Press [KIT].

[KIT] lights, and the Drum Kit screen appears.





HINT

You can also make the selection by pressing [SHIFT] + [ ◀] or

[SHIFT] + [ ► ] (Trigger Select).

MEMO

These settings apply to both the head and the rim.

#### MEMO

With electronic drum kits, overall volume is another important element.
Listening at low volumes may make it seem that there is too little change in volume, so you might raise the sensitivity excessively without really needing to. In order to make these settings correctly, adjust the volume of amps or headphones to appropriate levels.

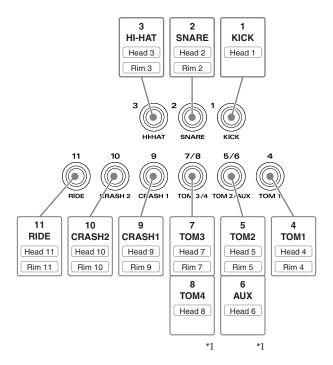
## **About the Pads**

## Trigger Inputs and the Pads You Can Use

Although you can use previous model pads, kick trigger units, and other such devices with the TD-6V, there may be incompatibilities between pads and trigger inputs, which may prevent you from being able to perform on some pads.

### **■** Trigger Input Functions

The following shows the available trigger input functions.



\*1: By using an optional cable (the PCS-31) or standard insert cable, you can use two pads to a single trigger input jack. In this case, the rim sounds of "Trigger Input 5 (TOM2)" and "Trigger Input 7 (TOM 3)" become unavailable. For more on how to make the necessary connections, refer to p. 21.



Use the cable provided with the pad to connect the pad to the TD-6V. The rim sound becomes unavailable when you use a monaural cable to connect a pad that is capable of playing rim shots and chokes.

### ■ Combinations of Pad and Trigger Type

To enjoy full use of all the functionality offered by the TD-6V and your pads, be sure to review the following chart and select the pads best suited for your aims.

							Trigg	er Input	Jacks				
			1 (KIK)	2 (SNR)	3 (HH)	4 (T1)	5 (T2)	6 (AUX)	7 (T3)	8 (T4)	9 (CR1)	10 (CR2)	11 (RD)
Kick Trigger Units	KD-7 KD-8 KD-80 KD-85 KD-120	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PD-6 PD-100	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PD-7 PD-8	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pads	PD-8 PD-9	Rim, Choke		0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0
Δ.	PD-80 RP-2	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PD-80R PD-85 PD-120	Head	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PD-120 PD-105 PD-125	Rim		0	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Х
	CY-6 CY-8	Head (Bow)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cymbals	CY-12H CY-14C	Rim (Edge), Choke		0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0
ે	CY-12R/C	Head (Bow)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CY-15R *1	Rim (Edge/Bow), Choke		0	0	0	0		0		0	0	0

O: Can be used.

X: Cannot be used.

Slash: These trigger inputs do not handle rim sounds.

\*1: When choking is applied to the CY-12R/C or the CY-15R, you can then play either edge shots or bell shots.

\*2

\*2: TRIGGER INPUTS 6 (AUX) and 8 (TOM) can only be used when using an optional cable (PCS-31) or standard insert cable to connect two pads to one trigger input jack. For more detailed information, refer to the previous section.

#### **■** Recommended Parameters for the Pads

The trigger parameters (except the Xtalk Cancel) are automatically set to the most efficient values for each pad when you select the trigger type.

The trigger parameters should be adjusted as necessary to match the actual state of your configuration, and the environment in which it is being used. Make settings for the parameters as needed (Basic Trigger Parameters: p. 71; Advanced Trigger Parameters: p. 73).

Pad	Pad					
Pad	PD-8	PD-8				
	PD-6	PD Type				
	PD-7					
	PD-9					
	RP-2	PD-80R				
	PD-80					
	PD-80R					
	PD-85					
	PD-100					
	PD-120	PD-120				
	PD-105	PD-125				
	PD-125					
Kick Trigger Unit	KD-8	KD-8				
	KD-7	KD Type				
	KD-80					
	KD-85					
	KD-120					
Cymbal	CY-8	CY-8				
	CY-6	CY Type				
	CY-12H					
	CY-12R/C					
	CY-14C					
	CY-15R					
Acoustic Drum Trigger	RT-7K	RT-7K				
	RT-5S	RT-5S				
	RT-3T	RT-3T				
Rim	Rim Edge	RIM				



The "Xtalk Cancel (Crosstalk Cancel)" value does not change when the trigger type is changed. It should be adjusted as necessary to match the actual state of your configuration and the environment in which it is being used (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Xtalk Cancel; p. 73).



• Use the "RT-7K," "RT-5S," or "RT-3T" setting when you use acoustic drums to sound the TD-6V. For details refer to "Using the TD-6V with Acoustic Triggers" (p. 75).

## **Playing the Pads**

#### ■ Pad Head Shots and Rim Shots

When you perform a head shot, the head instrument is played; rim shots produce the sound of the rim instrument.

To play a rim shot, you must strike both the head and the rim of the pad simultaneously.

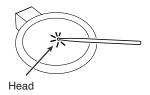
#### PD-7, PD-8, PD-9, PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125:

Both head and rim shots are available.

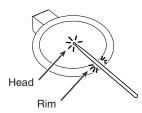
PD-6, PD-80, PD-100, RP-2:

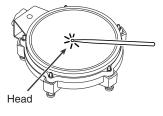
Only head shots are available

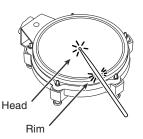
#### **Head Shot**



#### **Rim Shot**

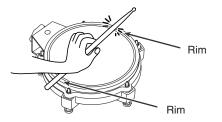






#### ■ Cross Stick

When you perform a cross stick, the rim instrument is played. When using the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120, or PD-125 to play the cross stick, be sure that you only strike the rim (outer edge) of the pad. Placing your hand on the head (center area) of the pad prevents the cross stick sound from being played properly.



#### MEMO

When using rim shots on the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125, connect the pad to TRIGGER INPUT 2 (SNARE).

#### MEMO

- When using rim shots on the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125, connect the pad to TRIGGER INPUT 2 (SNARE).
- The cross stick is also referred to as a "closed rim shot."

#### HINT

By selecting the instruments with "XS" after the instrument name, playing a rim shot produces a rim shot tone, and cross sticking gives a cross stick tone.

### **■** Cymbal Bow Shots/Edge Shots/Bell Shots

When you perform a bow shot, the head instrument is played; edge shots and bell shots produce the sound of the rim instrument.

#### CY-6, CY-12H, CY-14C:

Capable of bow shots and edge shots.

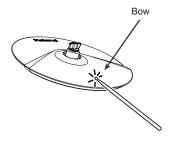
#### CY-12R/C, CY-15R:

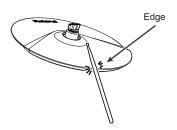
In addition to bow shots, either edge shots or bell shots can be played.

Bell shots are played by striking the bell somewhat strongly with the shoulder of the stick.

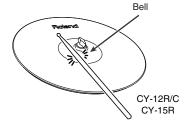
**Bow Shot** 

Edge Shot





**Bell Shot** 

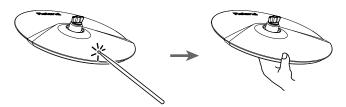


#### MEMO

When playing edge shots with the CY-12R/C or CY-15R, use the BOW/EDGE output; for bell shots, use the BOW/BELL output.

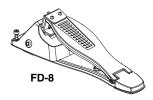
### **■** Cymbal Choke

By striking a pad and then squeezing the rim portion of the pad, you can mute the note while the note is still sounding. This performance technique is known as **choking**.



## **Hi-Hat Control Pedal**

By connecting a hi-hat control pedal (FD-8), you can obtain consecutive control of the hi-hat's opening and closing.



#### Open Hi-Hat:

Strike the hi-hat without pressing the pedal

#### **Closed Hi-Hat:**

Strike the hi-hat with the pedal pressed

#### **Foot Closed:**

Completely press down the pedal

#### **Foot Open:**

Press the pedal and then immediately release it

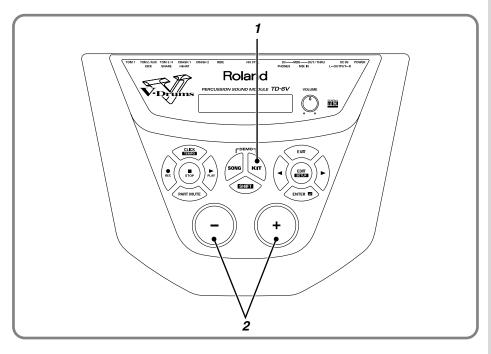


PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE TD-6V

# **Quick Start**

## **Choosing a Drum Kit**

The TD-6V comes with 99 preset drum kits. Now's probably a good time for you to try out the drum kits by selecting and playing them.



1

### Press [KIT].

[KIT] lights, and the "DRUM KIT" screen appears.



2

Press [+] or [-] to select the drum kit.

### Pattern Inadvertently Starts Playing When Pad is Struck

Drum kits feature a setting whereby a pad can be struck to start playback of a song (Pad Pattern function; p. 63).

- To stop the song currently playing:

  Press the [STOP ■] button on the panel (the [PLAY ▶] light goes off).
- To stop the song from playing when the pad is struck: Turn the Pad Pattern feature off (KIT/CONTROL/PadPtn; p. 63).



To see which drum sets can be selected here, refer to "Drum Kit List" (p. 118).



A **drum kit** is a collection of settings that includes each pad's instrument settings, the effect settings, and other settings. For details, refer to p. 54.

#### HINT

A drum kit performance is recorded in preset song #1 "DRUMS."

By switching drum kits during playback of preset song #1 (p. 44), you can listen to and compare a variety of different drum kits.

### HINT

You can also use ◀ and ▶ in the "DRUM KIT" screen to select drum kits.



To see which drum set using the Pad Pattern function, refer to "Drum Kit List" (p. 118).

## Playing While Listening to the Metronome/Click

## Switching the Click On and Off

Try using metronome (click).

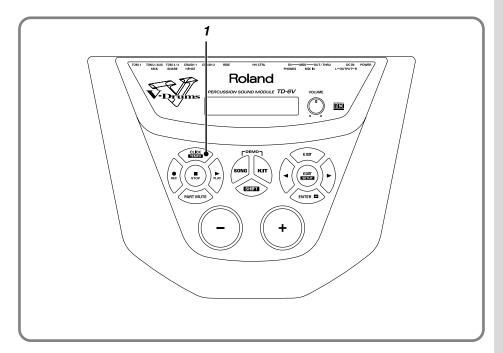
You can switch the click sound on and off by pressing [CLICK]. [CLICK] lights when set to play the sound.

### Click is played

#### Click is not played









#### Press [CLICK].

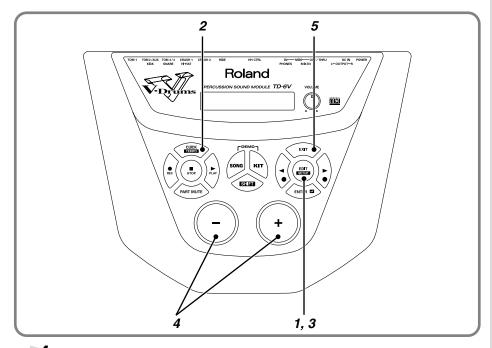
[CLICK] lights, and the click sound begins to play.





You can select the instrument sound and beat used for the click.For details, refer to the p. 79.

## **Adjusting the Click Volume (Level)**



1

Confirm that [EDIT] is not lit.

If [EDIT] lights, you can press [KIT] or [SONG] to turn it off.



2

Press [CLICK].

[CLICK] lights, and the click sound begins to play.



3

Press [EDIT].

[EDIT] lights, and the click volume settings screen appears.



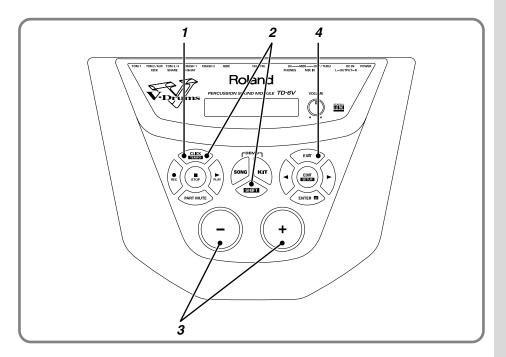
4

Press [+] or [-] to select the volume.

5

When you finish making settings, press [EXIT] to end the procedure.

## **Adjusting the Click Tempo**



Press [CLICK].

[CLICK] lights, and the click sound begins to play.



While holding down [SHIFT], press [CLICK (TEMPO)].

The Tempo screen appears.

Press [+] or [-] to select the tempo.

When you finish making settings, press [EXIT] to end the procedure.

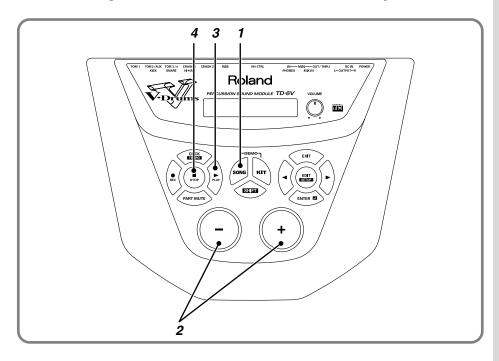
The "Tempo" screen is removed from the display.

## **Playing Along with Songs**

## **Choosing a Song and Playing Back**

The TD-6V features a sequencer that can record and play back accompaniment tracks and drum performances.

This sequencer comes loaded with 170 Preset (internal) songs.



### HINT

You can record songs yourself. For details, refer to the p. 92.



The song stops suddenly when playing the pads:

Striking the pad set the pad pattern function while a song is playing back will cause song playback to switch to the newly selected song. Some "songs" are very short, a few notes, or even one chord. So "sudden" stops can be caused by accidently triggering one of these short songs. For more on this function, refer to p. 63 and p. 114.

### ■ Choosing a Song

1

Press [SONG].

[SONG] lights, and the SONG screen appears.



DRUMS 4/4 GJ 001 DRUMS 001-01

2

Press [+] or [-] to select the song.



To see which songs can be selected here, refer to "Preset Song List" (p. 128).



By holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] or [-], you can select the song category.

### ■ Playing Back a Song

3

Press the [PLAY ▶] button, and the song will begin playing.

[PLAY ▶ ] lights.



4

To stop playback of the song, press [STOP  $\blacksquare$  ].

The [PLAY ▶] light goes out.



When playback of a song is stopped, you can do the following.

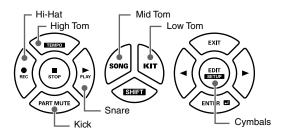
- Pressing [STOP ■], returns you to the beginning of the song.
- Pressing [ ▶ ], advances you to the next measure.

#### **Convenient Function for Playback**

When playing back a Preset song, you can have the buttons corresponding to the drums being played light up.

You can also have the buttons light even when drum tones are muted, making this convenient for practicing with the Preset songs.

Hold down [SHIFT] and press [PLAY ►].
 Playback of the song begins, and the buttons corresponding to the performance of the percussion part drums light up.



2. To stop the playback, press [STOP ■].



For details, refer to p. 83.



Function is not available with songs that have drums recorded to the drum kit part (p. 83). You can't use this function with the Preset Song #1 "Drums."

## **Adjusting the Song Volume**

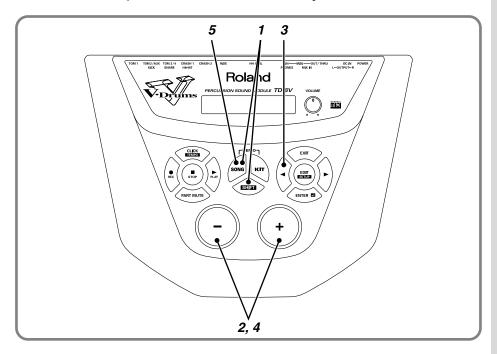
You can adjust the song volume to correct the drum kit volume balance. Song volume consists of the two following adjustments.

#### **Backing Volume:**

Adjusts the volume of melodic instruments etc. other than percussion.

#### **Percussion Part Volume:**

Adjusts the volume of the drums and percussion sounds.



### ■ Setting the Backing Part (Melodic Instruments etc.) Volume

While holding down [SHIFT], press [SONG].

The screen for setting the volume level of the melodic instruments etc. appears.



Press [+] or [-] to select the volume.

## ■ Setting the Drums and Percussion Volume

**3** Press [ **◄** ].

The screen for setting the volume level of the drums and percussion appears.





The volume set here is applied to all songs.

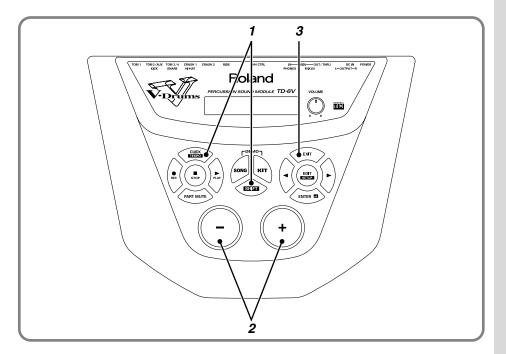
### HINT

- The volume balance among the parts is adjusted in the "Level" (SONG/PART/Level; p. 88)
- Here, adjust the volume of the percussion part. Although drum performances in the Preset songs are recorded to the percussion part (except for preset song #1 "DRUMS"), when you create your own songs, what you play on the pads is recorded to the drum kit part. The volume level of the drum kit part is adjusted in the "MasterVolume" (Master Volume) (KIT/ COMMON/ MasterVolume; p. 66).

- Press [+] or [-] to select the volume.
- When you finish making settings, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

## Temporarily Changing the Tempo of a Song

You can temporarily change the tempo of a song while playback is in progress. The song returns to its preset tempo when a different song is selected.



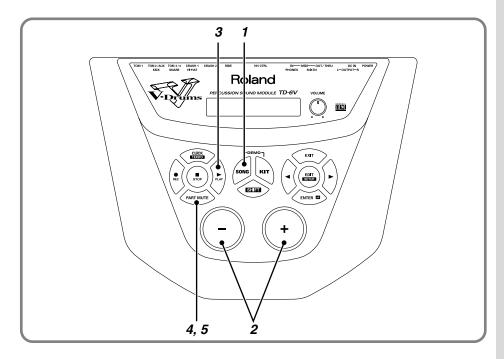
While holding down [SHIFT], press [CLICK (TEMPO)].

The Tempo settings screen appears.

- Press [+] or [-] to select the tempo.
- When you finish making settings, press [EXIT] to end the procedure.

## **Muting the Pre-programmed Drums in Songs**

You can mute just the drums recorded in a song. So you can play along. Try this using Song #8, "FUNK ROK."



#### MEMO

Part Mute settings remain in effect even when the song is switched.



Note numbers for muted drum sounds are predetermined and cannot be changed.



Refer to p. 125 for a list of mute note numbers.

Press [SONG].

[SONG] lights, and the SONG screen appears.



Press [+] or [-] to select Song #8.

ROCK		4/4	
008 FUNK	ROK	001-	-01

3

Press the [PLAY ▶ ] button, and the song will begin playing.

[PLAY ▶ ] lights.



4

#### Press [PART MUTE].

[PART MUTE] lights, and the drum sound are muted.



5

To hear the drums, press [PART MUTE] once more.

The [PART MUTE] light goes out.



### MEMO

At the factory settings, pressing [PART MUTE] mutes only percussion part drum tones.



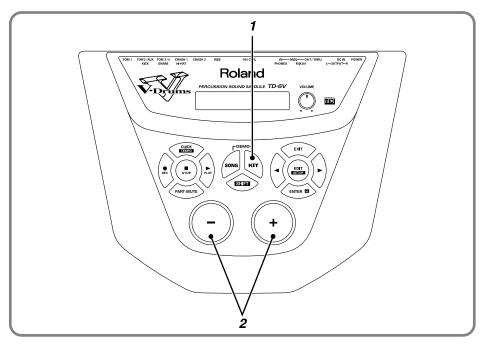
By pressing [SHIFT] + [PART MUTE], you can change the part to be muted (SETUP/UTILITY/ Mute; p. 77).

## Using the Pads to Play Songs

The pads can also be set so that they start the performance of songs when struck (**Pad Pattern function**).

This function is available only with electronic drums.

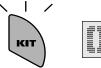
The Pad Pattern function is already selected in Drum Kit #8, "1ManBand+." Use this kit to try out this function.



1

#### Press [KIT].

[KIT] lights, and the "DRUM KIT" screen appears.





2

#### Press [+] or [-] to select Drum Kit #14.



3

#### Playback of the song begins when the following pads are struck.

- **1 KICK:** You can play the bass-line note by note (step by step) with your kick drum.
- **9 CRASH1 Rim:** The chords progress when you strike the pad.

#### HINT

- Make the following settings when selecting the Pad Pattern function yourself.
  - "Pad Ptn (Pad Pattern)"
    (KIT/CONTROL/Pad
    Ptn; p. 63), "Pad Ptn
    Velo (Pad Pattern
    Velocity)" (KIT/
    CONTROL/Pad Ptn
    Velo; p. 63)
- The following are auxiliary functions available when you use songs in which Tap Playback or One Shot Playback is specified. "Quick Play" (SONG/COMMON/ Quick Play; p. 86), "Reset Time" (SONG/COMMON/ Reset Time; p. 86), "Tap Exc Sw (Tap **Exclusive Switch**" (SONG/COMMON/ Tap Exc Sw; p. 86)

#### MEMO

The following drum kits use the Pad Pattern function.

- #5 "LtnPerc+"
- #7 "TblaTun+"
- #8 "1ManBnd+"
- •#10 "Guitars+"

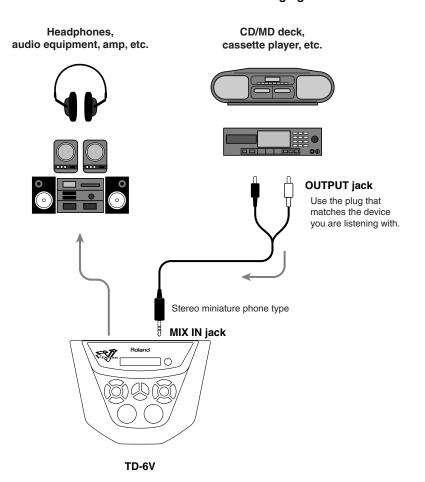
Refer to "Drum Kit List" (p. 118) to find other drum kits. (Kit names with "+" uses the Pad Pattern function.)

## Playing with a CD, Tape, or MD (Using MIX IN Jack)

Using the TD-6V's MIX IN jack allows you to play along with a CD or other external audio sources.

1

Make the connections as shown in the following figure.



When you begin playback of the CD deck or other device, the performance is then audible through the headphones, audio equipment, amp, or other device.



To prevent malfunction and/or damage to speakers or other devices, always turn down the volume, and turn off the power on all devices before making any connections.



Adjust the volume level of the playback device when correcting the volume balance between the CD or other sound input and the drum kit.

## Using the TD-6V As a General MIDI Sound Module

The TD-6V features GM mode, allowing it to play back GM scores (music data for GM sound generators) from an External Sequencer. The TD-6V has a function that lets you mute only the drum sounds in GM mode, making this a very useful feature. For details, refer to "Switch to the GM (General MIDI) Mode (GM Mode)" (p. 99) and "MIDI Messages Stop Function for Specific Parts in GM (General MIDI) Mode (GM PART)" (p. 102).



The TD-6V can also be used as a sound module along with MIDI keyboards and MIDI sequencers (p. 107).

### When Using the TD-6V as a GM Sound Module (p. 99)

- The TD-6V functions as a 16-part multi-timbre sound module.
- The internal sequencer is disabled.
- Drum kit parts cannot be played using MIDI messages sent from an external device. They can be played only by playing pads connected to the TD-6V.



PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE TD-6V

# Advanced Use

## Chapter 1 Creating Your Own Drum Kit (Kit Edit)

#### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

### **KIT** - INST (Instrument Settings) (p. 60) Level Pan Pitch Decay AMBIENCE (Ambience Settings) (p. 62) - Ambience Switch - Ambience Send Level Studio Type Wall Type - Room Size Ambience Level EQUALIZER (Equalizer Settings) (p. 64) Master Equalizer Switch - High Gain Low Gain CONTROL (Settings for Various Functions) (p. 64) Pad Pattern Pad Pattern Velocity Pitch Control Assign Note Number Gate Time COMMON (Overall Drum Kit Settings) (p. 68) Master Volume - Pedal Hi-Hat Volume - Pitch Control Range Drum Kit Name COPY (Copying Drum Kits) (p. 69) EXCHANGE (Exchanging Drum Kits) (p. 70)

## About Drum Kits and the Drum Kit Screen

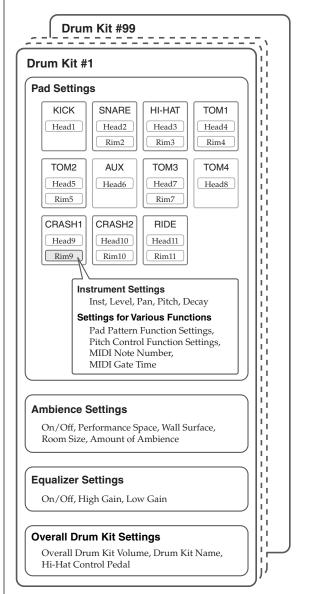
### **About the Drum Kits**

A drum kit is a collection of settings, including how each pad's sound is played, effects settings, hi-hat control pedal settings, etc.

- There are 99 drum kits altogether.
- You can change the drum kits you like to create new drum kits.
- Changed settings are saved automatically.

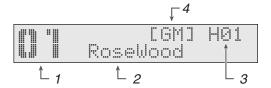
### HINT

You can restore drum kits with changed settings to their original factory settings. Refer to "Restoring the Factory Settings for the Edited Drum Kit" (p. 68).



### **About the Drum Kit Screen**

The screen displayed when [KIT] is pressed is referred to as the Drum Kit screen.



#### 1 Drum Kit Number

Displays the number of the currently selected drum kit.

#### 2 Drum Kit Name

The name of the currently selected drum kit is displayed.

#### 3 Currently Selected Pad



For instructions on selecting pads, refer to p. 55.

#### 4 GM Mode On/Off

While in GM mode, " [GM]" appears in the screen. Otherwise, in normal mode, nothing is indicated. For more detailed information about GM mode, refer to p. 99.



GM Mode is normally off when the power is turned on.

### **Choosing a Drum Kit (Drum Kit)**

When a drum kit is selected, each pad's settings, ambience, EQ settings, etc. are switched.



To see what drum kits are provided with the factory settings, refer to the "Drum Kit List" (p. 118).

1. Press [KIT].

[KIT] lights, and the Drum Kit screen appears.



2. Press [+] or [-] to select the drum kit.

Drum Kit: 1-99

### **Choosing the Pad to Edit**

The following two methods can be used for selecting the pad for which you want to make settings.

### Choosing a Pad by Hitting It

1. Press [KIT], then [EDIT].

[KIT] and [EDIT] light.



- 2. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].
- 3. Strike the pad to be set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.

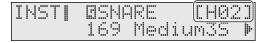
Trigger input number of the struck pad 7

INSTICENTED HEE

169 Medium35 Med



You can make settings preventing the display from switching to the instrument's settings screen even when the pad is struck. When the TD-6V is set so that the screen does not switch, the trigger input number appears in brackets ([]). For more detailed information, refer to "Locking the Setting Screen While Editing One Instrument (Note Chase)" (p. 57).



### Choosing on the TD-6V

1. Press [KIT], then [EDIT].

[KIT] and [EDIT] light.



2. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].

The instrument selection screen appears.



 Hold down [SHIFT] and press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the trigger input number for the pad being set.

The trigger input number being selected for the set pad is indicated in the upper right of the screen.

The trigger input numbers are shown in the following sequence.

$$H01 \rightarrow H02 \rightarrow R02 \rightarrow H03 \rightarrow R03 \rightarrow H04 \rightarrow R04 \rightarrow H05 \rightarrow H06 \rightarrow H07 \rightarrow H08 \rightarrow H09 \rightarrow R09 \rightarrow H10 \rightarrow R10 \rightarrow H11 \rightarrow R11$$

Selecting the Trigger Input Number —





- Settings screens for trigger inputs to which no pad is connected and for rim trigger inputs for which the connected pads are not capable of producing rim sounds are also displayed.
- Trigger Inputs 6 (AUX) and 8 (TOM4) can be used only when two pads are connected to Trigger Input jacks 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4) (p. 21). In this case, you cannot use Trigger Inputs 5 (TOM2) and 7 (TOM3). Only the numbers for the trigger inputs being used, i.e., either R05 or H06, and R07 or H08, are indicated.

### **Notation Used in the Screen**

Trigger input numbers and names are indicated in instrument settings screens.



Screen	Name	Screen	Name
KIK	KICK	T3	TOM3
SNR	SNARE	T4	TOM4
НН	HI-HAT	CR1	CRASH1
T1	TOM1	CR2	CRASH2
T2	TOM2	RD	RIDE
AUX	AUX		

### **Helpful Edit Functions**

## Listening to an INST (Instrument) assigned to a Pad (Preview)

Even when no pad is connected to the TD-6V, you can select trigger input numbers and make settings while checking out instrument sounds.



The preview velocity is set in "Preview Velo (Preview Velocity)" (SETUP/UTILITY/Preview Velo; p. 78).

 Hold down [SHIFT] and press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the trigger input number.

The trigger input number for the selected pad is indicated in the upper right of the screen.

2. While holding down [SHIFT], press [KIT]

You can preview instruments.

## Locking the Setting Screen While Editing One Instrument (Note Chase)

**Note Chase** is a function in which a pad is selected either by striking the pad or when MIDI data corresponding to that pad is received. The display automatically switches to the settings screen when the pad settings are made.

To prevent the settings screen from switching if you happen to tap or touch other pads while making settings, set this to "OFF."



If you want to set other pads with this setting remaining at "OFF," you can switch settings screens by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [ ◀ ] or [ ▶ ] to select the trigger input number.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "MIDI COMMON."



3. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].



4. Press [-] to select "OFF."

Even when another pad is struck, the pad settings screen is prevented from switching.



**5.** When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

When "Note Chase" is set to "OFF," the trigger input number appears in brackets ([]).



### **Choosing an Instrument**

#### **About the Instruments**

The TD-6V features 1,024 different instruments which are categorized into 13 separate groups, such as KICK, SNARE, and TOM.

You can individually adjust the Level, Pan, Pitch, and Decay settings for instruments set to the pads.

## Choosing from the Group Names (Inst Group)

Find and select instruments from the Group names.



To see which instrument groups can be selected here, refer to "Drum Instrument List" (p. 120).

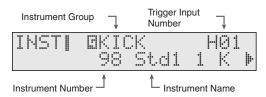
Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
 If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.

**2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- 4. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.



5. Hold down [SHIFT] and press [+] or [-] to select the instrument group.

#### Inst Group:

KICK, SNARE, TOM, HI-HAT, CRASH, RIDE, PERC, SPECIAL, MELODIC, VOICES, REVERSE, FIXED HI-HAT, OFF

### **Choosing an Instrument (Inst)**

Select the instrument you want to sound when the pad is struck.



To see which instruments can be selected here, refer to "Drum Instrument List" (p. 120).



No sound is played if the pads are struck when the instrument is set to "1024 OFF."

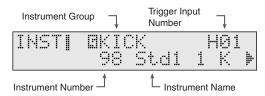
#### MEMO

- When the "HI-HAT" instrument group is selected for a pad, you can then use a hi-hat control pedal to control the opening and closing of the hi-hat.
- When the hi-hat control pedal is pressed, the pedal hi-hat tone automatically switches according to the instrument set for the Trigger Input 3 (HI-HAT) head. The closed hihat (foot) can not be changed separately.
- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- 4. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.



5. Press [+] or [-] to select the instrument.



You can select the instrument group by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] or [-] (p. 57).

Inst: 1-1024

### Instrument Settings (INST)

You can each adjust the Level, Pan, Pitch, and Decay settings for each instruments assigned to a pad.

1. Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.

If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.

2. Press [KIT], then [EDIT].

[KIT] and [EDIT] light.



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter to be set.



5. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.

6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



7. When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

### Adjusting the Volume of the Pad (Level)

Adjusts the volume of the instrument. Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.

Make the adjustment here when correcting the volume balance between instruments.



The pedal hi-hat volume is set in "Pedal HH Vol (Pedal Hi-Hat Volume)" (KIT/COMMON/Pedal HH Vol; p. 66).



Level: 0-127

### **Setting the Pan Position (Pan)**

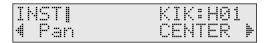
This adjusts the instrument's pan setting (the perceived position of the sound between left and right speakers).



 Pan settings apply to both the head and rim. The rim settings value appears in parentheses. If either the head or rim settings are changed, the settings for the other are changed automatically.



• This setting is applied only when connected in stereo.



#### Pan: L15-CENTER-R15, RANDOM, ALTERNATE

L15: Sound is positioned at the extreme left.

CENTER: Sound is positioned in the center.

R15: Sound is positioned at the extreme right.

RANDOM: The panning changes randomly each time the

pad is struck.

**ALTERNATE:** The panning alternately switches between left

and right each time the pad is struck.

### **Adjusting the Pitch (Pitch)**

Adjusts the pitch of the instrument. The pitch is raised the higher the value is set. When set to "0," the sound is played at the instrument's default value.



For some instruments, raising or lowering the value beyond a certain point may not produce further change.



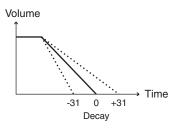
Pitch: -480-+480

## Adjusting the Decay (Length of Sound) (Decay)

Adjusts the decay of the instrument's sound. Higher settings will result in a longer decay time. When set to "0," the sound is played at the instrument's default value.



For some instruments, raising or lowering the value beyond a certain point may not produce further change.





Decay: -31-+31

### **Ambience Settings (AMBIENCE)**

Here you can choose (on a per drum kit basis) the location, room size, wall material, etc.

- 1. Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "AMBIENCE."



- 3. Press [ENTER ☐ ].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

## Switching Ambience On/Off (Ambience Switch)

This switches the ambience on and off.



Ambience Sw (Ambience Switch): OFF, ON

## Ambience "Send" Level for Each Instrument (Ambience Send Level)

You can adjust the ambience level for each instrument individually. The ambience effect deepens the higher the value is set. When set to "0," no ambience is applied. Strike a pad to select it, then make the setting.



The entire drum kit's overall ambience depth is set in "Amb Level (Ambience Level)" (KIT/AMBIENCE/Amb Level; p. 61).



AmbSendLevel (Ambience Send Level):0-127

## Choose "Location" Where the Drums are Played (Studio Type)

The TD-6V includes nine different internal Studio Types you can select for the drum "location." Before you make detailed settings, use this setting to select the basic type of acoustic environment in which you will be playing.



Studio (Studio Type):
LIVING (Living Room), BATHROOM,
STUDIO (Recording Studio), GARAGE,
LOCKER (Locker Room), THEATER, CAVE,
GYM (Gymnasium),
STADIUM (Domed Stadium)

## Changing the Wall Surface Material (Wall Type)

Select the surface material of the walls in the room in which the drums are played.



### WallType (Wall Type): WOOD, PLASTER, GLASS

#### WOOD

Simulates the sound of a wood-walled room producing a warm sound.

#### PLASTER:

Simulates a plaster-walled room producing a more "naturally live" sound.

#### **GLASS:**

Simulates a glass-walled room producing a very bright ambience.

### **Determine the Room Size (Room Size)**

Select the size the room in which the drums are played.



Room Size: SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE

## Adjusting the Entire Drum Kit's Overall Ambience (Ambience Level)

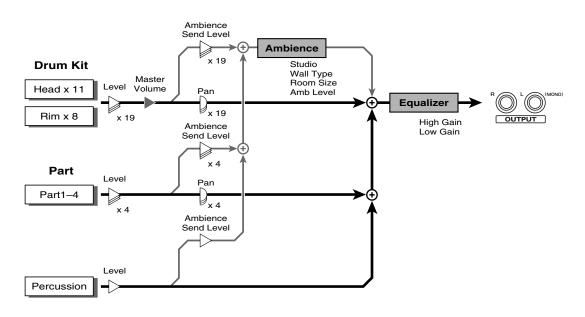
Adjusts the amount of overall ambience level used for each drum kit. The ambience effect deepens the higher the value is set. When set to "0," no ambience is applied.



The ambience level for each individual instrument is set in "Amb Snd Lvl (Ambience Send Level)" (KIT/AMBIENCE/(AmbSendLevel; p. 60).



Amb Level (Ambience Level): 0-127



### **Equalizer Settings (EQUALIZER)**

A two-band equalizer (for high and low frequency ranges) is used to adjust the sound of each drum kit.

An equalizer lets you boost or cut specified frequency ranges to adjust the tone. You can make separate settings for the amount of boost or cut (the gain) in the high-frequency and low-frequency ranges.

- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "EQUALIZER."



- 4. Press [ENTER □].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

## Switching the Equalizer On/Off (Master Equalizer Switch)

Switches the equalizer on and off.



Master EQ Sw (Master Equalizer Switch): OFF, ON

## Adjusting the Sound (High Gain, Low Gain)

Set the amount of boost or cut (GAIN) in the high frequencies (HIGH) and low frequencies (LOW). Raise to boost the sound, lower to cut. The equalizer has no effect when "GAIN" is set to "0."



High Gain: -12dB-+12dB



Low Gain: -12dB-+12dB

## Settings for Various Functions (CONTROL)

These are settings for a variety of different features, such as one that lets you start a song by striking a pad (Pad Pattern function; p. 63) and a function whereby you can use the hi-hat control pedal to control instrument pitches (Pitch Control; p. 64), along with MIDI Note Number and MIDI Gate Time settings.

- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [►] to select "CONTROL."



- 4. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



#### 6. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears.

7. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

## Playing a Song by Hitting a Pad (Pad Pattern)

The **Pad Pattern function** is a feature that lets you start the performance of pre-specified songs by striking the pads. This function provides a very convenient way to use songs during a live performance or when practicing.

#### The Song Set "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT"

LOOP: After the song is played back all the way to the end, playback then repeats, starting at the beginning of the song. ONE SHOT: Playback stops once the end of the song is reached. Each time the pad is struck returns you to the beginning of the song and starts playback.

When triggering/playing a song that is set to "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT" mode, if you trigger another song (from a pad, also in "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT" mode then the last song played will have priority. Don't forget that some "songs" are very short, a few notes, or even one chord. So "sudden" stops can be caused by accidently triggering one of these short songs. Always check your Pad Pattern settings.

### The Song Set "Tap"

The sounds are played back in sequence each time the pad is

If you have switched a song whose instrument settings are

different, the sound may be interrupted for an instant.

If you are playing a song set "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT" and you then play a song set to TAP playback....then you can use/listen to both at the same time.



- To see which songs can be selected here, refer to "Preset Song List" (p. 128).
- For the play type of the song, refer to p. 85.



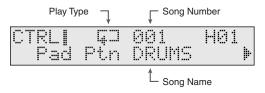
- This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).
- Performances using the Pad Pattern function cannot be recorded to sequencers.



- You can select the song Category by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] or [-].
- You can preview a song by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [KIT].
- To prevent the sound of an instrument assigned to a pad from playing, set the instrument's "Level" to "0" (KIT/INST/Level; p. 59).
- You can get a stronger response when striking the pads by playing back with the song's velocity changed (KIT/ CONTROL/Pad Ptn Velo; p. 63).
- The TD-6V features auxiliary functions for songs set to One Shot Playback and Tap Playback.

For more details, refer to

"Quick Play" (SONG/COMMON/Quick Play; p. 86), "Reset Time" (SONG/COMMON/Reset Time; p. 86), and "Tap Exc Sw (Tap Exclusive Switch)" (SONG/COMMON/Tap Exc Sw; p. 86).



Pad Ptn (Pad Pattern): OFF, 1-270

# Control the "Level" of the Pattern with Playing Dynamics (Pad Pattern Velocity)

When performing with the Pad Pattern function, you can have the velocity used for playback of the song change according to the force with which the pads are struck. When set to "OFF," the song is played back using the velocity specified for the song, regardless of how strongly the pads are struck.



- This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).
- When "Pad Ptn (Pad Pattern)" is set to "OFF," a
  horizontal line ( --- ) is displayed, and you cannot make
  this setting. Refer to the previous section, then after
  selecting the song, make the setting.





Pad Ptn Velo (Pad Pattern Velocity): OFF, ON

### Pitch Control with the Hi-Hat Control Pedal On/Off for Each Pad (Pitch Control Assign)

**Pitch Control** is a function that lets you change the pitch of an instrument assigned to a pad according to the amount the hihat control pedal is pressed. Releasing the pedal returns the instrument to its original pitch.

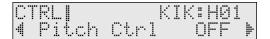
Here, make the Pitch Control on/off setting for each pad. When set to "OFF," the instrument's pitch remains unchanged.



The range over which the pitch changes is set in "PchCtrlRange (Pitch Control Range)" (KIT/COMMON/PchCtrlRange; p. 66).

#### HINT

- To prevent the pedal hi-hat sound from being played when the hi-hat pedal is pressed, set "Pedal HH Vol (Pedal Hi-Hat Volume)" to "0" (KIT/COMMON/Pedal HH Vol; p. 66).
- To make pitch changes occur more smoothly, set "PdlDataThin (Pedal Data Thin)" to "1" or "OFF" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/PdlDataThin; p. 99).



Pitch Ctrl (Pitch Control Assign): OFF, ON

## MIDI Note Number for Each Pad (Note Number)

In each drum kit, you can set the MIDI note numbers to be transmitted/received by each pad.

For the hi-hat, make the setting only for the note number for the Open Hi-Hat (default setting is 46 (A#2)). With this setting, the closed hi-hat (initial settings value of 42 (F#2)) and pedal hi-hat (initial settings value of 44 (G#2)) are changed together to the open setting.



This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).



When the open hi-hat note number is set to "60 (C4)," the note number for the closed hi-hat becomes "56 (G#3)" and the note number for the pedal hi-hat becomes "58 (A#3)."



For information on factory-set note number settings, refer to "Drum Kit Note Numbers" (p. 125) in the "Preset Percussion Set List."



Note No. (Note Number): 0 (C -) -127 (G 9)

## Sounding an External MIDI Device by Playing Pads Connected to the TD-6V

Specify the MIDI note numbers (key numbers on a keyboard) that will be transmitted by the TD-6V when the pads are struck.

Set this to the note number of the sound that you wish to play on the external sound module or sampler.

# Using an External MIDI Device to Play TD-6V Drum Kit Part Sounds (TD-6V Used As Sound Module)

Specify the note number corresponding to the pad. When the TD-6V receives the note number specified here, the instrument assigned to the pad is played.



On the TD-6V, the drum kit part and percussion part can both be set to Channel 10 at the same time.

When two parts are set to channel 10, you should also set

"CH10Priority (Channel 10 Priority)" to determine whether the instrument (the drum kit part) or the percussion set instrument (the percussion part) is to be played when the note number is received (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priorty; p. 98).

## When Setting Multiple Pads to the Same Note Number

When using an external MIDI device to play TD-6V drum kits, if overlapping note numbers are received, the instrument assigned to the pad connected to the lowest-numbered trigger input is sounded.

When note numbers for the head and rim are duplicated, the head instrument is played.

When the pad is struck, the note number set for the pad is sent.



When the same note number is assigned to more than one pad, then "  $\ast$  " appears in the settings screen for the pad that is prevented from sounding even when the Note Number is received.





The following appears in the display when "38 (D2)" is specified for the head (H02) and rim (R02) of Trigger Input 2 (SNARE) and the head (H04) of Trigger Input 4 (TOM1).

Trigger Input 2 (SNARE) Head



Trigger Input 2 (SNARE) Rim



Trigger Input 4 (TOM1) Head



In this case, when Note Number 38 (D2) is received, the instrument assigned to the HEAD of TRIGGER INPUT 2 (SNARE) is played.

## MIDI Gate Time for Each Pad (Gate Time)

For each pad, you can specify the length of time the note will "hold" during transmission from the MIDI OUT.

Percussion sound modules normally produce sound only in response to "Note on" messages, and ignore "Note off" messages. However general-purpose sound modules or samplers do receive the note-off messages that are transmitted and respond by turning off the sound.

At the factory settings, the Gate Time setting is set to the minimum value, since a drum sound module will likely not make use of it. If a sound module received this data as it is receiving a Note OFF message, the interval will be too short, so most sounds will not be played (or it may sound like barely perceptible noise). To avoid this problem, set a longer gate time for each pad that is to be played.



This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).



Gate Time: 0.1-8.0 sec (0.1 sec. steps)

## Overall Drum Kit Settings (COMMON)

Make the settings for each drum kit.

- **1.** Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.

  If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "COMMON."



- 4. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

## Overall Drum Kit Volume (Master Volume)

You can adjust the overall volume of the drum kit while preserving the volume balance between each of the pads. The higher the value is set, the greater the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



The volume balance among the pads is adjusted in the "Level" (KIT/INST/Level; p. 59).



MasterVolume (Master Volume): 0-127

## Adjusting the Volume of the Pedal Hi-Hat Sound (Pedal Hi-Hat Volume)

For each drum kit, you can adjust the volume of the pedal hihat that sound (when the hi-hat control pedal is pressed). The higher the value is set, the greater the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.

### MEMO

Set the volume level of other pads with the "Level" setting (KIT/INST/Level; p. 59).



Pedal HH Vol (Pedal Hi-Hat Volume): 0-15

### Setting the Range for the Pitch Control with the Hi-Hat Control Pedal (Pedal Pitch Control Range)

Pitch Control is a function that lets you change the pitch of an instrument assigned to a pad according to the amount the hihat control pedal is pressed.

Releasing the pedal returns the instrument to its original pitch. The degree to which the pitch is to change when the hi-hat control pedal is pressed is set in semitone (half-step) increments from -24 (down two octaves) to +24 (up two octaves). When set to "0," there is no change in pitch.



Pitch Control is turned on and off in the "Pitch Ctrl (Pitch Control)" setting (KIT/CONTROL/Pitch Ctrl; p. 64).



- To prevent the pedal hi-hat sound from being played when the hi-hat pedal is pressed, set "Pedal HH Vol (Pedal Hi-Hat Volume)" to "0" (KIT/COMMON/Pedal HH Vol; p. 66).
- To have changes in pitch occur smoothly, set "PdlDataThin (Pedal Data Thin)" to "1" or "OFF" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/PdlDataThin; p. 99).



PchCtrlRange (Pedal Pitch Control Range): -24-+24

### Naming the Drum Kit (Kit Name)

Each kit can be given a name of up to 8 characters.

Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to move the cursor (under bar) to the character you want to change, then press [+] or [-] to select the character.



- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] switches
  through the following sequence: uppercase alphabet →
  lowercase alphabet → 0 →! → space. Holding down
  [SHIFT] and pressing [-] switches through the sequence
  in reverse order.
- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [ ◀] deletes the character at the cursor position and closes the resulting space by shifting forward the characters that follow.
- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [ ►] inserts a space at the character at the cursor position and shifts back the characters that follow.



#### KitName (Drum Kit Name): 8 characters

The following characters may be used.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdef9hijklmnoparstuvwxyz
0123456789
!#\$%%"'^\\_+-\*/=<><\\[]{}.::?@\++|
space

### Copying a Drum Kit (COPY)

You can copy the instrument, ambience, equalizer, and all other settings in a drum kit.

Executing this operation deletes the content of the copy destination, so check all content carefully before carrying out this operation.

- **1.** Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.

  If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "COPY."



- 4. Press [ENTER 💷 ].
- 5. Press [+] or [-] to select the copy-source drum kit.



6. Press [ ▶ ].

The copy destination drum kit selection screen appears.

Press [+] or [-] to select the copy-destination drum kit.



8. Press [ENTER □].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



**9.** Press [ENTER □ ] to execute the operation.

When you have finished copying the drum kit, the Completed screen appears.



**10.** When you finish copying, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

Src (Copy Source): P01–P99 (Factory Setting Drum Kits), U01–U99 (Drum Kits)



Select a drum kit marked with "  $\mathbb{P}$ " as the copy source (P01–P99) to restore original factory drum kits.

Dst (Copy Destination): U01–U99 (Drum Kits)

## Restoring the Factory Settings for the Edited Drum Kit

You can restore reconfigured drum kits to their original factory conditions.

#### **Drum Kit Copy Function**

Follow the procedure described on p. 67 to select a drum kit marked with "  $\mathbb{P}$ " (P01–P99) as the copy source.

### **Factory Reset Function**

- 1. Select the drum kit that you want to return to factory conditions.
- 2. Follow the procedure for Factory Reset (p. 78) to select "THIS DRUM KIT."

## Switching the Order of the Drum Kits (EXCHANGE)

You can switch (exchange) the place in order of any two drum kits.

- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [KIT], then [EDIT]. [KIT] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "EXCHANGE."

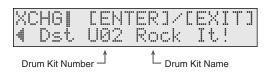


- 4. Press [ENTER □].
- 5. Press [+] or [-] to select the (first) drum kit to be exchanged.



**6.** Press [ ▶ ].

7. Press [+] or [-] to select the (second) drum kit to be exchanged.



8. Press [ENTER □].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



9. Press [ENTER 🕘 ] to execute the operation.

When you have finished exchanging the drum kits, the Completed screen appears.



10. When you finish exchanging, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

Src (Exchange Source): U01-U99 (Drum Kits)

Dst (Exchange Destination): U01–U99 (Drum Kits)

## Chapter 2 Making the Pad and Trigger Settings (SETUP/TRIG)

#### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

#### **SETUP**

TRIGGER BASIC (Pad Sensitivity Settings) (p. 72)

Trigger Type
Sensitivity
Threshold
Trigger Curve
Crosstalk Cancel

TRIGGER ADVANCED (Detailed Pad Settings) (p. 74)

Scan Time
Retrigger Cancel
Mask Time

### **About the Screen Display**

- Rim Sensitivity

#### **Notation Used in the Screen**

Trigger input numbers and names are indicated in pad and trigger settings screens.



Screen	Name	Screen	Name
KIK	KICK	Т3	TOM3
SNR	SNARE	T4	TOM4
HH	HI-HAT	CR1	CRASH1
T1	TOM1	CR2	CRASH2
T2	TOM2	RD	RIDE
AUX	AUX		

### **About the Input Indicator**





# Selecting the Pad Type (Trigger Type)

To ensure that the TD-6V accurately receives signals sent from the pads, be sure to specify the **trigger type** (the type of pads being used).

Set each trigger input as described below.

Setting the trigger type allows the TD-6V to accurately detect the force used to strike the pads and avoid secondary sounding of a pad (retriggering). You can also set this up for PD-85 and PD-120 rim shots.

After making the trigger type settings, adjust the pad sensitivity and carry out other adjustments as needed.

#### MEMO

When you set the Trigger Type, the following parameters are automatically set to the most efficient values.

They should be adjusted as necessary to match the actual state of your configuration and the environment in which it is being used.

## Basic Trigger Parameter (SETUP/TRIG BASIC; p. 71)

- Sensitivity
- Threshold
- TrigCurve

## Advanced Trigger Parameter (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD; p. 73)

- · Scan TIme
- · Retrig Cancel
- · Mask Time
- Rim Sens



Trigger parameters other than Trigger Type influence the head AND the rim.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "TRIG BASIC."



#### 3. Press [ENTER □].



#### 4. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The setting screen for the struck pad appears. You can also make your selection by holding down [Shift] and pressing  $[ \blacktriangleleft ]$  or  $[ \blacktriangleright ]$ .

### MEMO

This setting applies to both the head and rim.

## 5. Find the trigger type for the pad you are using from the following chart.

Pad	Trigger Type	Pad	Trigger Type
PD-8	PD-8	KD-7	KD Type
PD-6	PD Type	KD-80	
PD-7		KD-85	
PD-9		KD-120	
RP-2	PD-80R	CY-8	CY-8
PD-80		CY-6	CY Type
PD-80R		CY-12H	
PD-85		CY-12R/C	
PD-100		CY-14C	
PD-120	PD-120	CY-15R	
PD-105	PD-125	RT-7K	RT-7K
PD-125		RT-5S	RT-5S
KD-8	KD-8	RT-3T	RT-3T
		Rim Edge	Rim

#### HINT

Use the "RT-7K," "RT-5S," or "RT-3T" setting when you use acoustic drums to sound the TD-6V. For details refer to "Using the TD-6V with Acoustic Triggers" (p. 75).



There may be no improvement of conditions when non-Roland pads are used, even after changing the trigger parameter settings. For fullest expression in performance, we recommend the exclusive use of Roland pads.

#### 6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When rim is selected, "Rim" becomes the set value, and no changes can be made to the setting. Select head, then make the settings for the head. However, using AUX and TOM4 requires selecting the rim settings for TOM2 and TOM3.



7. When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

TrigTyp (Trigger Type):
PD-8, PD Type, PD-80R, PD-120, PD-125, KD-8,
KD Type, CY-8, CY Type, RT-7K, RT-5S, RT-3T,
RIM

## Connecting Two Pads to Trigger Input 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4)

- With a single pad connected to each of the trigger inputs, carry out Steps 1-3 as described above.
- 2. Select a pad by striking the pad's rim.

If using Trigger Input 5/6 (TOM2/AUX), select the TOM2 rim; to use Trigger Input 7/8 (TOM3/4), select the TOM3 rim.

You can also make your selection by holding down [Shift] and pressing  $[ \blacktriangleleft ]$  or  $[ \blacktriangleright ]$ .



Press [-] to change the trigger input number and name to "AUX:H06" or "TOM4:H08" and enable AUX or TOM4.



# 4. Disconnect the connecting cable, then connect two pads to TRIGGER INPUT 5/6 and 7/8 using the optional cable (PCS-31).

When connecting the pads, refer to the instructions in "Connecting Two Pads to Trigger Inputs 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4)" (p. 21).

Press [+] and [-] to set the trigger type for the pads used for AUX and TOM4.

### MEMO

To enable the TOM2 and TOM3 rims again, set the AUX and TOM4 trigger type to "Rim."

If you hit a rim shot BEFORE restoring the AUX and TOM4 trigger type to "Rim" while a PD-8 or other pad is connected, the AUX and TOM4 sounds will play instead of the TOM2 and TOM3 rim sounds, and the dynamic response won't be correct. Change the settings back to "Rim."

### MEMO

You can assign different instruments to TOM2 and AUX, and TOM3 and TOM4.

### Setting the Pad Sensitivity and Making Other Settings (TRIGGER BASIC)

You can make more detailed settings for the pad type and sensitivity.

The following parameters (Basic Trigger Parameters except the "Xtalk Cancel") are automatically set to the most efficient values for each pad when you select the "TrigTyp (Trigger Type)" (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/TrigTyp; p. 69).

Make the settings for each parameter as needed.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "TRIG BASIC."



- **3.** Press [ENTER  $\square$  ].
- 4. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



5. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The settings screen for the struck pad appears, and the input indicator fluctuates.

6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



7. When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

### Adjusting the Pad Sensitivity (Sensitivity)

Adjust the sensitivity of the pad to regulate the pad response. Higher settings result in higher sensitivity, so that the pad will produce a loud volume even when struck softly.

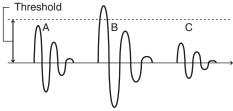
Adjust the "Sensitivity" value so that the strongest strikes cause the input indicator (p. 69) to reach nearly all the way to the maximum level.



Sensitivity: 1-16

## Setting the Minimum Levels for the Pads (Threshold)

This setting allows a trigger signal to be received only when the pad is struck harder than a specified force. This can be used to prevent a pad from sounding in response to extraneous vibrations from another pad. In the following example, B will sound but A and C will not sound.



When set to a higher value, no sound is produced when the pad is struck lightly.

Gradually raise the "Threshold" value while striking the pad. Check this and adjust accordingly. Repeat this process until you get the perfect setting for your playing style.



Threshold: 0-15

## Adjust How Playing Dynamics Changes the Volume (Trigger Curve)

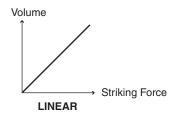
This setting allows to control the relation between the velocity (striking force) and changes in volume (the dynamic curve.) Adjust this curve until the response feels as natural as possible.



#### TrigCurve (Trigger Curve): LINEAR, EXP1, EXP2, LOG1, LOG2, SPLINE, LOUD1, LOUD2

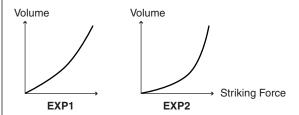
#### LINEAR:

The standard setting. This produces the most natural correspondence between the strength of the strike and the change in volume.



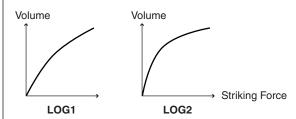
#### EXP1,EXP2:

Compared to LINEAR, a strong strike will produce a greater change.



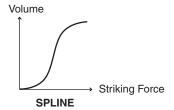
#### LOG1,LOG2:

Compared to LINEAR, a soft strike will produce a greater change.



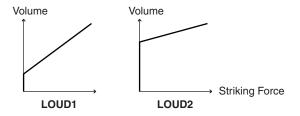
#### SPLINE:

Extreme changes are made in response to the force used to strike the pad.



#### LOUD1, LOUD2:

Changes made in response to the striking force are minor, maintaining a volume level at which it is easy to play. When using drum triggers, these settings help maintain stable levels.



## Eliminate Crosstalk Between Pads (Crosstalk Cancel)

When two pads are mounted on the same stand, the vibration produced by hitting one pad may trigger the sound from another pad unintentionally (This is called **crosstalk**.) You can avoid this problem by adjusting Crosstalk Cancel on the pad that is sounding inadvertently.

If the value is set too high, then when two pads are played simultaneously, the one that is struck less forcefully will not sound. So be careful and set this parameter to the minimum value required to prevent such crosstalk. With a setting of "OFF," crosstalk prevention does not function.

### HINT

In some cases, you can prevent crosstalk between two pads you have connected by increasing the distance between the pads.

#### **Example:**

## When hitting a snare pad, the hi-hat cymbal also sounds

Set the "Xtalk Cancel (Crosstalk Cancel) for the pad being used for the hi-hat while striking the snare pad. Striking the snare pad, raise the "CROSSTALK" setting for the hi-hat cymbal pad from "OFF" through "20," "25.".. until crosstalk no longer occurs. As this value is raised, the hi-hat cymbal pad will be less prone to receive crosstalk from other pads.



The pad's settings screen is not switched when "Note Chase" is set to "OFF" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/Note Chase; p. 57, p. 97).



Xtalk Cancel (Crosstalk Cancel): OFF, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80

# Fine-Tuning the Trigger Parameter Settings (TRIGGER ADVANCED)

The following parameters (Advanced Trigger Parameters) are automatically set to the most efficient values for each pad when you select the TRIGGER TYPE (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/TrigTyp; p. 69), and don't require adjustment, except if you experience any of the problems that are discussed below.

- While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)]. [EDIT] lights.
- 2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "TRIG ADVNCD."



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



5. Strike the pad you wish to set.

The settings screen for the struck pad appears, and the input indicator fluctuates.

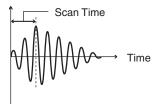
6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



7. When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

## Adjusting the Trigger Signal Detection Time (Scan Time)

Since the rise time of the trigger signal waveform may differ slightly depending on the characteristics of each pad or acoustic drum trigger (drum pickup), you may notice that identical hits (velocity) may produce sound at different volumes. If this occurs, you can adjust the "SCAN TIME" so that your velocity of playing can be detected more precisely. As the value is set higher, the time it takes for the sound to be played increases.



#### Making the settings

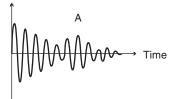
While repeatedly hitting the pad at a constant force, gradually raise the Scan Time value from 0 msec, until the resulting volume stabilizes at the loudest level. At this setting, try both soft and loud strikes, and make sure that the volume changes appropriately.



Scan Time: 0-4.0 (ms) (0.1ms steps)

# Detecting Trigger Signal Attenuation and Cancelling Incorrect Triggering (Retrigger Cancel)

Playing snare drum pads and other devices with commercially available acoustic drum triggers attached may result in altered waveforms, which may also cause inadvertent sounding at Point A in the following figure.



This occurs in particular at the decaying edge of the waveform. Retrigger Cancel detects such distortion in and prevents retriggering from occurring.

Although setting this to a high value prevents retriggering, it then becomes easy for sounds to be omitted when the drums

played fast (roll etc.). Set this to the lowest value possible while still ensuring that there is no retriggering.



You can also eliminate this problem of retriggering with the Mask Time setting. Mask Time does not detect trigger signals if they occur within the specified amount of time after the previous trigger signal was received. Retrigger Cancel detects the attenuation of the trigger signal level, and triggers the sound after internally determining which trigger signals were actually generated when the head was struck, while weeding out the other false trigger signals that need not trigger a sound.

#### Making the settings

While repeatedly striking the pad, raise the "Retrig Cancel" value until retriggering no longer occurs.

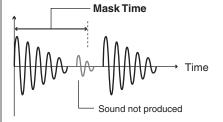


Retrig Cancel (Retrigger Cancel): 1-16

## Double Triggering Prevention (Mask Time)

On a kick pad, for example, if the beater bounces back and strikes the pad a second time immediately after the intended stroke—or, like with acoustic drums if you leave the bass drum beater against the head—it can cause a single strike to "double trigger" (two sounds instead of the intended one). The Mask Time setting helps to prevent such problems. Once a pad has been hit, any additional trigger signals occurring within the specified "MASKTIME" (0–64 msec) will be ignored.

When set to a high value, it then becomes easy for sounds to be omitted when the kick is struck repeatedly in rapid succession. Set this to as low a value as you can.



### HINT

If two or more sounds are being produced when you strike the head just once, then adjust Retrigger Cancel.

#### Making the settings

While stepping on the pad being used for the kick, raise the "Mask Time" value until there is no more bouncing (sounds made by the rebounding of the beater).



Mask Time: 0-64ms (4ms steps)

# Setting Rim Sensitivity on the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120, and PD-125 (Rim Sens)

When a PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125 is used for TRIGGER INPUT 2 (SNARE), you can then adjust the Rim Sensitivity.

Setting this to a higher value makes it easier to get rim sounds. When set to "OFF," playing a rim shot produces the head instrument's sound. Increasing the value excessively may cause the rim instrument to sound as well when the head is struck.

## NOTE

- This can be adjusted only when the Trigger Input 2 "Trigger Type (Trig Type)" is set to either "PD-80R," "PD-120," or "PD-125" (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Trig Type; p. 69).
- When the trigger type is set to something other than "PD-80R," "PD-120," or "PD-125," or when a trigger input other than Trigger Input 2 is selected, a horizontal line ( —— ) appears, and you cannot make the setting.



 You cannot adjust the rim sensitivity of the PD-7, PD-8, and PD-9. Both rim and head use the same values.



Rim Sens (Rim Sensitivity): OFF, 1-15

## Using the TD-6V with Acoustic Triggers

First, attach an RT-series drum trigger (or commercially available acoustic drum trigger) to the acoustic drums. When finished, proceed with the following settings.

- Set the trigger type to "RT-3T," "RT-5S," or "RT-7K."
   (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Trig Type; p. 69)
- 2. Set "Threshold" to "0" as a reference value. (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Threshold; p. 72)
- Set "TrigCurve (Trigger Curve)" to "LINEAR" as a reference value. (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/TrigCurve; p. 72)
- 4. Set the "Sensitivity." (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Sensitivity; p. 71)
- 5. Set the "Scan Time." (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD/Scan Time; p. 74) Strike the head several times with the same force, and adjust this parameter if the volume is uneven.
- 6. Set the "Retrig Cancel (Retrigger Cancel)."
  (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD/Retrig Cancel; p. 74)

This prevents multiple notes from sounding when a drum is struck once (mainly for a snare drum or toms).

Set the "Mask Time." (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD/Mask Time; p. 74)

On a kick drum, this prevents two sounds instead of the intended "one."  $\,$ 

 Set the "Xtalk Cancel (Crosstalk Cancel)." (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Xtalk Cancel; p. 73)

This prevents other instruments with drum triggers from sounding when a drum to which a drum trigger has been attached is struck. If a higher value is set, and if two pads are played simultaneously, the one that is struck less forcefully will not sound. Set this to as low a value as you can.

9. Set the "Threshold."
(SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Threshold; p. 72)

If notes are unintentionally sounded even after you have adjusted the "CROSSTALK" setting, adjust the "THRESHOLD." Setting this to a higher value may prevent sounds from being produced when the pad is struck lightly. Set this to as low a value as you can.

10. Set the "TrigCurve (Trigger Curve)." (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/TrigCurve; p. 72)

If changes in playing dynamics do not produce a natural change in the volume of the TD-6V instrument, adjust this parameter.

## Chapter 3 Global Settings for the TD-6V (SETUP/UTILITY, Factory Reset)

### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

#### **SETUP**



## Making the Global Settings (UTILITY)

Overall settings that apply to the entire TD-6V.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.



- 2. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



4. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

## Display Contrast Adjustment (LCD Contrast)

The display contrast is strongly influenced by the location of the TD-6V and the lighting of the room it's in. Adjust this parameter when needed. A larger value results in a brighter screen.



LCD Contrast: 1-16

## Percussion Part Volume Control (Percussion Part Level)

This adjusts the volume of the percussion part.

Raising the value will increase the volume. With a se

Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



- This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).
- This volume setting is applied to all songs. Even when songs are switched, the setting does not change.



The volume level of the drum kit part is adjusted in the "MasterVolume (Master Volume)" (KIT/COMMON/MasterVolume; p. 66).



PercPrtLevel (Percussion Part Level): 0-127

## Backing Instruments Volume Control (Backing Level)

This adjusts the volume of the backing part (Parts 1–4). Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



- This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).
- This volume setting is applied to all songs. Even when songs are switched, the setting does not change.



- The volume level of the drum kit part is adjusted in the "MasterVolume (Master Volume)" (KIT/COMMON/ MasterVolume; p. 66).
- Adjust the volume level of each part to correct the volume balance among the parts (SONG/PART/Level; p. 88).
- Hold down [SHIFT] and press [SONG] to jump to this screen.



BackingLevel (Backing Level): 0-127

### Muting Parts of a Song (Mute)

Select the part that is to be muted when [PART MUTE] is pressed. [PART MUTE] lights while the muting is in effect.



This setting cannot be made in GM mode (p. 99).



Hold down [SHIFT] and press [PART MUTE] to jump to this screen.

### MEMO

- This setting remains in effect even when songs are switched and when the TD-6V is played using data from an external MIDI device.
- All percussion instruments in the Preset songs (except for Preset song #1 "DRUMS") are recorded to the percussion parts.

- Note numbers for muted drum instruments are predetermined and cannot be changed. For more on muting note numbers, refer to the "Preset Percussion Set List" (p. 124).
- Performances using the TD-6V and pads are recorded as a drum kit part.



#### Mute:

## SongDrum, SongDrm/Prc, UserDrmPart, Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4, Part1-4

#### SongDrum:

Mutes only the drum instruments in the percussion part (the percussion instruments still sound). This is convenient when performing with Preset songs.

#### SongDrm/Prc:

All percussion part instruments are muted.

#### UserDrmPart:

Mutes the performance recorded to the drum kit part. This is convenient when you want to perform along with songs you have recorded yourself.

#### Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4:

The individual parts are muted.

#### Part1-4:

All Parts 1-4 are muted.

### Tuning the TD-6V (Master Tune)

This tunes Parts 1-4 as a whole.

The reference pitch is 440.0 Hz.

### MEMO

Tuning of the drum kit part and percussion part instruments is not affected by this setting.



MasterTune (Master Tune): 415.3–466.2 (Hz) (0.1 Hz steps)

## Preview Volume Control (Preview Velocity)

This sets the velocity used when an instrument is previewed. Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



Preview Velocity: 0-127

## Checking the Remaining Amount of Memory (Available Memory)

You can check the amount of available memory.



AvailMemory (Available Memory): 0-100%

## Restoring the Factory Settings (Factory Reset)

This restores the pad and instrument settings, song data, and other information stored in the TD-6V to the original factory settings.



All data and settings stored in the TD-6V are lost in carrying out this operation. Use the "Bulk Dump" operation to save crucial data and settings to an external MIDI device (SETUP/BULK DUMP/Bulk Dump; p. 103).



When [SHIFT] and [EDIT (SETUP)] are held down when the power is turned on, the display jumps to the Factory Reset screen. When carrying out Factory Reset, read from step **4**.

1. While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT (SETUP)] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "FactoryReset"



**3.** Press [ENTER □ ].

The Factory Reset screen appears.

4. Press [+] or [-] to select the parameter you want to restore to factory settings.



5. Press [ENTER □].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.

The confirmation screen appears.



- 6. If you're ready to proceed, press [ENTER □], and the Factory Reset operation will be executed.
- When the Factory Reset is finished, the Completed screen appears.



## Reset (Factory Reset): ALL, THIS DRUM KIT, ALL DRUM KITS, ALL SONGS

ALL:

All internal settings will be restored to the factory settings.

#### THIS DRUM KIT:

Only the settings for the currently selected drum kit are restored to the factory settings.

#### ALL DRUM KITS:

The settings for all of the TD-6V's internal drum kits are restored to the

factory settings.

#### **ALL SONGS:**

All of the TD-6V's internal song data is restored to the factory settings.

## Chapter 4 Setting the Metronome (Click Edit)

#### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

CLICK (Click Settings) (p. 80)

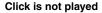


Rec Count In

## Switching the Click On/Off (Click)

You can switch the click sound on and off by pressing [CLICK]. [CLICK] lights while the click sound is set to be played.

Click is played









Click cannot be used in GM mode (p. 99).

## **Tempo Adjustment (Tempo)**

For each song selected, the tempo of the click changes to the tempo specified for that song.

- 1. Press [CLICK].

  [CLICK] lights, and the click sound begins to play.
- While holding down [SHIFT], press [CLICK (TEMPO)].

The "TEMPO" screen appears.



- 3. Press [+] or [-] to select the tempo.
- **4.** When you finish making settings, press [EXIT] to end the procedure.

The "TEMPO" screen disappears.



**TEMPO: 20-260** 

## Setting the Way the Click Sounds

Settings that determine how the click sounds, volume, time signature etc.

- **1. Confirm that [EDIT] is not lit.** If this lights, press [KIT] or [SONG] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [CLICK]. [CLICK] lights, and the click sound begins to play.
- 3. Press [EDIT].
- **4.** Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



**6.** When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

### **Volume Adjustment (Click Level)**

Adjusts the volume of the click sound. Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



Click Level: 0-127

## Setting the Time Signature (Time Signature)

Specify the time signature of the click sound. When the numerator is set to "0," no accent is added to the first beat. The metronome click sound then plays at a fixed volume.



It is not possible to change the time signature of the metronome clicks while a song is playing back. The metronome clicks corresponds to the time signature of the song.



Time Sig (Time Signature): 0–13/2, 0–13/4, 0–13/8, 0–13/16

### **Setting the Interval (Interval)**

Setting How the Sound Plays (Interval).



#### Interval:

1/2 (half note), 3/8 (dotted quarter note), 1/4 (quarter note), 1/8 (eighth note), 1/12 (12th note), 1/16 (16th note)

### **Selecting the Click Sound (Inst)**

You can choose the sound for the metronome click. When the parameter is set to "VOICE," the click is sound becomes a human voice.



#### Inst:

VOICE, CLICK, BEEP, METRONOME, CLAVES, WOOD BLOCK, STICKS, CROSS STICK, TRIANGLE, COWBELL, CONGA, TALKING DRM, MARACAS, CABASA, CUICA, AGOGO, TAMBOURINE, SNAPS, 909 SNARE, 808 COWBELL

### Stereo Position (Pan)

You can localize the metronome click within the stereo sound field.



The effect set here is applied only when connected in stereo.



#### Pan: L15-Center-R15

L15: Sound is positioned at the extreme left.CENTER: Positions the sound in the center.R15: Sound is positioned at the extreme right.

# Inserting a Count Before Playback or Recording (Play Count In, Rec Count In)

You can have a count sound (click) inserted before recording or playback of a song begins.



PlyCountin (Play Count In): OFF, 1MEAS, 2MEAS



## RecCountin (Rec Count In): OFF, 1MEAS, 2MEAS

#### OFF:

Playback/recording will begin without a count-in.

#### 1MFAS

Playback/recording begins after a 1-measure count-in.

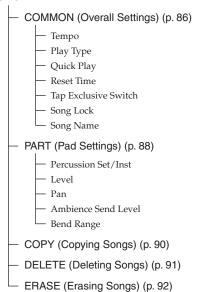
#### 2MEAS:

Playback/recording begins after a 2-measure count-in.

## Chapter 5 Editing Songs (SONG Edit)

### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

#### SONG



## About Songs and the Song Screen

### **About Songs**

The TD-6V's sequencer organizes music into six parts. The Drum Kit part is used to record/play back what is played on the pads. Additionally, Part 1, Part 2, Part 3, and Part 4 are the four backing instrument parts (backing parts), and there is another Percussion part.

The collective performance of these six parts is called a **song**.



Sequencer cannot be used in GM mode (p. 99).

### Preset (Internal) Songs (Songs 1–170)

What the various parts should play has already been recorded. The performances in Preset patterns cannot be changed, deleted, or recorded. These songs come in handy for backing during drum practice, or for live performances.

### MEMO

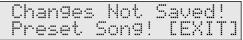
Drum performances in the Preset songs (except song #1 "DRUMS") are recorded to the percussion part.

#### **Using Preset Songs**

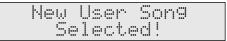
You cannot save any changes you make to the settings in preset songs. While you can make temporary changes to these settings, they revert to the settings already selected for that preset song when another song is selected.

Furthermore, preset songs cannot be edited or recorded.

• The following appears in the display when you attempt to change the settings. Press [EXIT] to dismiss the message.



 The following is displayed when the [REC ●] is pressed with a Preset song selected and select a new user song automatically.



If you want to change, edit, or record any preset song settings, copy them to a user song (p. 89). When user song settings are altered, the changes are saved automatically.

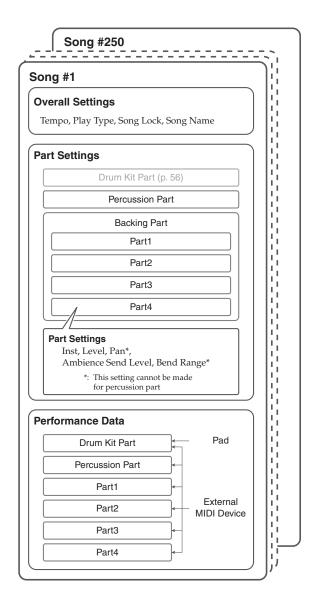
#### **About Preset Song Copyright**

The sounds, phrases and songs contained in this product are sound recordings protected by copyright. Roland hereby grants to purchasers of this product the permission to utilize the sound recordings contained in this product for the creation and recording of original musical works; provided however, the sound recordings contained in this product may not be sampled, downloaded or otherwise re-recorded, in whole or in part, for any other purpose, including but not limited to the transmission of all or any part of the sound recordings via the internet or other digital or analog means of transmission, and/or the manufacture, for sale or otherwise, of any collection of sampled sounds, phrases or patterns, on CD-ROM or equivalent means.

The sound recordings contained in this product are the original works of Roland Corporation. Roland is not responsible for the use of the sound recordings contained in this product, and assumes no liability for any infringement of any copyright of any third party arising out of use of the sounds, phrases and patterns in this product.

### User Songs (Songs 171-270)

These are songs that can be recorded and edited. You can record performances exactly as they are played using the pads or an external MIDI keyboard (Realtime Recording; p. 92). Changes in User song settings are saved automatically.

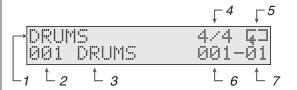


#### MEMO

Only the performance data is recorded to the drum kit part. When the song is played back, the settings of instruments and effects etc. of the current selected drum kit are used.

### **About the Song Screen**

The screen that appears when [SONG] is pressed is called the Song screen.



#### 1 Song Category

Shows the category of the currently selected song.

#### 2 Song Number

Shows the number of the currently selected song.

#### 3 Song Name

Shows the name of the currently selected song.

#### 4 Beat

#### 5 Playback Method Setting (p. 85)

This indicates the song playback type.

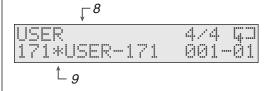
#### 6 Measure Number

The current measure number is indicated. Pressing

[PLAY ▶ ] starts playback from the beginning of the measure indicated here.

#### 7 Beat

The current beat is indicated.



#### 8 Song Lock Setting

"  $\stackrel{..}{\text{...}}$  " appears with User songs that have Song Lock (p. 86) set to "ON."

#### 9 New User Song

" \* " indicates a new User song.

### **Choosing a Song**

Part settings are switched when a song is selected.



To see which songs can be selected here, refer to "Preset Song List" (p. 128).

## Choosing from a Category (Song Category)

Select songs by searching the category names.

1. Press [SONG].

[SONG] lights, and the SONG screen appears.



2. Hold down [SHIFT] and press [+] or [-] to select the song category.

#### **SONG CATEGORY:**

DRUMS, ROCK, METAL, BALLAD, R&B, BLUES, POPS, R&R, COUNTRY, JAZZ, FUSION, DANCE, REGGAE, LATIN, BRAZIL, BASICPTN, LOOP, 1SHOT, TAP, USER

### Choosing a Song (Song)

1. Press [SONG].

[SONG] lights, and the SONG screen appears.

"V. I"N 1 1 IAA 1""	A 2 A 1 1 1 1 1 1
111111 11111111111111111111111111111111	4/4 [
' ! '\ '' ! !'	1. 1
milimi a milimi i i i alim	rama a mia
	00101

2. Press [+] or [-] to select the song.

SONG: 001-270

## **Playing Back a Song**

- 1. Select the song that you wish to play back (foregoing paragraph).
- 2. Press [PLAY ▶ ].

[PLAY ▶ ] lights, and playback of the song begins.

3. To stop playback of the song, press [STOP ■].

The [PLAY ▶] light goes out, and the song returns to the beginning of the measure that was being played back.

### MEMO

When playback of a song is stopped, you can do the following.

- Pressing [STOP ■], returns you to the beginning of the song.
- Pressing [ ▶ ], advances you to the next measure.
- Pressing [ ◀], returns you to the previous measure.

### HINT

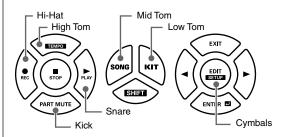
- To temporarily change the tempo of the song, hold down [SHIFT] and press [CLICK] (p. 85).
- To insert a count before playback of the song, set "PlyCountIn (Play Count In)" (CLICK/PlyCountIn; p. 80).

### **Convenient Function for Playback**

During playback of a song, you can have the buttons corresponding to the drums being played in the percussion part light up.

You can also have the buttons light even when Part Mute (p. 84) is in use, making this convenient for practicing with the Preset songs.

Drum Instrument	Button Lit	Note Number
Kick	[PART MUTE]	35, 36
Snare	[PLAY ▶]	37, 38, 39, 40
Low Tom	[KIT]	41, 43
Hi-Hat	[REC]	42, 44, 46
Mid Tom	[SONG]	45, 47
Hi Tom	[CLICK]	48, 50
Cymbal	[EDIT]	49, 51, 52, 53, 55, 57, 59



#### **Chapter 5 Editing Songs (SONG Edit)**

### MEMO

Even when "9 Perc Only" or "10 Special" is selected for the percussion set, the buttons still light up according to the note numbers.

## NOTE

- The correspondence between the lighted buttons and note numbers is predetermined and cannot be changed.
- This function cannot be used with songs in which drum performances are recorded to the drum kit part.
- 1. Select the song to be played back (p. 83).
- 2. Hold down [SHIFT] and press [PLAY ▶ ].

Playback of the song begins, and the buttons corresponding to the performance of the percussion part drums light up.

3. To stop the playback, press [STOP ■ ].

## **Adjusting the Song Volume**

You can adjust the volume of the song in the backing parts (Parts 1–4) and the percussion part.

Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.



This volume setting is applied to all songs.



- Although drum performances in the Preset songs are recorded to the "percussion part," when you create your own songs, what you play on the pads is recorded to the "drum kit part." The volume level of the drum kit part is adjusted in the "MasterVolume" (Master Volume) (KIT/ COMMON/MasterVolume; p. 66).
- Adjust the volume level of each part to correct the volume balance among the parts (SONG/PART/Level; p. 88).
- 1. While holding down [SHIFT], press [SONG].

The screen for setting the volume of the backing parts appears.



2. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

#### 3. Press [ ◀ ].

The screen for setting the volume of the percussion part appears.



- 4. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.
- 5. When you finish making settings, press [SONG] to end the procedure.



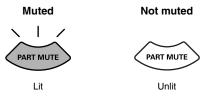
BackingLevel (Backing Level): 0-127



PercPrtLevel (Percussion Part Level): 0-127

## Muting a Selected Part (Part Mute)

Each time [PART MUTE] is pressed the mute is alternately turned on or off. [PART MUTE] lights when the mute is on. At the factory settings, only percussion part drum tones are muted.





The part to be muted here is selected in "Mute" (SETUP/UTILITY/Mute; p. 77). Hold down [SHIFT] and press [PART MUTE] to jump to the settings screen.



Settings for muted parts are applied to all songs.

#### 5

## **Overall Song Settings (COMMON)**

Make the settings for each song.



- If you want to save any changes made to Preset song settings, first copy the song to a User Song before making the changes (SONG/COPY; p. 89). Changes made to a Preset song are only temporary, so when you select a different song, the song reverts to its predetermined part settings. Changes made to Preset songs cannot be saved.
- Settings of parts which have the Song Lock (SONG/ COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86) set to "ON" cannot be changed. Make the settings after setting this to "OFF."
- **1. Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.** If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [SONG], then [EDIT]. [SONG] and [EDIT] light.



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



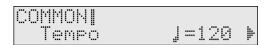
5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



**6.** When you finish making settings, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

### **Setting the Tempo (Tempo)**

You can set the tempo for each song individually. When a song is selected, the tempo you specify here will be set automatically. Changes made to a Preset song are temporary, and when you select a different song, the song reverts to its predetermined settings.



Tempo: 20-260

## Temporarily Changing the Tempo of a Song During Playback

You can temporarily change the tempo of a song while it is being played back.

When another song is selected, the song reverts to the tempo (SONG/COMMON/Tempo) preset for that song. This is convenient for practicing or other times when you want to temporarily change to tempo for playback.

**1.** While holding down [SHIFT], press [CLICK]. The Tempo screen appears.



2. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

## Selecting How the Song Plays Back (LOOP, 1SHOT, TAP) (Play Type)

This specifies how songs will be played back. When [PLAY ▶ ] is pressed or when the pad specified with the Pad Pattern function (p. 63) is struck, then the song is played back using the type specified here.



- User songs recorded with "Quantize" (p. 94) set to "OFF" may not play back correctly with Tap Playback.
- New songs cannot be set to "Tap." Change this after first recording something to the song.



#### PLAY TYPE: LOOP, 1SHOT, TAP

LOOP ( □□ ):

After the pattern is played back all the way to the end, playback then repeats, starting at the beginning of the song.

Playback continues until [STOP ■ ] is pressed.

#### **1SHOT (ONE SHOT) ( --+ ):**

Playback stops once the end of the song is reached. When set to Pad Pattern Function (p. 63), each time the pad is struck returns you to the beginning of the song and starts playback.

#### TAP ( +|+| ):

The sounds in the song are played back one by one in sequence each time [PLAY ▶ ] is pressed. When set to Pad Pattern Function (p. 63), the sounds are played back in sequence each time the pad is struck.

## Playing Back the Song from the First Note/Event (Quick Play)

This is an auxiliary function available when "LOOP" or "1SHOT" is specified as the Play Type for the song (SONG/COMMON/Play Type; previous section).

Quick Play starts playback of the pattern from the first note (first event) even if when you recorded the pattern, you left a pause at the beginning. For example if you had just played/recorded freely, ignoring the tempo clock.



When "Quick Play" is set to "ON," stopping playback of the song returns you to the beginning of the song.



The blank portion is played when you return to the beginning of the song while in Loop Playback.

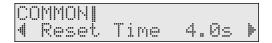


Quick Play: OFF, ON

## Reset Time When Using Tap Playback (Reset Time)

This is an auxiliary function available when "TAP" is specified as the Play Type for the song (SONG/COMMON/Play Type; p. 85). This feature automatically returns you to the beginning of the song if during Tap Playback the song is not played back within a specified interval. This value sets the time from when the song was last played back; if the set time elapses, then returns to the beginning before it is next played back.

When performing with the Pad Pattern function, if you start playback by striking a pad and then do not strike the pad again within the specified interval, the song is returned to the beginning. If it is set to "OFF," this function will be disabled.



Reset Time: OFF, 0.1-8.0s (0.1 sec steps)

## Preventing Layering of Sounds in Tap Playback (Tap Exclusive Switch)

This is an auxiliary function available when "TAP" is specified as the Play Type for the song (SONG/COMMON/Play Type; p. 85). In Tap playback, if one sound is set to play before the previous sound has finished playing, this setting allows you to either have the previous sound stop and the subsequent sound start playing (ON) or have the two sounds layered (OFF).



### Tap Exc SW (Tap Exclusive Switch): OFF, ON

OFF:

The previous sound continues to play to the end, while the subsequent sound is superimposed on it.

ON:

The previous sound stops while in progress, and the subsequent sound starts playing.

## Protecting User Song Settings (Song Lock)

To prevent accidental erasure or editing, you can lock User songs. If you attempt to change the settings of a song for which this set to "ON," a warning screen appears, and you cannot change the settings.

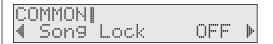
However, you cannot select this during recording of a song or when a new User song is selected by pressing [SHIFT] +

[STOP ■]. Since you can also lock unused User Songs, then in situations such as when using the TD-6V as a sound module, it's a good idea to lock songs when you want to save their settings.
[☐] appears in the Song screen when a User Song is locked.





The settings screen does not appear when a Preset song is selected.



Song Lock: OFF, ON

### Naming a Song (Song Name)

You can use up to eight characters when naming a User song.

Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to move the cursor (under bar) to the character you want to change, then press [+] or [-] to select the character.



The settings screen does not appear when a Preset song is selected.



- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] switches
  through the following sequence: uppercase alphabet →
  lowercase alphabet → 0 →! → space. Holding down
  [SHIFT] and pressing [-] switches through the sequence
  in reverse order.
- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [ ◀] deletes the character at the cursor position and closes the resulting space by shifting forward the characters that follow.
- Holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [ ▶ ] inserts a space the character at the cursor position and shifts back the characters that follow.



#### SngName (Song Name): 8 characters

The following characters may be used.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdef9hijklmnoparstuvwxyz
0123456789
!#\$%%"'^^\_+-\*/=<><)()[]{},.:;?@\+++

!#\$%&""^^\_+-\*/=<>()[]{},...;?@\++
space

### Part Settings (PART)

Set the backing parts (Parts 1–4) and percussion part in each song.



- Changes made to a Preset song are only temporary, and when you select a different song, the song reverts to its predetermined part settings. If you want to save any changes made to Preset song settings, first copy the song to a User Song before making the changes (SONG/ COPY; p. 89).
- Settings of parts which have the Song Lock (SONG/ COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86) set to "ON" cannot be changed. Make the settings after setting this to "OFF."



For the drum kit part settings, refer to Chapter 1.

- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [SONG], then [EDIT]. [SONG] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the part to be set.



L Part to set

- 4. Press [ENTER □].
- Press [ ◀] or [ ▶] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



6. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



7. When you finish making settings, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

## Choosing Percussion Set and Instruments (Percussion Set, Inst)

Select a percussion set for the percussion part and instruments for Parts 1–4.

#### **Percussion Part**

The TD-6V features ten Preset percussion sets that are ready to use.



You cannot change the content of the Preset percussion sets.

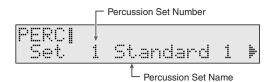


To see which percussion sets can be selected here, refer to the "Preset Percussion Set List" (p. 124).



#### **Percussion Set:**

A collection of a number of percussion instruments. A different percussion instrument is assigned to each note number, so multiple instruments can be used at one time.



Set (Percussion Set): 1-10

#### Parts 1-4

You can select all internal tones in sequence, including variation tones.

You can switch instrument groups for the backing instruments by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [+] or [-].



To see which backing instruments and instrument groups can be selected here, refer to the "Backing Instrument List" (p. 126).

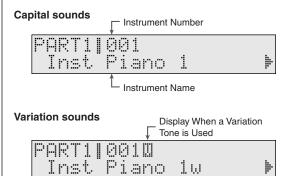


Instrument numbers correspond to the program numbers (1–128).



#### Variation Tone:

This is a type of tone that varies slightly from that of the instrument number. The number of variation tones varies with the instrument number.



Backing Inst: 1-128

### **Adjusting the Part Volume (Level)**

Specifies the volume at each point. Raising the value will increase the volume. With a setting of "0," no sound is produced.

Adjust here to balance the volume levels of the different parts.



LEVEL: 0-127

### ľ

### **Adjusting the Stereo Position (Pan)**

Adjusts the pan (the perceived location of the sound between the left and right speakers).



The effect set here applies only when connected in stereo.



Percussion parts do not feature the Pan setting.



Pan: L15-Center-R15

**L15:** Sound is positioned at the extreme left. **CENTER:** Sound is positioned in the center.

**R15:** Sound is positioned at the extreme right.

## Adjusting the Amount of Ambience (Ambience Send Level)

You can adjust the ambience level for each part individually. The ambience effect deepens the higher the value is set. When set to "0," no ambience is applied.



The specified ambience effect is applied to the currently selected drum kit. To check how the effect sounds, select a drum kit that has the Ambience Switch set to "ON." (KIT/AMBIENCE/Ambience SW; p. 60)



AmbSendLevel: 0-127

## Adjusting the Bend Range (Bend Range)

This adjusts the degree to which the pitch of the sound is changed when the maximum Pitch Bend is received from an external MIDI device.

This can be set from "0" to "24" (two octaves) in semitone steps. When set to "0," no change is made.

### MEMO

Percussion parts do not feature the Bend range setting.



Bend Range: 0-24

## Copying a Song (COPY)

This is used to copy Preset songs and User songs to other User songs.

Part instruments and volume and other settings are copied just as they are.

Executing this operation deletes the content of the copy destination, so check all content carefully before carrying out this operation.

- Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.
   If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.
- **2.** Press [SONG], then [EDIT]. [SONG] and [EDIT] light.
- 3. Press [►] to select "COPY."



- 4. Press [ENTER ☐ ].
- Press [ ◄] or [ ▶ ] to select the copy source song.



**6.** Press [ ▶ ].

The copy destination song selection screen appears.

#### 7. Press [+] or [-] to select copy destination song.



You can select a song that has not yet been used by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [STOP ■ ]. New User songs are indicated by "∗" in the display.



Copy destination song

8. Press [ENTER ☐ ].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



9. Press [ENTER 🕘 ] to execute the operation.

When you have finished copying the song, the Completed screen appears.



10. When you finish copying, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

Src (Copy Source): 001-270

**Dst (Copy Destination): 171-270** 

### **Deleting a Song (DELETE)**

This deletes all of the song's settings, turning the song into a new User song.

1. Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.

If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.

2. Press [SONG], then [EDIT].

[SONG] and [EDIT] light.

3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "DELETE."



- 4. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].
- 5. Press [+] or [-] to select the song to be deleted.



Song being deleted

6. Press [ENTER □].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



7. Press [ENTER 🕘 ] to execute the operation.

When you have finished deleting the song, the Completed screen appears.



**8.** When you finish deleting, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

SONG (Delete Song): 171-270

#### 5

## Erasing Performance Data in a Song (ERASE)

This erases the User song. Only the performance data is erased, and the beat, measure length, parts, and the song's other settings are left intact. You can also erase specific parts.

1. Confirm that [CLICK] is not lit.

If this lights, press [CLICK] to extinguish it.

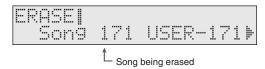
2. Press [SONG], then [EDIT].

[SONG] and [EDIT] light.

3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "ERASE."



- 4. Press [ENTER □].
- 5. Press [+] or [-] to select the song to be erased.



- 6. Press [ ▶ ].
- 7. Press [+] or [-] to select the part to be erased.



Part being erased -

8. Press [ENTER □ ].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



**9.** Press [ENTER  $\ensuremath{\blacksquare}$ ] to execute the operation.

When you have finished erasing the song or part, the Completed screen appears.



10. When you finish erasing, press [SONG] to end the procedure.

SONG (Erase Song): 171-270

#### Part (Erase Part):

ALL, KIT, PERC, PART1, PART2, PART3, PART4

#### ALL:

The performance data for all parts is erased.

#### KIT:

The performance data for the drum part is erased.

#### PERC:

The performance data for the percussion part is erased.

#### PART1:

The performance data for Part 1 is erased.

#### PART2:

The performance data for Part 2 is erased.

#### DADT2

The performance data for Part 3 is erased.

#### PART4:

The performance data for Part 4 is erased.

## Chapter 6 Recording a Song (Realtime Recording)

### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

RECORDING STANDBY (Recording Settings) (p. 94)

<u> </u>	Time	Signature
	11111	orginal.

Length

- Tempo

Quantize

Recording Mode

Hit Pad Start

What is played on the pads or on an external MIDI keyboard can be recorded (**Realtime Recording**).

The performance of the hi-hat control pedal is also recorded.



- Sequencer cannot be used in GM mode (p. 99).
- The amount that can be recorded to the TD-6V is limited.
   Please keep in mind that even though there are 100 user songs, the amount of memory available will be determined by how much data is recorded into each song.

### HINT

- Recording the hi-hat control pedal performance data consumes a large amount of memory. Make the settings related to recording performance data in "PdlDataThin (Pedal Data Thin)" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/ PdlDataThin; p. 99).
- You can check the amount of available memory in "AvailMemory (Available Memory)" (SETUP/UTILITY/ AvailMemory; p. 78).

## **Preparations for Recording**

Before starting to record, first make the MIDI, part, and other such settings.

### **When Recording Pad Performances**

Only the performance data is recorded to the drum kit part. When the song is played back, the settings of instruments and effects etc. of the current selected drum kit are used.

1. Select the User Song to be recorded (p. 83).

You can select a new User song by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [STOP  $\blacksquare$  ] while in the Song screen. New User songs are indicated by " \* " in the display.



If there are no new User songs available, you can delete an unneeded song (SONG/DELETE; p. 90). 2. Record using the procedure described in "How To Record (RECORDING STANDBY)" (p. 93).

### Recording Performances by External MIDI Devices

 Match the external MIDI device's MIDI transmission channel with the MIDI channel of the part to be recorded.

(SETUP/MIDI PART Part CH; p. 102)

Part	Factory Preset MIDI Channel
Drum Kit Part	CH10
Percussion Part	CH10
Part 1	CH1
Part 2	CH2
Part 3	CH3
Part 4	CH4

 Select CH10 to layer the drum kit part and percussion part together; when recording from an external MIDI device, then set "CH10Priority (Channel 10 Priority)" to determine whether the drum kit part or the percussion part is to be recorded.

(SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priority; p. 98)

**3.** Select the User Song to be recorded (p. 83). You can select a new User song by holding down [SHIFT]

and pressing [STOP ■] while in the Song screen. New User songs are indicated by "∗" in the display.



If there are no new User songs available, you can delete an unneeded song (SONG/DELETE; p. 90).

Select the part instrument or percussion set to be recorded (SONG/PART/Inst; p. 88).



Program Change and Bank Select messages transmitted from an external MIDI device are not recorded by the sequencer. Use the TD-6V to select the part instruments.

- 5. Make the other settings for the part to be recorded. (SONG/PART; p. 87)
- Record using the procedure described in "How To Record (RECORDING STANDBY)" (p. 93).

### 9

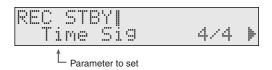
## How To Record (RECORDING STANDBY)

- 1. Prepare for recording using the procedure described in "Preparations for Recording" (p. 92).
- 2. Press [SONG] → [REC ].

[PLAY ▶] flashes, while [SONG], [REC •] and [CLICK] light up.



- If a Preset song is selected when you press [REC ●], then a new User song is selected automatically. In this case, new User songs that have Song Lock (SONG/ COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86) set to "ON" cannot be selected.
- If there are no new User songs available, delete any unneeded songs (SONG/DELETE; p. 90).
- To cancel the recording, press [STOP ] or [EXIT].
- 3. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



4. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



5. Press [PLAY ▶ ] to begin recording.

[PLAY ▶] stops flashing and remains lit, and recording begins.

The following appears in the upper left of the screen during recording.



### MEMO

To insert a count before recording, set "RecCountIn (Recording Count In)" (CLICK/RecCountIn; p. 80).

- 6. Play with pads or MIDI keyboards to record.
- 7. Press [STOP ] to stop recording.

The [PLAY ▶ ] and [REC ● ] lights go out.

## Setting the Time Signature (Time Signature)

This specifies the beat of the song to be recorded.



The time signature cannot be changed when recording additional material to a previously recorded song.



Time Sig (Time Signature): 1-13/2, 1-13/4, 2-13/8, 4-13/16

## Setting the Number of Measures (Length)

This specifies the measure length in the song being recorded.

### MEMO

When "REPLACE" is specified as the recording mode (SONG/REC/RecMode; p. 94), the measure length setting is unnecessary. The recorded measure length is automatically specified as the "Length."



Length: 1-999

### **Setting the Song Tempo (Tempo)**

This specifies the tempo used when recording and playing back the song.

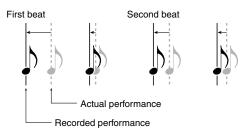


Tempo: 20-260

## Quantize During Recording (Quantize)

"Quantize" is a function that corrects mistakes or discrepancies in the timing of the performance being recorded.

Timing problems almost always occur when recording performances using pads, a MIDI keyboard, or other instruments. This function corrects timing mistakes and allows you to make recordings with accurate timing.



This is usually set to the shortest note appearing in the phrase to be recorded. When set to "OFF," the pattern is then recorded with the timing used in performance.



Carry out the quantize when recording a song using Tap Playback. You may be unable to play back the song correctly with Tap Playback if quantize is set to "OFF" when the song is recorded.



#### **Quantize:**

- 8 (8th note), Ja 8T (8th note triplets),
   16 (16th note), Ja 16T (16th note triplets),
   32 (32nd note), Ja 32T (32nd note triplets),
- **f** 64 (64th note), OFF

# Selecting the Recording Method (Loop All, Loop 1, Loop 2, Replace) (Recording Mode)

Selects how recording will take place.



## RecMode (Recording Mode): REPLACE, LOOP ALL, LOOP 1, LOOP 2

#### REPLACE:

Recording continues until [STOP **]** is pressed. All data previously recorded in the all parts is erased.

#### LOOP ALL:

The entire song repeats, and the new material is layered onto the previous performance.

#### LOOP1:

The measure starting from the point where recording begins is repeated, and the new material is layered onto the previous performance.

#### LOOP2:

The two measures starting from the point where recording begins are repeated, and the new material is layered onto the previous performance.

## Start Recording with a Pad or Pedal Trigger (Hit Pad Start)

This function starts the recording process the instant you strike a pad or pedal.



The "RecCountIn (Recording Count In)" setting is disregarded (CLICK/RecCountIn; p. 80).

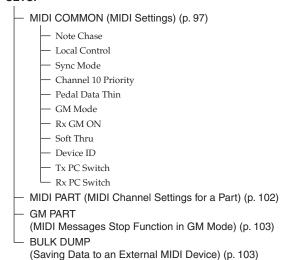


HitPadStart (Hit Pad Start): OFF, ON

## Chapter 7 Making the MIDI Settings (SETUP/MIDI, BULK DUMP)

### **Parameters That Can Be Set Here**

#### **SETUP**



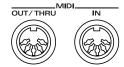
### About MIDI

MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) is a standard that allows performance data and other information to be exchanged among electronic musical instruments and computers. MIDI With a MIDI cable connecting MIDI devices that are equipped with MIDI connectors, you can play multiple instruments with a single keyboard, have multiple MIDI instruments perform in ensemble, program the settings to change automatically to match the performance as the song progresses, and more.

While using only pads with the TD-6V, there is no need to have any detailed knowledge of MIDI. For those who wish to use MIDI keyboards to record patterns on the TD-6V, use it as a sound module with external sequencers, or learn the TD-6V at a more advanced level, the following explains such matters related to MIDI.

#### MIDI Connectors

The TD-6V has the following two types of MIDI connectors.



#### **MIDI IN Connector Function**

This receives MIDI messages transmitted from an external MIDI device. When it receives MIDI messages, the TD-6V performs a variety of actions such as playing sounds and switching drum kits and part instruments.

#### **MIDI OUT/THRU Connector Function**

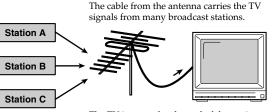
MIDI messages are transmitted from this connector to external MIDI devices. The TD-6V transmits pad and sequencer performance data from the MIDI OUT/THRU connector. You can also transmit various settings content, songs, and other data you want to save to another device (Bulk Dump; p. 103). The TD-6V MIDI OUT and MIDI THRU connectors are combined into a single connector. The function is selected in the "Soft Thru" setting (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/SOFT Thru; p. 100). When "Soft Thru" is set to "ON," pad and sequencer performance data are transmitted to an external device as is along with messages received at the MIDI IN connector.

### MEMO

As shipped from the factory, this is set to MIDI OUT.

## MIDI Channels and Multi-timbral Sound Modules

MIDI can send numerous streams of performance data over a single MIDI cable. This is made possible by MIDI channels. MIDI channels allow messages intended for a given instrument to be distinguished from messages intended for another instrument. In some ways, MIDI channels are similar to television channels. By changing channels on a television you can view programs from many different broadcast stations. This is because the television set has thus been directed to selectively display only the information being transmitted by a particular station. In the same way, MIDI also allows a device to select the information intended for that device out of the variety of information that is being transmitted to it.

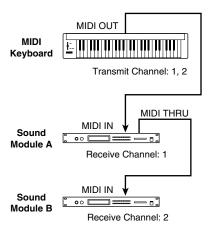


The TV is set to the channel of the station you wish to watch.

There are sixteen MIDI channels, numbered 1–16. Set the receiving device so that it will receive only the channel that it needs to receive.

#### Example:

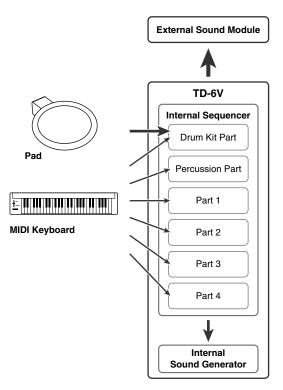
Set the TD-6V to send Channel 1 and Channel 2, then set sound module A to receive only Channel 1 and sound module B only Channel 2. In this way, sound module A plays the guitar part and sound module B plays the bass part.



When used as a sound module, the TD-6V can receive on up to six of the sixteen MIDI channels (16 channels in GM mode). Sound modules like the TD-6V which can receive multiple MIDI channels simultaneously to play different sounds on each channel are called "multi-timbral sound modules."

### **How the Internal Sequencer Operates**

A sequencer is an electronic instrument used for recording and playback of performances. The TD-6V features such a sequencer function. The TD-6V comes with 150 different built-in performance songs (Preset songs) which can be used for drum practice and other purposes. You can also create your own songs.



For playback, the performance data that has been recorded to the sequencer is sent to the sound module, which produces the sound. The data for each of the sequencer's parts causes the corresponding part in the internal sound module to be played. When performance data is recorded, the performance data from pads and MIDI keyboards is sent to the sequencer; the data recorded here is then sent to the sound module for playback.

When recording drum kit and percussion set performance, the performance data is sent to the drum kit part and percussion part according to the setting of channel 10 priority (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priorty; p. 98).



When using the TD-6V as a GM sound module, the internal sequencer is disabled.

## Making the MIDI Settings (MIDI COMMON)

Make the TD-6V's MIDI settings.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "MIDI COMMON."



- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- 4. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the parameter you wish to edit.



5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



**6.** When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.

## Automatically Switching Instrument Settings Screens (Note Chase)

**Note Chase** is a function in which a pad is selected either by striking the pad or when MIDI data corresponding to that pad is received.

When set to "OFF," the pad's settings screen is prevented from switching, even when MIDI data for a pad is received. Here, the trigger input number appears in brackets ([]). If you want to set other pads with this setting remaining at "OFF," you can switch settings screens by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [  $\blacktriangleleft$  ] or [  $\blacktriangleright$  ] to select the trigger input number.



Note Chase: OFF, ON

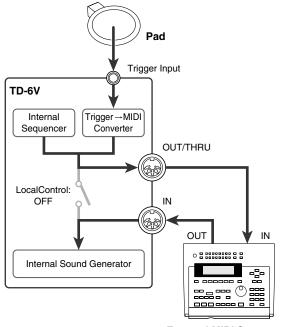


You can use only the TOM2 rim or AUX, and only the TOM3 rim or TOM4. You cannot select the trigger input for any pad for which the trigger type has not been set.

Also refer to "Connecting Two Pads to Trigger Input 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4)" (p. 70).

## When Using as MIDI Controller for External MIDI Device Only (Local Control)

This setting is required when you wish to record your pads and internal sequencer performance on an external MIDI sequencer. The performance data from the pads and internal sequencer, rather than being sent directly to the sound module section (Local Control Off), is first sent to the external sequencer, and then on to the TD-6V's sound module.



External MIDI Sequencer



- The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.
- If you make connections and record as shown, with a setting of Local On, duplicate notes will be re-transmitted to the TD-6V and will not be played correctly.



## LocalControl (Local Control): OFF, ON OFF:

The pads and internal sequencer are disconnected from the TD-6V's internal sound generator. Striking the pads does not cause sound to be produced by the internal sound generator.

#### ON:

The pads and internal sequencer are connected to the TD-6V's internal sound generator. Sounds are produced by the internal sound generator when the pads are struck.

## Synchronizing with an External MIDI Device (Sync Mode)

This section discusses the settings that allow an external MIDI sequencer and the TD-6V's sequencer to be synchronized. The device that is playing back is called the "master" and the device that is synchronizing to the playback is called the "slave."



The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.



#### Sync Mode: INT, EXT, REMOTE

#### INT (INTERNAL):

The TD-6V's tempo setting is used in playback and recording. **EXT (EXTERNAL):** 

The TD-6V's sequencer operates in accord with external tempo data.

#### **REMOTE:**

Playback begins, pauses, and stops in accord with data from the external device, but the TD-6V's tempo setting is used for the playback tempo.

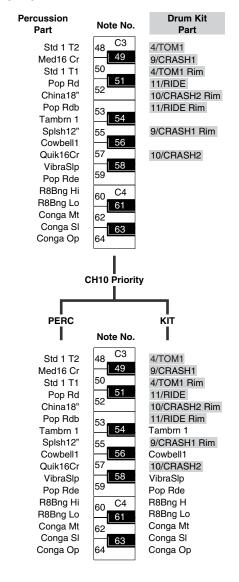
## Setting Priority for Playing Drums and Percussion (Channel 10 Priority)

This setting is necessary when both drum kit part and percussion part are simultaneously assigned to Channel 10. When note numbers to which percussion part's instruments are assigned (18 (F#0)–96 (C7)) are assigned to the pads, then select which instrument sounds are to be played when the note number is received.

### MEMO

When recording MIDI keyboard performances (p. 92) or loading external sequencer data to the TD-6V (p. 106), the data is stored to the sounded part according to this setting.

#### **CH10**





The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.



### CH10Priorty (Channel 10 Priority): KIT, PERC

#### KIT (Drum Kit Part):

When overlapping note numbers are received, the drum kit part's instrument (the pad instrument) is sounded.

#### PERC (Percussion Part):

The percussion part's instrument is always played.

### Hi-Hat Control Pedal Data Reduction (Pedal Data Thin)

This function allows you to prevent an excessive amount of data from being transmitted from the pedal to the internal sequencer or via the MIDI OUT.



When you want to make smooth changes in the pitch control with the Hi-Hat control Pedal, set this to "1" or "OFF."



The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.



## PdlDataThin (Pedal Data Thin): OFF, 1, 2

OFF:

Data sent from the pedal is not reduced.

1:

This reduces the data sent from the pedal. Usually, "1" is selected.

2:

This reduces the data sent from the pedal. This setting results in even less data than when "1" is selected.

## Switch to the GM (General MIDI) Mode (GM Mode)

The TD-6V features a GM mode—a convenient way to play back GM score data (music files for General MIDI sound module).



For more on the GM system, refer to p. 13.

To ensure proper playback of GM scores, set the TD-6V to GM mode.

Setting this to "ON" initializes the TD-6V's internal sound generator for use with GM, while the GM System percussion set (Standard Set) is assigned to Part 10, and Piano 1 is assigned to all other parts.

#### The TD-6V switches to GM mode at the following times.

- When Switching to GM Mode
- When it receives a GM System On message from an external MIDI device
- When the TD-6V has received a GM System On message as the result of playing back a song containing a GM System On message on an external MIDI device



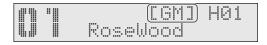
To mute the performance of a specific part in GM mode, you can make the appropriate setting for "GM PART" (SETUP/GM PART/Part Rx Sw; p. 102).



- You cannot use the TD-6V to make changes to the part settings. Change the setting by sending the Control Change Bank Select (CCO#, CC32#) and Program Change (PC) from the external MIDI device.
- When the power is turned on, "GM Mode" is ordinarily set to "OFF."
- Drum kit parts cannot be played using MIDI messages sent from an external device. They can be played only by playing pads connected to the TD-6V.
- Sequencers cannot be used in GM mode. The [SONG],
   [PLAY ▶], [STOP ■], [REC ●], [CLICK], and [PART MUTE] buttons are disabled. Also, [SHIFT] + [CLICK (TEMPO)] cannot be used.
- Some parameters cannot be set in GM mode. For more detailed information, refer to "Parameter List" (p. 130).
- Program changes in GM mode are predetermined, and thus cannot be changed. Use the program changes in the "Preset Percussion Set List" (p. 124) and "Backing Instrument List" (p. 126).
- The pan of the percussion set is based on how the set sounds from where the drums are played. Be aware that the panning recommended with General MIDI is reversed.

### MEMO

While in GM mode, " [GM] " appears in the drum kit screen.





GM Mode: OFF, ON

### **Preventing the TD-6V from** Switching to GM (General MIDI) Mode (Rx GM ON)

This setting prevents the TD-6V from switching to GM mode, even when a "GM System ON message" is received from an external MIDI device.



#### **RX GM ON: OFF, ON**

#### OFF:

Even when a "GM System ON message" is received, the TD-6V does not switch to GM mode. If you wish to switch to GM mode, follow the procedures described on foregoing paragraph to switch manually.

#### ON:

When a "GM System ON message" is received, the TD-6V switches to GM mode.

#### **GM System On Message**

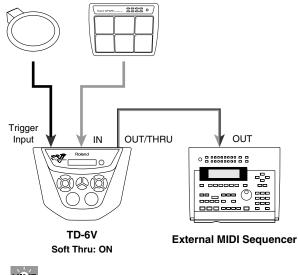
This is a message which switches a device to an operating mode that is compatible with the GM system, or to initialize a sound generator so that it will be compatible with the GM system.

When "RX GM ON" is set to "OFF," the GM System ON message is ignored.

### Mixing MIDI Signals Coming to the MIDI IN with Real Time Performance on the Pads (Soft Thru)

This setting causes data (except for System Exclusive messages) received at MIDI IN to be output from the MIDI OUT/THRU connector along with the pad and sequencer performance data.

#### Pad MIDI Compatible Pad





If this setting is not used, leave it "OFF" as the trigger response of the pads will be faster.



#### Soft Thru: OFF, ON

Only pad and sequencer performance data is output from the MIDI OUT/THRU connector.

Data received at MIDI IN is output together with the pad and sequencer performance data from the MIDI OUT/THRU connector.

### • •

### Set the Device ID (Device ID)

The setting described here is necessary only when you wish to transmit separate data to two or more TD-6V units at the same time. Do not change this setting in any other case.

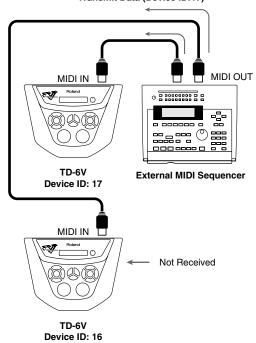
### MEMO

At the factory settings, the device ID is set to "17."

#### Example:

When saving data using Bulk Dump (p. 103), save using "17" as the TD-6V Device ID. When re-transmitting this data back to the TD-6V, it won't receive if the Device ID is set to something other than "17." Even if you happen to have another TD-6V connected, data will not be received if the Device ID is set to something other than "17."

#### Transmit Data (Device ID:17)





If you lose track of the Device ID setting that was used when saving data via a bulk dump, it will no longer be possible to reload the bulk data that was saved.



Device ID: 1-32

## Setting the TD-6V So That Program Changes Are Not Transmitted (Tx PC Sw)

The TD-6V sends a Program Change message to external devices when the drums kit is switched. If this is "OFF", Program Changes will not be transmitted.

### MEMO

The TD-6V's drum kit program numbers are always the same as the drum kit numbers; this relationship is fixed, and cannot be changed.



The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.



#### Tx PC Sw (Tx PC Switch): OFF, ON

#### OFF:

Program Change messages are not transmitted, even when drums kits are switched.

#### ON

Program Change messages are transmitted when drum kits are switched.

## Setting the TD-6V So That Program Changes Are Not Received (Rx PC Sw)

The TD-6V's drum kits are switched when a Program Change message is received from an external MIDI device. When set to "OFF," the drum kits do not switch, even when a Program Change message is received.

### MEMO

The TD-6V's drum kit program numbers are always the same as the drum kit numbers; this relationship is fixed, and cannot be changed.



The settings screen does not appear in GM mode.



### Rx PC Sw (Rx PC Switch): OFF, ON

#### OFF:

The drum kits are not switched, even when Program Change messages are received from an external MIDI device.

#### ON:

The drum kits are switched when Program Change messages are received from an external MIDI device.

## MIDI Channel Settings for a Part (MIDI PART)

For each part, you can specify the channel on which the TD-6V will receive and transmit MIDI messages.

At a setting of "1" through "16," MIDI messages will be transmitted and received on that channel. When set to "OFF," MIDI messages for that part are not transmitted.



Drum kit parts and percussion parts can be overlaid and set to "CH 10." Make the "CH10Priorty (Channel 10 Priority)" setting to determine whether the drum kit part instrument or percussion part instrument is to be sounded when MIDI messages are received (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priorty; p. 98).



In GM mode (p. 99), the part's channel is predetermined, and thus cannot be changed.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "MIDI PART."





When "GM Mode" is set to "ON," "GM PART" is displayed, and you cannot make the setting. Make the setting after first setting "GM Mode" to "OFF" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/GM Mode; p. 99).

- 3. Press [ENTER □].
- 4. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the part to be set.



- 5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.
- When you finish making settings, press [KIT] or [SONG] to end the procedure.



Part CH (Part Tx Rx Channel): CH 1-CH16, OFF

### MIDI Messages Stop Function for Specific Parts in GM (General MIDI) Mode (GM PART)

In GM mode, you can make the setting that determines whether or not MIDI messages are to be received for each individual part.

When set to "OFF," that part's MIDI messages are not received.

 While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

2. Press [ ▶ ] to select "GM PART."





When "GM Mode" is set to "OFF," "MIDI PART" is displayed, and you cannot make the setting.

Make the setting after first setting "GM Mode" to "ON" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/GM Mode; p. 99).

- 3. Press [ENTER □ ].
- 4. Press [ ◀] or [ ▶ ] to select the part to be set.



5. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



**6.** When you finish making settings, press [KIT] to end the procedure.

Part Rx Sw (Part Rx Switch): OFF, ON

### 7

## Saving Data to an External MIDI Device (BULK DUMP)

You can save the TD-6V's drum kits, songs, general settings, and more to an external MIDI sequencer.

use the external sequencer as you would when recording musical data, and perform the following steps on the TD-6V as shown in the following diagram.



Bulk Dump is one kind of System Exclusive message. Be sure to use an external MIDI sequencer that is capable of recording System Exclusive messages. In addition, confirm that the sequencer is not set to "Do not receive System Exclusive messages."

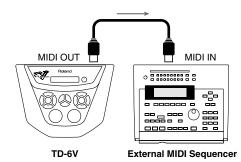


Setting the Device ID (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/DeviceID; p. 101) makes operation more convenient when multiple TD-6V's are connected.



For more detailed information concerning external MIDI devices, be sure to read the owner's manuals for the devices you are using.

1. Use a MIDI cable to connect the TD-6V's MIDI OUT connector to the MIDI IN connector of the external sequencer.



While holding down [SHIFT], press [EDIT (SETUP)].

[EDIT] lights.

3. Press [ ▶ ] to select "BULK DUMP."



4. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].

5. Press [+] or [-] to select the content to be saved.



Content being saved ·

- **6.** Start the recording process of the external sequencer.
- 7. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].

Press [EXIT] to cancel the operation.



8. Press [ENTER □ ] to start the data transmission.



9. When you have finished transmitting, the Completed screen appears.



10. Stop recording on the external sequencer.

#### Bulk Dump: ALL, SETUP, ALL SONGS, ALL KITS, KIT 01-KIT 99

#### ALL:

All data, including the setup (trigger, pad, and other such settings), drum kits, and User songs are transmitted.

#### SETUP:

All setup data is transmitted.

#### **ALL SONGS:**

All data for User Songs 171-270 is transmitted.

#### ALL KITS:

All data for Drum Kits 1-99 is transmitted.

#### KIT 01-KIT 99:

Only the data for the selected drum kit is transmitted.

### Returning Saved Data to the TD-6V

This returns settings that have been saved to a sequencer or other external MIDI device back to the TD-6V.

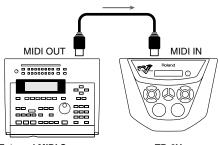


At this time, the TD-6V's data is overwritten. Save any data you need to an external MIDI device before carrying out this operation.

### MEMO

Set the Device ID (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/DeviceID; p. 101) used when the bulk data was saved.

 Use a MIDI cable to connect the TD-6V's MIDI IN connector to the MIDI OUT connector of the external sequencer.



External MIDI Sequencer

TD-6V

2. Send the settings data from the external sequencer to the TD-6V.

The transmitted settings are reproduced.

## Data Compatibility Between the TD-6 and the TD-6V

Although it is possible to transmit and receive bulk data between the TD-6V and the TD-6, please note the following points regarding data compatability.

Data Transmit- ted	from TD-6 to TD-6V	from TD-6V to TD-6
ALL	*1 *2	*1
SETUP	*1	*1
ALL SONGS		
ALL KIT	*2	
KIT01-99	*2	

- \*1 Due to the difference in the TD-6V's and TD-6's trigger types, discrepancies between the transmitted and received trigger types can arise.
  - If that occurs correct the trigger settings manually (TRIGGER BASIC, TRIGGER ADVANCED) after data is received.
- \*2 The TD-V6's TOM2 RIM and TOM3 RIM instrument parameter is reset, preventing the sounds from being played. Resset the instrument parameters forthese pads as necessary.

## **Chapter 8 Features Using MIDI and Setting Examples**

## About Transmitting/Receiving Program Changes

#### **Drum Kit**

The drum kit program numbers are always the same as the drum kit numbers; this relationship is fixed, and cannot be changed.

#### **Percussion Set**

Percussion set program numbers are predetermined. Refer to the "Preset Percussion Set List" (p. 124).

#### **Backing Part (Part 1-4) Instruments**

The instrument program numbers, and controller numbers 0 and 32 are fixed. Refer to the "Backing Instrument List" (p. 126).



If tone changes are made on an external MIDI device, the TD-6V's instruments are switched, but the change is not recorded by the sequencer.

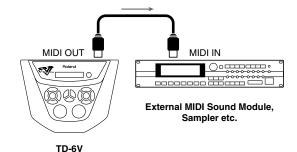
## Triggering an External Sound Device by Playing the TD-6V

This sets the TD-6V so that the external MIDI sound module is sounded when the pads are struck.



With this setting, both the TD-6V and the external sound module can play simultaneously.

 Use a MIDI cable to connect the MIDI OUT connector of the TD-6V to the MIDI IN connector of the external MIDI device.



- 2. Match the MIDI channel to be used for transmitting data from the TD-6V and the MIDI channel that the external MIDI device will use for receiving the data.

  (SETUP/MIDI PART/CH; p. 102)
- 3. Specify the note number to be transmitted from each pad. (KIT/CONTROL/Note No.; p. 64)
  Set this to the note number of the sound that you wish to play on the external MIDI sound module or sampler.
- 4. Set the MIDI Gate Time.
  (KIT/CONTROL/Gate Time; p. 65)



You can use different pad note number and gate time settings in each drum kit.

## Combining with an External MIDI Sequencer

# Importing Sequence Data from an External MIDI Device to the TD-6V's Internal Sequencer

You can load data created on another sequencer from the MIDI IN connector and record the data on the TD-6V's sequencer, then use the data as a song. The backing part (Parts 1–4), percussion part, and drum kit part can be imported simultaneously.

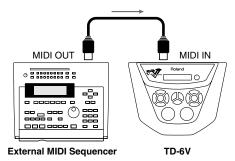


When TD-6V's instruments are changed from an external MIDI device, the change is not recorded by the TD-6V's sequencer. Use the TD-6V to make each part's instrument settings.



For more on external MIDI device operations, refer to the owner's manuals for the devices you are using.

 Use a MIDI cable to connect the MIDI IN connector of the TD-6V to the MIDI OUT connector of the external MIDI device.



- 2. Match the MIDI channel to be used for transmitting data from the external MIDI device and the MIDI channel that the TD-6V will use for receiving the data.

  (SETUP/MIDI PART/CH; p. 102)
- 3. Set "CH10Priorty (Channel 10 Priority)" as needed when recording drum and percussion performances.

(SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priorty; p. 98)

- 4. Set "Sync Mode" to "EXT" in order to synchronize the TD-6V to the external sequencer. (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/Sync Mode)
- 5. Select one of the TD-6V's new User songs (p. 83).

You can select a new User song by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [STOP ■ ] while in the Song screen.



New User songs are indicated by " \* " in the display.

**6.** Make the settings for the TD-6V's parts. (SONG/PART; p. 87)

Specify the part instruments and percussion sets, volume levels, etc.

 Press [REC ● ], then make the recording settings (p. 93).

**Time Sig:** Set the beat (time signature) to comply with that of the loaded data.

Rec Mode:Set this to "REPLACE."

8. Start playback of the external MIDI device.

The TD-6V automatically begins recording.

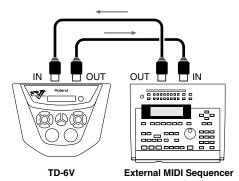
**9.** When you have finished recording, stop the recording of the external MIDI device.

The TD-6V stops recording automatically.

## Recording Your Performance to an External Sequencer

This makes the settings that allow performances of the pads to be recorded by an external MIDI sequencer.

 Use a MIDI cable to connect the TD-6V and MIDI sequencer MIDI connectors as shown in the following figure.



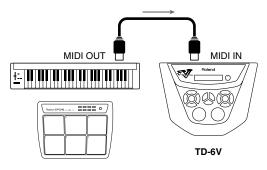
2. Set Local Control to "OFF."
(SETUP/MIDI COMMON/LocalControl; p. 97)

- Match the MIDI channel to be used for transmitting data from the TD-6V and the MIDI channel that the external MIDI sequencer is to use for receiving the data. (SETUP/MIDI PART/CH; p. 102)
- 4. Start the recording process of the external MIDI sequencer.
- 5. The performances of the pads are recorded as they are played.
- **6.** When you have finished playing, stop recording with the external MIDI sequencer.
- 7. When playback of the external MIDI sequencer begins, the TD-6V is played.

## Using the TD-6V As a Sound Module

Here, the TD-6V is used as a sound module. You can connect an external MIDI sequencer and play back songs or connect a MIDI-compatible keyboard or pads for performance.

 Use a MIDI cable to connect the MIDI IN connector of the TD-6V to the MIDI OUT connector of the external MIDI device.



MIDI Keyboard, Pad

- Match the MIDI channel to be used for transmitting data from the external MIDI device and the MIDI channel that the TD-6V will use for receiving the data. (SETUP/MIDI PART/CH; p. 102)
- 3. Set "CH10Priorty (Channel 10 Priority)" as needed when playing drum and percussion performances with an external MIDI sequencer. (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/CH10Priorty; p. 98)

**4.** Select one of the TD-6V's new User songs (p. 83).

You can select a song that has not yet been used by holding down [SHIFT] and pressing [STOP  $\blacksquare$  ].



New User songs are indicated by " \* " in the display.

5. Make the settings for the TD-6V's parts. (SONG/PART; p. 87)

Specify the part instruments and percussion sets, volume levels, etc.



When using the TD-6V as a sound module, the sounds you select must be assigned to a SONG as the song parameters store which sounds you are using. Once you select a new User song and make the settings, you can then call up these settings just by selecting this song. You can also prevent recording or changes to the settings by setting "Song Lock" to "ON" (SONG/COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86).

6. When playing the external MIDI device, the TD-6V will sound.

## **MEMO**



PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE TD-6V

# Appendices

# **Troubleshooting**

This section outlines points to check if you experience problems, and what to do about them.

### No Sound

### No Sound

### Has the [VOLUME] been lowered?

→ Rotate the [VOLUME] knob to be sure.

### Is Local control set to "OFF?" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/LocalControl; p. 97)

→ Local Control should be set to "ON" if an external sequencer is not being used.

### No Drum Kit Sound

# Is the overall drum kit volume level turned down? (KIT/COMMON/MasterVolume; p. 66)

 $\rightarrow$  Press [+] or [-] to set the volume.

### No Sound from One or More Pads

# Is the volume level of an instrument lowered? (KIT/INST/Level; p. 59)

→ Strike the pad that is not producing sound to switch to the pad's settings screen. Press [+] or [-] to set the volume.

### Is the pad connected correctly? (p. 20, p. 33)

- → Make sure that the pad connections are correct, and that each pad is connected to the proper input.
- → Use only the provided cables to connect the pads.

## Is the instrument set to #1024 (OFF)? (KIT/INST; p. 58)

→ #1024 (OFF) is a setting used to prevent any sounds from being played. Select an instrument numbered 1–1,023.

### Cannot Make Rim Shots/ Rim Shots Not Sounding

# Do you have a pad that is capable of producing rim shots connected to a trigger input that is capable of handling rim shots? (p. 33)

- → When using the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125 to play rim shots, connect to Trigger Input 2 (SNARE).
- → When using the PD-7, PD-8, PD-9, CY-6, CY-8, CY-12H, CY-12R/C, CY-14C, or CY-15R to play rim shots (or edge/ bell shots) or choking, connect to Trigger Input 2 (SNARE), 3 (HI-HAT), 4 (TOM1), 9 (CRASH1), 10 (CRASH2), or 11 (RIDE).
- → The PD-6, PD-80, PD-100 and RP-2 are not capable of producing rim shots.

## Is the Rim Sensitivity set to "0?" (SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD/Rim Sens; p. 75)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### MEMO

You need to set the "Rim Sens" when using the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125 to play rim shots.

### No sounds from pads connected to Trigger Inputs 6 (AUX) and 8 (TOM4)

# Have you made correct trigger settings? (SETUP/TRIG TYPE; p. 69)

→ Change the settings if you are connecting two pads to Trigger Inputs 5/6 (TOM2/AUX) and 7/8 (TOM3/4).

### Cannot Make Cross Sticks/ Cross Sticks Not Sounding

# Do you have a pad connected to a trigger input that is capable of handling cross sticks? (p. 33)

→ When using the PD-80R, PD-85, PD-105, PD-120 or PD-125 to play cross sticks, connect to Trigger Input 2 (SNARE).

# Has the instrument that can be used for playing the cross sticks been selected? (KIT/INST; p. 58, Drum Instrument List; p. 120)

→ Use the instrument with the "XS."

### Are you playing the cross stick correctly? (p. 36)

→ For cross stick, make sure your hand or stick does not touch or strike the head.

# No Sound When the Pad is Struck Softly

### Did you strike a pad or press the pedal at any time from when the TD-6V's power was turned on until the kit name appeared in the display?

→ Using the procedure of p. 23, turn the power on once again without playing any pads or pedals during the TD-6V's warm up.



### **Precautions When Turning On the Power**

When the TD-6V is turned on, it carries out a check of the pads. If you strike a pad or press the pedal anytime during this process, the pads cannot be checked properly, resulting in incorrect functioning of the pads.

# Volume levels for the rims of TOM2 and TOM3 not changing

# Have you made the appropriate settings for AUX or TOM4? (SETUP/TRIG TYPE; p. 69)

→ To use the TOM2 and TOM3 rims, set the AUX and TOM4 trigger types to "Rim."

# No Sound When [SHIFT] + [KIT] (Preview) Is Pressed

## Is the [PREVIEW] button velocity set to "0?" (SETUP/UTILITY/Preview Velo; p. 78)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### No Click/Metronome Sound

Does [CLICK] light? (p. 79)

→ Press [CLICK] to light the button.

## Is the click volume level set to "0?" (CLICK/Click Level; p. 79)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### **Song Does Not Play**

### Is GM Mode set to "ON?" (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/GM Mode; p. 99)

→ Press [+] or [-] to set this to "OFF." The sequencer does not function when the TD-6V is in GM mode.

### **Troubleshooting**

### Are you playing a new User song?

→ Play back a song that contains performance data.



New User songs are indicated by " \* " in the display.

# Is the volume level of the backing part and percussion part set to "0?" (SETUP/UTILITY/PercPartLevel, BackingLevel; p. 76, p. 77)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.



Press [SHIFT] + [SONG] to jump to the backing part volume settings screen.

# Specific Part in Song Not Being Played

Does [PART MUTE] light? (p. 84)

→ Press [PART MUTE] so that the light is turned off.

## Is the volume level for each part set to "0?" (SONG/PART/Level; p. 88)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### TD-6V Not Playing Even During Performance of External Sequencer or Keyboard

Is the part's MIDI channel correct? Or is the channel set to "OFF?" (SETUP/MIDI PART/Part CH; p. 102)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

## Is the volume level for each part set to "0?" (SONG/PART/Level; p. 88)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### External Sequencer Not Playing Even During Performance of TD-6V and Pads

Is the part's MIDI channel correct? Or is the channel set to "OFF?"
(SETUP/MIDI PART/Part CH; p. 102)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### In GM mode, No Sound of a Specific Part in a Performance

Is it set not to receive MIDI messages? (SETUP/GM PART/Part Rx Sw; p. 102)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### No Sound/Low volume from Device Connected to the MIX IN Jack

### Could you be using a connection cable that contains a resistor?

→ Use a connection cable that does not contain a resistor.

## Is the volume level of the connected device turned down completely?

→ Refer to the owner's manual for the device, then set the volume.

# Appendices

# Drum Kit Does Not Sound As Intended

### Pressing [SHIFT] + [KIT] (Preview) Starts Playback of the Song

Is the Pad Pattern function (a feature that starts performance of songs when a pad is struck) specified for the selected pad? (KIT/CONTROL/Pad Ptn; p. 63)

→ Press [-] to set this to "OFF."



To stop playback of a song in progress, press [STOP ■ ].

### **No Ambience Applied**

Is the drum kit's Ambience set to "OFF?" (KIT/AMBIENCE/Amb Sw; p. 60)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

Is the drum kit's overall Ambience level set to "0?" (KIT/AMBIENCE/Amb Level; p. 61)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

# Has the Ambience level for individual instruments been lowered? (KIT/AMBIENCE/AmbSendLevel; p. 60)

→ Strike the pad to which Ambience is not being applied to display the settings screen for that pad. Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### **No Equalizer Applied**

Is the drum kit's Equalizer set to "OFF?" (KIT/EQUALIZER/Master EQ Sw; p. 62)

→ Press [+] to set this to "ON."

Is the Gain set to "0?"
(KIT/EQUALIZER/High Gain, Low Gain; p. 62)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

# Pad Does Not Sound As Intended

### **Pad Not Playing Correctly**

Is the trigger type setting correct?
(SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Trig Type; p. 69)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

Is the pad's sensitivity setting correct? (SETUP/TRIG BASIC/Sensitivity; p. 71)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### MEMO

For fullest expression in performance, we recommend the exclusive use of Roland pads.

Is the KD-80, KD-85, KD-120, PD-80, PD-80R, PD-85, PD-100, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125 or RP-2 head tightened uniformly?

→ Refer to the owner's manual for the pad you are using, then adjust the head tension.



If pad volume or other quality is unstable, making the head tension somewhat tighter improve stability.

### **Wrong Sound Plays**

### Is there a mistake in the head and rim selection? (p. 55)

→ With some parameters, you can make separate settings for the head and rim. At this time, confirm the trigger type appearing in the upper right of the screen, then make the settings.

## Are you making the rim shot (p. 36) and cross stick (p. 36) correctly?

→ To play rim shots, strike the head and rim simultaneously.

For cross stick, make sure your hand or stick does not touch or strike the head.

# Song Does Not Sound As Intended

### Song Sounds Odd

## Have the part settings been changed? (SONG/PART; p. 87)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the settings.

# Playback Stops Immediately After Beginning

# Is the song playback type set to "TAP?" (SONG/COMMON/Play Type; p. 85)

→ Press [-] to set this to "LOOP" or "1SHOT." "TAP" refers to the convenient playback function in Pad Pattern (tapping the pad causes the song to be played back).

# The Song Stops Suddenly When Playing the Pads

# Are you using the Pad Pattern function? (KIT/CONTROL/Pad Ptn; p. 63)

→ If so, look at your settings. Or see p. 63.

When triggering/playing a song that is set to "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT" mode, if you trigger another song (from a pad), also in "LOOP" or "ONE SHOT" mode then the last song played will have priority. Don't forget that some "songs" are very short, a few notes, or even one chord. So "sudden" stops can be caused by accidently triggering one of these short songs. Always check your Pad Pattern settings.

### Sound is distorted

### **Sound in Headphones Distorted**

# Sometimes, setting the headphone output too high using certain tones can make it appear that the sound is somewhat distorted.

→ Turn down [VOLUME] completely. This alleviates the distortion.

### **Output Sound Is Distorted**

# Sounds may become distorted somewhat because of certain instrument and equalizer settings.

- → Lower the pad's instrument volume. (KIT/INST/Level; p. 59)
- → Setting the Pan (positioning) at or near the center may suppress the distortion. (KIT/INST/Pan; p. 59)

### **Problems Operating the TD-6V**

# Striking Pads Does Not Switch the Settings Screen

Is the pad's settings screen locked? (SETUP/MIDI COMMON/Note Chase; p. 57, p. 97)

→ Press [+] to set this to "ON."



### **Song Screen Not Displayed**

Is GM Mode set to "ON?"
(SETUP/MIDI COMMON/GM Mode; p. 99)

→ Press [-] to set this to "OFF." The sequencer does not function when the TD-6V is in GM mode.

### **Cannot Record or Edit User Song**

Is Song Lock set to "ON?"
(SONG/COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86)

→ Press [-] to set this to "OFF."

### **Cannot Carry Out Bulk Dump**

## Is the MIDI connector used to connect the MIDI cable correct? (p. 95)

→ If you wish to save a bulk dump on an external device, connect the TD-6V's MIDI OUT/THRU connector to the external sequencer's MIDI IN connector.

# Could the external MIDI device be set in such a way as to cause it to decline the reception of MIDI Exclusive messages?

→ Refer to the owner's manual for the external MIDI device, then set it so that the reception of System Exclusive data is enabled.

### MEMO

System exclusive data is data unique to individual devices, so verify all settings.

### Display Is Too Light Or Too Dark

## Is the display contrast properly adjusted? (SETUP/UTILITY/LCD Contrast; p. 76)

→ Press [+] or [-] to make the setting.

### MEMO

The visibility of the display will change depending on the viewing angle and on room lighting conditions. The visibility of the display will change depending on the viewing angle and on room lighting conditions.

# Messages and Error Messages

This section explains the meaning of the various error messages and other messages that the TD-6V may display, and describes the measures to take when these appear. When [EXIT] appears as shown in the following figure, you can press [EXIT] to dismiss the message.



### System and Battery Error Messages

### **System Error!**

A problem has occurred with the internal system. Consult your Roland dealer or nearest Roland Service Center.

### **Backup NG! Execute Reset All!**

Data in the TD-6V's memory may be corrupted.

The TD-6V's internal backup battery (the battery used for saving User memory data) is fully drained; internal data has been lost.

Consult your dealer or a nearby Roland service station to have the battery replaced.

You can use the TD-6V temporarily by following the instructions appearing in the display.

### 1. Press [ENTER 🕘 ].

### 2. Press [ENTER 🕘 ] once again.

Factory Reset is executed, enabling you to use the TD-6V temporarily.



Carrying out a Factory Reset deletes all of the current TD-6V's data and settings, and returns them to the original factory settings.

### **Backup Battery Low!**

Backur Battery Low! [EXIT]

The internal backup battery of the TD-6V (a battery that maintains data in the user memory) has run down.

Contact your dealer or a nearby Roland service center to have the battery replaced.

### Messages and Error Messages Related to Sequencers and Songs

### **DATA OVERLOAD!**

Data Overload! [EXIT]

Song contained an excessive amount of data, and as a result could not be output successfully from MIDI OUT.

Try eliminating a track that has too much data.

### 999 Measure Maximum!

999 Measure Maximum! [EXIT]

The maximum number of measures for one song has been exceeded, and as a result no more can be recorded to the song.

### **Not Enough Memory!**

Not Enough Memory! [EXIT]

Song recording or editing could not be carried out because there was not enough internal memory.

Try deleting songs that are no longer needed (SONG/DELETE; p. 90).

### **Changes Not Saved! Preset Song!**

Changes Not Saved! Preset Song! [EXIT]

This is a Preset song; changes to settings are not saved.

# Appendice

### Song Lock ON!

Son9 Lock On!

Song Lock is on for this song; it cannot be edited or recorded. Set Song Lock to "OFF" (SONG/COMMON/Song Lock; p. 86).

### **Empty Song!**

Empty Song!

This song contains no performance data; it cannot be edited.

### **No Empty Song!**

No Empty Song!

There are no empty songs for recording.

Try deleting songs that are no longer needed (SONG/DELETE; p. 90).

### **New User Song Selected!**

New User Son9 Selected!

Select a new User song automatically.



This is displayed when the following operations are carried out

- When pressing [SHIFT] + [STOP ■] in the song screen or the screen for selecting the copy destination in song copy
- When [REC ] is pressed with a Preset song selected

### **Preset Song!**

Preset Song!

This is the preset song; the settings cannot be changed.

### Messages and Error Messages Related to MIDI

### **MIDI Offline!**

MIDI Offline!

Something has caused a break in communication with the external MIDI device.

Check that MIDI cables have not been disconnected or broken.

### **Checksum Error!**

Checksum Error! [EXIT]

The checksum value of a system exclusive message was incorrect.

Correct the checksum value.

### MIDI Buffer Full!

MIDI Buffer Full! [EXIT]

A large amount of MIDI messages were received, and could not be processed completely.

Confirm that the external MIDI device is properly connected (p. 105). If this does not resolve the problem, reduce the amount of MIDI messages being transmitted to the TD-6V.

### Data Transmitting... Please, Wait.

Data Transmitting... Please, Wait.

Bulk data is being transmitted in response to an external request for transmission.

### **Bulk Data Transmit Aborted!**

Bulk Data Transmit Aborted!

The bulk dump has been cancelled.

### Data Receiving... Please, Wait.

Data Receiving... Please, Wait.

Bulk data is being received. Do not turn off the power.

# **Drum Kit List**

No.	Drum Kit Name	Remark
Featu	red Kits	
1	RoseWood	
2	ВееВор Х	x-stick
3	Уо Уо	
4	RokCncrt	
5	LtnPerc+	Pad Pattern (SNR_H,CR1_R)
6	Orch Set	
7	TblaTun+	Pad Pattern (RD_H,RD_R)
8	1ManBnd+	Pad Pattern (KIK,CR1_R,CR2_R)
9	Scary	
10	Guitars+	Pad Pattern (HH_H)
Acous	stic Drum Kits I	x-stick
12	Brushes	
13	Groove	
14	Rock It!	
15	Birch	
16	Ballad X	x-stick
17	Natural	
18	SteelSnr	
19	TKO	
	ssion Kits	
20	Far Away	
21	TmbleKit	
22	BongoKit	
23	CongaKit	
24	Melody	
Electr	onic Kits I	
25	TR-808	
26	Tekno	
27	Mexi-Mix	
28	Electro	
29	TR-909	
30	909Mix	
31	8089!	
32	Jungle	
32 33	Jungle ElecBoom	

No.	Drum Kit Name	Remark
Rock	Kits	
36	HevyRock	
37	DenkiRok	
38	Rocker X	x-stick
39	HevyMetl	
40	Wt Room	
Rock	Melodic Kits	
41	RockBnd+	Pad Pattern (T2_R, AUX, T4)
42	"A"Team+	Pad Pattern (CR1_R)
Sequ	ence Kits	
43	SynBass+	Pad Pattern (KIK, CR1_H, CR1_R, CR2-H, RD_H)
44	DrmSolo+	Pad Pattern (KIK, T1_R, T2-R, T3_R)
45	BIGBand+	Pad Pattern (KIK, CR1_H, CR1_R, CR2_R, AUX)
46	Ksnowki+	Pad Pattern (CR1_R)
47	RimSong+	Pad Pattern (T1_R, T2_R, T3_R, CR1_R, CR2_R, AUX)
48	Drm'nBs+	Pad Pattern (CR2_H, CR2_R)
49	Tabla+	Pad Pattern (CR1_R, RD_H)
50	LtnSqnc+	Pad Pattern (CR1_R, CR2_R)
51	808Mix+	Pad Pattern (CR2_R)
Voice	e Kits	
52	Voices	
53	"Scat"	
Effec	t Kits	
54	SlowTape	
55	LowFi	
56	Kids	
57	PedalEFX	
58	Gate	
59	JunkYard	
60	Cartoon	

No.	Drum Kit Name	Remark	
Jazz I	Kits		
61	BrshSwel		
62	Jazz		
63	Sizzle		
64	Jazz0ne		
Electi	ronic Kits II		
65	НірНор		
66	R&B1		
67	R&B2		
68	Dance808		
Funk	Kits		
69	JazzFunk		
70	PowrFusn		
71	Pocket		
Ambi	ence Kits		
72	Dome		
73	JzThet X	x-stick	
74	TileRoom		
75	GigaHall		
76	Cave		

Acous 78 79 80 81	DoubleHH AJ Fusn AcuStick AppleStr	
78 79 80	DoubleHH AJ Fusn AcuStick AppleStr	
79 80	AJ Fusn AcuStick AppleStr	
80	AcuStick AppleStr	
	AppleStr	
81		
82	Crack!	
83	Buzz	
84	Ringer	
85	Slip	
86	Fibre	
87	Oyster	
88	Gospel	
89	CopprSnr	
90	BrassSnr	
91	BrikHous	
92	Studio1	
93	Studio2	
94	Roto Kit	
95	Standrd1	
96	Standrd2	
97	Room	
98	Power	
99	User Kit	

**No.**: Drum Kit Number (Program Number)

+: Pad Pattern:

The pad pattern function (p. 63) is set for the pads within the parentheses ( ).

(KIK = Kick, SNR = Snare, HH = Hi-Hat, T = Tom, CR = Crash, RD = Ride, H = Head, R = Rim)

x-stick:

A velocity switching "snare rim" sound, that when played softly produces a cross stick sound, and when played harder produces a rim shot sound.

You can use cross sticks when using a rim-capable pad for the snare (Trigger Input 2).

No62 Jazz, No.95 Standrd1- No.98 Power:

This kit has the instruments in each percussion set assigned to the pads.

No.99 User Kit:

Parameters including volume etc. are set to standard values.

Use this when creating a kit from scratch.

### MEMO

You can restore an edited drum kit to its factory settings. For more information, refer to "Restoring the Factory Settings for the Edited Drum Kit" (p. 68).

# **Drum Instrument List**

		64	SandBagK	I CNI	ARE	196	AcusBrRS
No.	Name Ren		BsktBalK			197	AcusSt S
		66	Mondo K	130	Custom S	198	AcusStRS
		67		131	Cstm RS	199	
IZIO	1/	'	MdVrb1 K	132	CstmBr S		VintageS
KIC	K	68	MdVrb2 K	133	CstmBrRS	200	Vntg RS
1	DblHeadK	69	Sizzle K	134	CstmSt S	201	VntgBr S
2	Sharp K	70	Box K	135	CstmStRS	202	VntgBrRS
3	Acous K	71	Ninja K	136	Picolo1S	203	VntgSt S
4		72	Dance K			204	VntgStRS
5	Meat K	73	House K	137	Pco1 RS	205	Comp S
	R8 Low K	74	Pillow K	138	Pco1Br S	206	Comp RS
6	R8 Dry K	75	Rap K	139	Pco1BrRS	207	CompBr S
7	WdBeatrK	76	TR808 K	140	Pco1St S	208	CompBrRS
8	Open K	77	808HardK	141	Pco1StRS	209	CompSt S
9	VintageK	78	808BoomK	142	Picolo2S	210	CompStRS
10	26"DeepK	70		143	Pco2 RS		_
11	ThickHdK		808NoizK	144	Pco2Br S	211	Jazz S
12	Round K	80	TR909 K	145	Pco2BrRS	212	Jazz RS
13	Medium K	81	909WoodK	146	Pco2St S	213	Jazz XS *x-stick
14	BigRoomK	82	909HdAtK	147		214	JazzBr S
15		83	ElephntK		Pco2StRS	215	JazzBrRS
	Big K	84	Cattle K	148	Picolo3S	216	JazzBrXS *x-stick
16	BigLow K	85	Door K	149	Pco3 RS	217	JazzSt S
17	Studio1K	86	Punch K	150	Pco3Br S	218	JazzStRS
18	Studio2K	87	MachineK	151	Pco3BrRS	219	JazzStXS *x-stick
19	Studio3K	88	Broken K	152	Pco3St S	220	Dirty S
20	Studio4K	89	BendUp K	153	Pco3StRS	221	Drty RS
21	Studio5K		_	154	Medium1S		-
22	Studio6K	90	HrdNoizK	155	Med1 RS	222	DrtyBr S
23	Studio7K	91	R8SolidK	156	Med1 XS *x-stick	223	DrtyBrRS
24	Studio8K	92	ThinHedK	157	Med1Br S	224	DrtySt S
25	Buzz 1 K	93	Tight K	158	Med1BrRS	225	DrtyStRS
26	Buzz 2 K	94	Chunk K	159		226	13" S
27	Buzz 3 K	95	Gate K	160	Med1BrXS *x-stick	227	13" RS
		96	Giant K		Med1St S	228	Birch S
28	Buzz 4 K	97	Inside K	161	Med1StRS	229	Birch RS
29	Buzz 5 K	98	Std1 1 K	162	Med1StXS *x-stick	230	TD7Mpl S
30	Room 1 K	99	Std1 2 K	163	Medium2S	231	TD7MplRS
31	Room 2 K	100		164	Med2 RS	232	Ballad S
32	Room 3 K	101	Std2 1 K	165	Med2Br S	233	Brush1 S
33	Room 4 K	102		166	Med2BrRS	234	
34	Room 5 K			167	Med2St S		Brush2 S
35	Room 6 K	103		168	Med2StRS	235	Brush3 S
36	Room 7 K	104		169	Medium3S	236	Brsh Tap
37	Amb 1 K	105		170	Med3 RS	237	Brsh Slp
38	Amb 2 K	106		171	Med3Br S	238	Brsh Swl
39	Amb 3 K	107	Jazz 4 K	172	Med3BrRS	239	BrshTmbS
40		108	Brush K			240	MIDIBr1S
	Amb 4 K	109	Elec 1 K	173	Med3St S	241	MIDIBr2S
41	Solid1 K	110	Elec 2 K	174	Med3StRS	242	MIDIBr3S
42	Solid2 K	111	ElBend K	175	Medium4S	243	Boston S
43	Solid3 K	112		176	Med4 RS	244	BostonRS
44	Jazz 1 K	113		177	Med4Br S	245	Bronze S
45	Jazz 2 K	114		178	Med4BrRS	246	Brnz RS
46	18"JazzK	115	Gabba K Gabba2 K	179	Med4St S	247	Bronze2S
47	BrshHitK	1		180	Med4StRS		
48	Wood 1 K	116		181	Fat1 S	248	Brnz2 RS
49	Wood 2 K	117	_	182	Fat1 RS	249	Birch2 S
50	Wood 3 K	118		183	Fat1Br S	250	Copper S
51	Wood 4 K	119		184	Fat1BrRS	251	Copper2S
52	Maple1 K	120	LoFi 2 K	185		252	10" S
53		121	LoFi 3 K		Fat1St S	253	L.A. S
	Maple2 K	122		186	Fat1StRS	254	London S
54	Oak K	123		187	Fat2 S	255	Ring S
55	Birch K	124	_	188	Fat2 RS	256	Ring RS
56	RoseWodK	125		189	Fat2Br S	257	Rock S
57	OnePly K	126		190	Fat2BrRS	258	Rock RS
58	Oyster K			191	Fat2St S		
59	Dry K	127		192	Fat2StRS	259	R8MapleS
60	DryMed K	128	-	193	AcusticS	260	R8Mpl RS
61	DryHardK	129	SynBassK	194	Acus RS	261	BigShotS
62	DeepDryK			195	AcusBr S	262	Std1 1 S
63	Fusion K			.55	1104001 0	263	Std1 2 S
	1 00 1 011 IV	I		1		I	

264	Std2 1 S	333	Fibre T1	405	Room3 T1	477	Bowl T1
265	Std2 2 S	334	Fibre T2	406	Room3 T2	478	Bowl T2
266	Room 1 S	335	Fibre T3	407	Room3 T3	479	Bowl T3
267	Room 2 S	336	Fibre T4	408	Room3 T4	480	Bowl T4
268	Power1 S	337	Dry1 T1	409	Room4 T1	481	Dirty T1
269	Power2 S	338	-	410	Room4 T2	482	-
			Dry1 T2				Dirty T2
270	Gate S	339	Dry1 T3	411	Room4 T3	483	Dirty T3
271	Jazz 2 S	340	Dry1 T4	412	Room4 T4	484	Dirty T4
272	Jazz 3 S	341	Dry2 T1	413	Room5 T1	485	Std 1 T1
			-				
273	Funk S	342	Dry2 T2	414	Room5 T2	486	Std 1 T2
274	Funk RS	343	Dry2 T3	415	Room5 T3	487	Std 1 T3
275	Bop S	344	Dry2 T4	416	Room5 T4	488	Std 1 T4
276	-	345	Maple T1	417	Big T1	489	Std 1 T5
			-				
277	Picolo5S	346	Maple T2	418	Big T2	490	Std 1 T6
278	Pco5 RS	347	Maple T3	419	Big T3	491	Std 2 T1
279	Picolo6S	348	Maple T4	420	Big T4	492	Std 2 T2
		349	-	421	-	493	Std 2 T3
280	Pco6 RS		Rose T1		Rock T1		
281	Medium5S	350	Rose T2	422	Rock T2	494	Std 2 T4
282	Med5 RS	351	Rose T3	423	Rock T3	495	Std 2 T5
283	Medium6S	352	Rose T4	424	Rock T4	496	Std 2 T6
284				425			
	Med6 RS	353	SakuraT1		Punch T1	497	Room6 T1
285	Medium7S	354	SakuraT2	426	Punch T2	498	Room6 T2
286	Med7 RS	355	SakuraT3	427	Punch T3	499	Room6 T3
287	Medium8S	356	SakuraT4	428	Punch T4	500	Room6 T4
288	Med8 RS	357	Jazz1 T1	429	Oak T1	501	Room6 T5
289	Fat3 S	358	Jazz1 T2	430	Oak T2	502	Room6 T6
290	Fat3 RS	359	Jazz1 T3	431	Oak T3	503	Power T1
291	Fat4 S	360	Jazz1 T4	432	Oak T4	504	Power T2
292	Fat4 RS	361	Jazz2 T1	433	Balsa T1	505	Power T3
293	DynamicS	362	Jazz2 T2	434	Balsa T2	506	Power T4
294	Dynmc RS	363	Jazz2 T3	435	Balsa T3	507	Power T5
295	Roll S	364	Jazz2 T4	436	Balsa T4	508	Power T6
296	Buzz S	365	Buzz1 T1	437	VintgeT1	509	Jazz3 T1
					-		
297	Dopin1 S	366	Buzz1 T2	438	VintgeT2	510	Jazz3 T2
298	Dopin2 S	367	Buzz1 T3	439	VintgeT3	511	Jazz3 T3
299	Reggae S	368	Buzz1 T4	440	VintgeT4	512	Jazz3 T4
300	Cruddy S	369	Buzz2 T1	441	Brsh1 T1	513	Jazz3 T5
301	_	370		442	Brsh1 T2	514	
	Dancel S		Buzz2 T2				
302	Dance2 S	371	Buzz2 T3	443	Brsh1 T3	515	Brsh3 T1
303	House S	372	Buzz2 T4	444	Brsh1 T4	516	Brsh3 T2
304	HousDpnS	373	Buzz3 T1	445	Brsh2 T1	517	Brsh3 T3
305	Clap! S	374	Buzz3 T2	446	Brsh2 T2	518	Brsh3 T4
	-						
306	Whack S	375	Buzz3 T3	447	Brsh2 T3	519	Brsh3 T5
307	TR808 S	376	Buzz3 T4	448	Brsh2 T4	520	Brsh3 T6
308	TR909 S	377	Buzz4 T1	449	Dark T1	521	Gate T1
309	Elec 1 S	378	Buzz4 T2	450	Dark T2	522	Gate T2
310	Elec 2 S	379	Buzz4 T3	451	Dark T3	523	Gate T3
311	Elec 3 S	380	Buzz4 T4	452	Dark T4	524	Gate T4
312	ElNoiz S	381	NatralT1	453	AttackT1	525	LoFi T1
313	HipHop1S	382	NatralT2	454	AttackT2	526	LoFi T2
314	HipHop2S	383	NatralT3	455	AttackT3	527	LoFi T3
315	LoFi S	384	NatralT4	456	AttackT4	528	LoFi T4
316	LoFi RS	385	Natrl2T1	457	Hall T1	529	ElBendT1
317	Radio S	386	Natrl2T2	458	Hall T2	530	ElBendT2
318	CrsStk 1	387	Natrl2T3	459	Hall T3	531	ElBendT3
319	CrsStk 2	388	Natrl2T4	460	Hall T4	532	ElBendT4
320	CrsStk 3	389	StudioT1	461	Birch T1	533	ElBnd2T1
321	CrsStk 4	390	StudioT2	462	Birch T2	534	ElBnd2T2
322	CrsStk 5	391	StudioT3	463	Birch T3	535	ElBnd2T3
323		392		464	Birch T4	536	
	CrsStk 6		StudioT4				ElBnd2T4
324	808Crstk	393	Slap T1	465	Beech T1	537	ElBnd3T1
		394	Slap T2	466	Beech T2	538	ElBnd3T2
TON	Λ	395	Slap T3	467	Beech T3	539	ElBnd3T3
. 01	' <b>'</b>	396	Slap T4	468	Beech T4	540	ElBnd3T4
325	OysterT1	397	-	469		541	ElNoisT1
326	OysterT2		Room1 T1		Micro T1		
	-	398	Room1 T2	470	Micro T2	542	ElNoisT2
327	OysterT3	399	Room1 T3	471	Micro T3	543	ElNoisT3
328	OysterT4	400	Room1 T4	472	Micro T4	544	ElNoisT4
329	Comp T1	401	Room2 T1	473	Bend T1	545	ElDualT1
330	Comp T2			474			
331	Comp T3	402	Room2 T2		Bend T2	546	ElDualT2
	-	403	Room2 T3	475	Bend T3	547	ElDualT3
332	Comp T4	404	Room2 T4	476	Bend T4	548	ElDualT4
					I		

		<b>613</b> Splsh12"   <b>PE</b>	RCUSSION	750	Baya Gin
No.	Name Remark	614 Cup 4"		751	Baya Sld
		615 Cup 6"	R8Bng Hi	752	Pot Drum
549	Elec T1	616 HdSpl 8"	R8Bng Lo	753	PotDr Mt
550	Elec T2	617 HdSp110"   682	R8Bng2Hi	754	PotDr VS
551	Elec T3	618 China10" 683	R8Bng2Lo	755	TalkinDr
552	Elec T4	619 China12" 684	Bongo Hi	756	ThaiGong
553	Elec T5	620 China18" 685	Bongo Lo	757	ThaiGng2
554	Elec T6	621 China20" 687	Bongo2Hi	758	BellTree
555	TR808 T1	622 SziChina	Bongo2Lo R8Cng Mt	759	TinyGong
556	TR808 T2	623 SWIChina   680	R8Cng Hi	760	Gong
557	TR808 T3	624 PgyzBack 690	R8Cng Lo	761	TemplBel
558	TR808 T4	625 PgyCrshl 691	Conga Mt	762	Wa-Daiko
559	TR808 T5	692 PgyCrsn2	Conga S1	763	Taiko
560	TR808 T6	627 PgyCrsh3 693	Conga Op	764	Sleibell
		628 PgSpIshI 694	Conga Lo	765	TreeChim
HI-F	1A I	629 PgSplsh2 695	CngMt VS	766 767	TringlOp
561	Pure HH	630 PhaseCym 696	CngSl VS	767 769	TringlMt
562	PureEgHH	631 Elec Cr 632 TR808 Cr	Cowbell1	768 769	TringlVS
563	BrightHH	632 TR808 Cr 633 LoFi1 Cr	Cowbell2	769 770	R70TriOp R70TriMt
564	BritEgHH	634 LoFi2 Cr 699	CowblDuo	771	R70TriVS
565	Jazz HH	700	Claves	772	Castanet
566	JazzEgHH	701	GiroLng1	773	WdBlk Hi
567	Thin HH	RIDE 702	GuiroSht	774	WdBlk Lo
568	ThinEgHH	635 Jazz Rd 703	GiroLng2	775	ConcrtBD
569	Heavy HH	636 Jazz RdE 704	Guiro VS	776	ConBD Mt
570	HevyEgHH	637 Jazz RdB 705	Maracas	777	Hand Cym
571	Light HH	638 Jazz RdX *Bow/Bell 706	Shaker	778	HndCymMt
572	LigtEgHH	639 Pop Rd 707	SmlShakr	779	TimpaniG
573 574	Dark HH	640 Pop RdE 708	Tambrn 1	780	TimpaniC
575	DarkEgHH 12" HH	641 Pop RdB 709 642 Pop RdX *Bow/Bell 710	Tambrn 2 Tambrn 3	781	TimpaniE
576	12"Eg HH	J. TOP RAIL BOW/BELL	Tambrn 4	782	PercHit1
577	13" HH	- 10 ROCK RG	Tmbl1 Hi	783	PercHit2
578	13"Eg HH	TIOCH HOLD	Tmb11 Rm	784	Orch Maj
579	14" HH	645 Rock RdB 713 646 Rock RdX *Bow/Bell 714	Tmb11 Lo	785	Orch Min
580	14"Eg HH	647 Lite Rd 715	Paila	786	Orch Dim
581	15" нн	648 Lite RdE 716	Tmb12 Hi	787	Kick/Rol
582	15"Eg HH	649 Lite RdB 717	Tmb12 Lo	788	Kick/Cym
583	Brush1HH	650 Lite RdX *Bow/Bell 718	VibraSlp	789 790	OrchRoll
584	Brush2HH	651 CrashRd 719	Agogo Hi	790 791	OrchChok Hit Roll
585	SizzleHH	652 CrashRdE 720	Agogo Lo	792	Finale
586	Sizle2HH	653 DkCrsRd 721	Agogo2Hi	793	808Clap
587	Voice HH	654 DkCrsRdE 722	Agogo2Lo	794	808Cwbl1
588	HandC HH	655 Brsh1 Rd 723	CabasaUp	795	808Cwb12
589	TambrnHH	656 Brsh2 Rd 724	CabasaDw	796	808Marcs
590	MaracsHH	657 SzlBr Rd 725	CabasaVS	797	808Clavs
591	TR808 HH	658 Szl1 Rd 726	CuicaMt1	798	808Conga
592 593	TR909 HH CR78 HH	659 Szl1 RdE 727	Cuica Op	799	909RIM
594	CR78 HH Mt1808HH	DELT ROD	Cuica Lo CuicaMt2	800	909CLAP
595	Mt1909HH	DEII ROM DOW/ BCII	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	801	78Cowbel
	Mt178 HH	704	PandroMt PandroOp	802	78Guiro
597	LoFil HH	5212 1101	PandroSl	803	78GiroSt
598	LoFi2 HH	664 Sz12 RdB 732 665 Sz12 RdX *Bow/Bell 733	PandroVS	804	78Maracs
		666 Sz13 Rd 734	SurdoHMt	805	78MBeat
CR	ASH	667 Sz13 RdE 735	SurdoHOp	806	78Tambrn
		668 Sz13 RdB 736	SurdoHVS	807 808	78Bongo
599	Med14 Cr	669 Sz13 RdX *Bow/Bell 737	SurdoLMt	809	78Claves 78Rim
600	Med16 Cr	670 Sz14 Rd 738	SurdoLOp	810	55Claves
601	Med18 Cr	671 Pgy Rd1 739	SurdoLVS	0.0	JJCIAVCS
602 603	Quik16Cr Quik18Cr	672 Pgy Rd1B 740	Whistle	CDE	CIAI
604	Thin16Cr	673 Pgy Rd1X *Bow/Bel1 741	Whisl Sh	SPE	CIAL
605	Thin18Cr	674 Pgy Rd2 742	Caxixi	811	
606	Brsh1 Cr	675 Pgy Rd2B 743	Tabla Na	812	
607	Brsh2 Cr	676 Pgy Rd2X *Bow/Bell 744	TablaTin	813	Bird
608	SzlBr Cr	677 LoFi Rd 745	TablaTun	814	Dog
609	Swell Cr	678 LoFi RdE 746	Tabla Te	815	Bubbles
610	Splsh 6"	679 LoFi RdB /4/	Tabla Ti Baya Ge	816	Heart Bt
611	Splsh 8"	749	Baya Ka	817 919	Telephon
612	Splsh10"	149	Daya na	818	Punch
		T I			

040		074					
819	KungFoo	874	Boing 1	924	Haa!	977	RvsCrsh1
820	Pistol	875	Boing 2	925	SayYeah!	978	RvsCrsh2
821	Gun Shot	876	TeknoBrd	926	Yeah	979	RvsChina
822	Glass	877	Nantoka!	927	Ahhh	980	RvsBelTr
823	Hammer	878	ElecBird	928	Haaa	981	Rvs Hi-Q
824	Bucket	879	MtlBend1	929	Achaa!	982	RvsMFaze
825	Barrel	880	MtlBend2	930	Nope!	983	RvsAirDr
826	TrashCan	881	MtlNoise	931	Bap	984	RvsBoin1
827	Af Stomp	882	MtlPhase	932	Dat	985	RvsBoin2
828	Bounce	883	Laser	933	BapDatVS	986	Rvs Bend
829	CuicaHit	884	Mystery	934	Doot	987	RvsVocod
830	Monster	885	TimeTrip	935	DaoFall1	988	RvsCarcl
831	AirDrive	886	Kick Amb	936	DaoFall2	989	RvsEngin
832	Car Door	887	SnareAmb	937	DaoFall3	303	KVSEIIGIII
833	Car Cell	888	Tom Amb	938	DaoFall4		
834		000	TOIL ALLD	939	DoDat VS	FIXI	ED HI-HAT
	CarEngin			939		990	Std1 CH
835	Car Horn	MEL	ODIC		DoDao VS	991	Std1 ECH
836	Helicptr	889	Kalimba	941	Scat1 VS	992	Std1 OH
837	Thunder	890	Steel Dr	942	Scat2 VS	993	Std1 EOH
838	Bomb	891	Glcknspl	943	Scat3 VS	994	Std1 EdH
839	Sticks	892	Vibraphn	944	Scat4 VS	995	Std1 Fd11 Std2 CH
840	Click	893	Marimba	945	Scat5 VS	996	Std2 ECH
841	Tamb FX	894		946	Voice K	997	
842	Tek Clik		Xylophon	947	VoiceLoK	998	Std2 OH
843	Beep Hi	895	Tublrbel	948	Voice S		Std2 PdH
844	Beep Low	896	Celesta	949	Voice T1	999	Room CH
845	MetroBel	897	Saw Wave	950	Voice T2		Room ECH
846	MetroClk	898	TB Bass	951	Voice T3		Room OH
847	Snaps	899	SlapBass	952	Voice T4		Room EOH
848	Clap	900	Gt Slide	953	Voice Cr		Room PdH
849	NoizClap	901	GtScrach	954	Count 1		Powr CH
850	Tek Noiz	902	GuitDist	955	Count 2		Powr ECH
851	Mtl Slap	903	GuitBs 1	956	Count 3		Powr OH
852	R8 Slap	904	GuitBs 2	957	Count 4		Powr PdH
853	Vocoder1	905	CutGtDwn	958	Count 5		Brsh CH
854	Vocoder2	906	CutGtUp	959	Count 6		Brsh ECH
855	Vocoder3	907	FletNoiz	960	Count 7		Brsh OH
856	DynScrch	908	Bs Slide	961	Count 8		Brsh PdH
857	Scrach 1	909	WahGtDw1	962	Count 9	1012	Elec CH
858	Scrach 2	910	WahGtUp1	963	Count 10	1013	Elec OH
859	Scrach 3	911	WahGtDw2	964	Count 11	1014	Elec PdH
860	Scrach 4	912	WahGtUp2	965	Count 12	1015	808 CH
861	Scrach 5	913	Shami VS	966	Count 13	1016	808 ECH
862	Scrach 6	914	Brass VS	967	CountAnd	1017	808 OH
863	ScrchLP	915	StrngsVS	968	Count E	1018	808 EOH
864	Phil Hit	916	Pizicato	969	Count A	1019	808 PdH
865	LoFi Hit	917	TeknoHit	970	Count Ti	1020	LoFi CH
866		918	FunkHit1	971		1021	LoFi OH
	Hi-Q	919	FunkHit2	9/1	Count Ta		LoFi EOH
867	Hoo	920	FunkHit3				LoFi PdH
868	DaoDrill			RE\	/ERSE		_011 1011
869	Scrape	VO	CE	972	RvsKick1		-
870	Martian	VOI	CE	973	RvsKick2	OFF	-
871	CoroCoro	921	Lady Ahh	974	RvsSnr 1	1024	OFF
872	CoroBend	922	Aoouu!	975	RvsSnr 2		
873	Burt	923	Hooh!	976	RvsTom		
	l			570	11491011		

\*x-stick (XS):

A velocity switching "snare rim" sound, that when played softly produces a cross stick sound, and when played harder, produces a rim shot sound.

\*Bow/Bell (RdX):

A "cross-faded" type of sounds. With velocity, you can control "bow" and "bell" sound.

RS: Rim shot sound

VS: Velocity switching sound

Inst Group "FIXED HI-HAT":

These are hi-hat sounds that cannot be controlled by the hi-hat control pedal.

# **Preset Percussion Set List**

No	ote No.	1. Stndard 1 PC100 Voices	2. Stndard 2 PC101	3. Room PC102	4. Power PC103	5. Electronic PC104	6. 808/909 PC105
	18	Bs Slide 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
19	_	GtScrach 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
H	20	Gt Slide 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
21		CutGtDwn 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
23	22	CutGtUp 1 WahGtDw1 1	← ←	← ←	<b>←</b> ←	<b>← ←</b>	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>
-		WahGtUp1 1	<i>←</i>	<del>-</del>	<u>←</u>	— <del>←</del>	— <del>←</del>
C1 24	25	WahGtDw2 1	<b>←</b>	\ <del>`</del>	· ←	<del>`</del>	<b>←</b>
26		WahGtUp2 1	←	←	←	←	←
$\vdash$	27	Hi-Q 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
28		Mtl Slap 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
29,		Scrach 3 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
	30	Scrach 2 1 Sticks 1	← ←	← ←	← ←	<b>← ←</b>	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>
31	32	Click 1	<i>←</i>	←	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
33		MetroClk 1	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←
Н	34	MetroBel 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
35		Std1 2 K 2	Std2 2 K	Room 9 K	Power K2	Elec 2 K	TR909 K
C2 36		Std1 1 K 2	Std2 1 K	Room 8 K	Power K1	Elec 1 K	TR808 K
H	_ 37	CrsStk 3 1	←	CrsStk 1	<b>←</b>	CrsStk 3	808Crstk
38		Std1 1 S 3 Clap 1	Std2 1 S ←	Room 1 S ←	Power1 S ←	Elec 1 S ←	TR808 S 808Clap
40	39	Std1 2 S 4	Std2 2 S	Room 2 S	Power2 S	← Gate S	TR909 S
1		Std 1 T6 2	Std 2 T6	Room6 T6	Power T6	Elec T6	TR808 T6
41	42	Std1 CH 2	Std2 CH	Room CH	Powr CH	Elec CH	808 ECH
43		Std 1 T5 2	Std 2 T5	Room6 T5	Power T5	Elec T5	TR808 T5
	_44_	Std1 PdH 1	Std2 PdH	Room PdH	Powr PdH	Elec PdH	808 PdH
45	46	Std 1 T4 2 Std1 EOH 1	Std 2 T47 Std2 OH	Room6 T4 Room EOH	Power T4 Powr OH	Elec T4 Elec OH	TR808 T4 808 EOH
47		Std 1 T3 2	Std 2 T3	Room6 T3	Power T3	Elec T3	TR808 T3
C3 48		Std 1 T2 2	Std 2 T2	Room6 T2	Power T2	Elec T2	TR808 T2
C3 46	49	Med16 Cr 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	TR808 CR
50		Std 1 T1 2	Std 2 T1	Room6 T1	Power T1	Elec T1	TR808 T1
52	51	Pop Rd 2	Jazz Rd	Pop Rd	Jazz Rd	Pop Rd	←
-		China18" 1 Pop RdB 1	← Jazz RdB	← Pop RdB	← Jazz RdB	RvsCrsh2 Pop RdB	China18" ←
53	54	Tambrn 1 1	Ua22 KUB ←	FOP KGB ←	Ua22 KUB ←	+op KdB ←	78Tambrn
55		Splsh12" 1	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←	←
133	56	Cowbell1 1	Cowbell2	←	←	Cowbell1	808Cwbl1
57		Quik16Cr 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
59	58	VibraSlp 1	←	←	←	<b>←</b>	←
-		Pop RdE 1 R8Bng Hi 2	Jazz RdE ←	Pop RdE ←	Jazz RdE ←	Pop RdE	← 78Bongo
C4 60	61	R8Bng Lo 2	<b>←</b>	<del>←</del>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b> ←	78Bongo
62		Conga Mt 2	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←	808Conga
	63	Conga Sl 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	808Conga
64		Conga Op 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	808Conga
65		Tmbl1 Rm 2	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
	66	Tmbl1 Lo 2 Agogo Hi 1	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	← ←	← ←	<b>← ←</b>	← ←
67	68	Agogo Lo 1	<b>←</b>	<del>←</del>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
69		CabasaUp 1	<b>←</b>	\	· ←	<del>`</del>	· ←
H	70	Maracas 1	· ←	· ←	· ←	<b>←</b>	808Marcs
/1		Whisl Sh 1	←	←	←	←	←
C5 72		Whistle 1	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	←
<u> </u>	73	GuiroSht 1	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	78GiroSt 78Guiro
74	75	GiroLng1 1 Claves 1	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	← ←	<b>←</b> ←	<b>← ←</b>	808Clavs
76 <sup>l</sup>		WdBlk Hi 1	<b>←</b>	<del>`</del>	· —	· ←	←
<u></u>		WdBlk Lo 1	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←	←
[77]	<b>78</b>	CuicaMt1 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
79		Cuica Op 1	←	←	←	←	←
	<u>80</u>	TringlMt 1	<b>←</b>	<u>←</u>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
81	82	TringlOp 1 Shaker 1	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	← ←	← ←	<b>← ←</b>	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>
83	UZ.	Sleibell 1	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<del>-</del>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
C6 84		BellTree 1	·····································	····:-	←	<b>←</b>	←
C6 64	85	Castanet 1	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
86		SurdoLMt 3	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
80	<u>87</u>	SurdoLOp 2	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
00		OFF 0 R8Cng Hi 2	<b>←</b>	← 	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>
89	90	R8Cng Hi 2 TinyGong 1	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	\	← ←	<b>← ←</b>	← ←
91	_	Gong 1	<b>←</b>	<u>←</u>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
91	92	PandroMt 1	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←	· ←
93		PandroOp 2	←	←	←	$\leftarrow$	←
95	94	PandroSl 1	←	←	←	←	←
33		TreeChim 1 Caxixi 1	<i>←</i>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
C7 96		Caxixi 1	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>	<b>←</b>
		'	'	'	'	'	

N	lote No.	7. Jazz PC106	8. Brush PC107	9. Perc Only PC108	10. Special PC109	Mute	Drum Kit Note Numbers
	18	Bs Slide	←	R8Bng2Hi	FunkHit2		The note numbers assigned
19	_	GtScrach	←	R8Bng2Lo	FunkHit2		to each trigger inputs
-	20	Gt Slide	←	Bongo Hi	FunkHit2		
2		CutGtDwn	←	Bongo Lo	FunkHit2		
23	<u>22</u>	CutGtUp WahGtDw1	<b>←</b>	Bongo2Hi Bongo2Lo	FunkHit3 FunkHit3		TRIG 3 (HI-HAT)CLOSE RIM
_		WahGtUp1	← ←	R8Cng Mt	FunkHit3		
C1 24	25	WahGtDw2	· ←	R8Cng Hi	FunkHit3		
26		WahGtUp2	←	R8Cng Lo	FunkHit1		TRIG 3 (HI-HAT)OPEN RIM
28	27	Hi-Q	←	CowblDuo	FunkHit1		
20	0	Mtl Slap Scrach 3	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	Tambrn 2 Tambrn 3	FunkHit1 FunkHit1		
29	9 30	Scrach 2	<b>←</b>	Tmbl2 Hi	TeknoHit		
3	1	Sticks	←	Tmbl2 Lo	TeknoHit		TRIG 8 (TOM4)
F	32	Click	←	Paila	TeknoHit		TRIG 6 (AUX)
33	34	MetroClk MetroBel	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	Tabla Na TablaTin	TeknoHit Heart Bt		
35		Jazz 4 K	Std2 2 K	TablaTun	Glass		
C2 36	6	Jazz 3 K	Brush K	Tabla Te	Pistol	*	TRIG 1 (KICK1)
02 30	37	CrsStk 3	←	Tabla Ti	ScrchLP	*	
38		Jazz 2 S	Brsh Tap	Baya Ge	Phil Hit	*	TRIG 2 (SNARE)
40	0 39	Clap Jazz 3 S	Brsh Slp Brsh Swl	Baya Ka Baya Gin	LoFi Hit Boing 1	*	TRIG 2 (SNARE) RIM
		Jazz3 T6	Brsh3 T6	Baya Sld	Monster	*	TRIG 7 (TOM3)
4	1 42	Std1 CH	Brsh CH	Pot Drum	Count	*	TRIG 3 (HI-HAT) CLOSED
43	3	Jazz3 T5	Brsh3 T5	PotDr Mt	Count	*	
1.	44	Std1 PdH	Brsh PdH	TalkinDr	Count	*	TRIG 3 (HI-HAT) PEDAL
45	46	Jazz3 T4 Std1 EOH	Brsh3 T4 Brsh OH	ThaiGng2 TinyGong	Count Count	*	TRIG 5 (TOM2) TRIG 3 (HI-HAT) OPEN
47	7	Jazz3 T3	Brsh3 T3	Gong	Bomb	*	IKIG 5 (III IIAI) OFEN
C3 48	8	Jazz3 T2	Brsh3 T2	TemplBel	Thunder	*	TRIG 4 (TOM1)
-	49	Med16 Cr	Brsh1 Cr	Wa-Daiko	Car Door	*	TRIG 9 (CRASH1)
50		Jazz3 T1 Jazz Rd	Brsh3 T1 Brsh1 Rd	Taiko R70TriOp	Car Cell CarEngin	*	TRIG 4 (TOM1) RIM TRIG 11 (RIDE)
52	2 51	China18"	HISHI KU ←	R70TriMt	Car Horn	*	TRIG 11 (RIDE) TRIG 10 (CRASH2) RIM
-	_	Jazz RdB	←	TimpaniG	Helicptr	*	TRIG 11 (RIDE) RIM
53	54	Tambrn 1	←	TimpaniG	Gt Slide		
55	5	Splsh12"	<b>←</b>	TimpaniG	GtScrach	*	TRIG 9 (CRASH1) RIM
57	<u>  56</u> 	Cowbell2 Quik16Cr	← Brsh1 Cr	TimpaniG TimpaniG	GuitDist GuitBs 1		TRIG 10 (CRASH2)
F.	58	VibraSlp	←	TimpaniC	GuitBs 2	*	11110 10 (01110112)
59	9	Jazz RdE	Jazz Rd	TimpaniC	FletNoiz	*	
C4 60		R8Bng Hi	<b>←</b>	TimpaniC	Shami VS		PC: Program Number
62	61	R8Bng Lo Conga Mt	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	ThaiGong ThaiGong	Brass VS StrngsVS		=
04	63	Conga Sl	<b>←</b>	ThaiGong	StrngsVS		←: Same as the left
64	4	Conga Op	←	ThaiGong	StrngsVS		Voices:
65	5	Tmbl1 Rm	←	PercHit1	Pizicato		
-	06	Tmbl1 Lo Agogo Hi	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	PercHit2 Orch Maj	RvsKick1 RvsSnr 2		Number of voice used
67	7   68	Agogo Lo	<b>←</b>	Orch Min	RvsCrsh2		*: Note number for muted
69		CabasaUp	· ←	Orch Dim	RvsChina		drum sounds when
7-	70	Maracas	←	Kick/Rol	Lady Ahh		
<u> </u>	•	Whisl Sh Whistle	<i>←</i>	Kick/Cym OrchRoll	Aoouu! Hooh!		muting only the drum
C5 72	2   <b>73</b>	Whistle GuiroSht	<b>←</b> ←	OrchChok	Haa!		instruments of the
74		GiroLng1	· ←	Hit Roll	SayYeah!		percussion part.
-	75	Claves	←	Finale	Yeah		percussion part.
76	0	WdBlk Hi	<b>←</b>	Applause	Ahhh		MEMO
77	<sup>7</sup> 78	WdBlk Lo CuicaMt1	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	Encore TreeChim	Haaa Achaa!		
70	0	Cuica Op	· ←	808Clap	Nope!		In GM Mode, "Standard
<u> </u>	80	TringlMt	←	808Cwbl1	Bap		1" is assigned.
8		TringlOp	←	808Cwb12	Dat		i is assigned.
83	3 <u>82</u>	Shaker Sleibell	<b>←</b>	808Marcs 808Clavs	Scat3 VS Doot		
C6 84	4	BellTree	<i>←</i>	808Conga	DaoFall1		
C6  84	85	Castanet	←	909RIM	DaoFall2		
86	6	SurdoLMt	<b>←</b>	909CLAP	DaoFall3		
88	87	SurdoLOp	<b>←</b>	78Cowbel 78Guiro	DaoFall4		
		OFF R8Cng Hi	<b>← ←</b>	78GiroSt	DoDat VS DoDat VS		
89	90	TinyGong	· ←	78Maracs	DoDat VS		
9-	1	Gong	←	78MBeat	DoDao VS		
90	92	PandroMt PandroOn	<b>←</b> <b>←</b>	78Tambrn 78Bongo	Scat1 VS		
⊢	94	PandroOp PandroSl	<b>←</b> ←	78Claves	Scat2 VS Scat2 VS		
95	5	TreeChim	<u>`</u>	78Rim	Scat2 VS	<u> </u>	
C7 96	6	Caxixi	<b>←</b>	55Claves	Scat4 VS		

# **Backing Instrument List**

PC	CC0	Name	Voices
PIAN	10		
1	0	Piano 1	1
	8 16	Piano 1w Piano 1d	2 1
2	0	Piano 2	1
_	8	Piano 2w	2
3	0	Piano 3 Piano 3w	1
4	8		2
4	0 8	Honky-tonk Honky-tonk w	2
E. P	IANO		
5	0	E.Piano 1	1
	8	Detuned EP 1	2
	24 64	60's E.Piano FM+SA EP	1 2
	65	Hard EP	2
6	0	E.Piano 2	2
	64	Bright FM EP	2
CLA	VI		
7	0	Harpsichord	1
	8	Coupled Hps.	2
	16 24	Harpsi.w Harpsi.o	2 2
8	0	Clav.	1
Ū	64	Funk Clav.	2
CHR	ОМАТ	IC PERCUSSION	ı
9	0	Celesta	1
10	0	Glockenspiel	1
11	0	Music Box	1
12	0	Vibraphone	1
	8	Vib.w	2
13	0	Marimba	1
14	0	Xylophone	1
15	0	Tubular-bell	1
	8 9	Church Bell Carillon	1 1
16	0	Santur	1
ORG			
17	0 8	Organ 1 Detuned Or.1	1 2
	16	60's Organ 1	1
	32	Organ 4	2
	64	SC88 Organ 4	1
	65	Even Bar	2
18	0	Organ 2	1
	8	Detuned Or.2	2
	32	Organ 5	2
19	32	Organ 5 Organ 3	2

20	0	Church Org.1	1					
	8	Church Org.2	2					
	16	Church Org.3	2					
21	0	Reed Organ	1					
22	0	Accordion Fr	2					
	8	Accordion It	2					
23	0	Harmonica	1					
24	0	Bandoneon	2					
GUIT	ΓAR							
25	0	Nylon-str.Gt	1					
26	0	Steel-str.Gt	1					
	8	12-str.Gt	2					
	64	Nylon+Steel	2					
27	0	Jazz Gt.	1					
	8	Hawaiian Gt.	1					
28	0	Clean Gt.	1					
	8	Chorus Gt.	2					
29	0	Muted Gt.	1					
	64	Muted Gt.2	2 1					
	65 66	Pop Gt. Funk Gt.	1*					
	67	Funk Gt.2	1*					
30	0	Overdrive Gt	1					
	64	Fdbk.Odrv.Gt	2					
31	0	DistortionGt	1					
	8	Feedback Gt.	2					
	64	Heavy Gt.	1					
	65	Fdbk. Hvy.Gt	2					
	66	Muted Dis.Gt	1					
	67	Rock Rhythm	2					
32	0	Gt.Harmonics	1					
	8	Gt. Feedback	1					
*:	VEL	OCITY SWITCH						
	The t	tone switches at veloci	ity 116.					
BAS	BASS							
33	0	Acoustic Bs.	2					
	64	Elctrc.Ac.Bs	2					
34	0	Fingered Bs.	1					

33	0	Acoustic Bs.	2
	64	Elctrc.Ac.Bs	2
34	0	Fingered Bs.	1
	64	Funk Bass	2
	65	Reggae Bass	2
35	0	Picked Bs.	1
	64	Mute PickBs1	1
	65	Mute PickBs2	1
36	0	Fretless Bs.	1
37	0 64 65 66	Slap Bass 1 Slap Bass 3 Reso Slap Slap Bass 4	1 1 1
38	0	Slap Bass 2	1

### SYN. BASS

39	0	Synth Bass 1	1
	1	SynthBass101	1
	8	Synth Bass 3	1
	64	TB303 Bs 1	1
	65	TB303 Bs 2	1
	66	TB303 Bs 3	1
40	0	Synth Bass 2	2
40	0 16	Synth Bass 2 Rubber Bass	2 2
40	•	-	
40	16	Rubber Bass	2
40	16 64	Rubber Bass SH101 Bs 1	2 1

### **ORCHESTRA**

41	0	Violin Slow Violin	1 1
42	0	Viola	1
43	0	Cello	1
44	0	Contrabass	1
45	0	Tremolo Str	1
46	0	PizzicatoStr	1
47	0	Harp	1
48	0	Timpani	1

### **STRINGS**

49	0	Strings Orchestra	1 2
50	0	Slow Strings	1
51	0 8 64 65	Syn.Strings1 Syn.Strings3 Syn.Strings4 OB Strings	1 2 2 2
52	0	Syn.Strings2	2
53	0 32	Choir Aahs Choir Aahs 2	1 1
54	0	Voice Oohs	1
55	0	SynVox	1
56	0	OrchestraHit	2

### **BRASS**

57	0	Trumpet	1
58	0 1	Trombone Trombone 2	1 2
59	0	Tuba	1
60	0	MutedTrumpet	1
61	0 1	French Horn Fr.Horn 2	2 2
62	0	Brass 1 Brass 2	1 2

#### SYN. BRASS

63	0	Synth Brass1	2
	8	Synth Brass3	2
	16	AnalogBrass1	2
	64	Synth Brass5	2
	65	Poly Brass	2
	66	Quack Brass	2
	67	Octave Brass	2
64	0	Synth Brass2	2
64	0	Synth Brass2 Synth Brass4	2
64	0	=	_
64	8	Synth Brass4	1
64	8 16	Synth Brass4 AnalogBrass2	1 2
64	8 16 64	Synth Brass4 AnalogBrass2 Soft Brass	1 2 2

### **REED**

65	0	Soprano Sax	1
66	0	Alto Sax	1
67	0	Tenor Sax	1
68	0	Baritone Sax	1
69	0	Oboe	1
70	0	English Horn	1
71	0	Bassoon	1
72	0	Clarinet	1

### **PIPE**

73	0	Piccolo	1
74	0	Flute	1
75	0	Recorder	1
76	0	Pan Flute	1
77	0	Bottle Blow	2
78	0	Shakuhachi	2
79	0	Whistle	1
80	0	Ocarina	1

### SYN. LEAD

81	0	Square Wave	2
	1	Square	1
	8	Sine Wave	1
82	0	Saw Wave	2
	1	Saw	1
	8	Doctor Solo	2
	64	Big Lead	2
	65	Waspy Synth	2
83	0	Syn.Calliope	2
84	0	Chiffer Lead	2
85	0	Charang	2
	64	Dist. Lead 1	2
	65	Dist. Lead 2	2
	66	Funk Lead	2
86	0	Solo Vox	2
87	0	5th Saw Wave	2
	64	Big Fives	2
88	0	Bass & Lead	2
	64	Big & Raw	2
	65	Fat & Perky	2

#### SYN. PAD

89	0	Fantasia	2
90	0	Warm Pad	1
	64	Thick Pad	2
	65	Horn Pad	2
91	0	Polysynth	2
	64	80's PolySyn	2
92	0	Space Voice	1
93	0	Bowed Glass	2
94	0	Metal Pad	2
	64	Panner Pad	2
95	0	Halo Pad	2
96	0	Sweep Pad	1
	64	Polar Pad	1
	65	Converge	1

### SYN. SFX

97 98	0 0 64 65	Ice Rain Soundtrack Ancestral Prologue Crystal	2 2 2 2
98	64 65	Ancestral Prologue	2 2
	•	Crystal	
99	1	Syn Mallet	2 1
100	0	Atmosphere	2
101	0	Brightness	2
102	0	Goblin	2
103	0 1 2 64 65 66	Echo Drops Echo Bell Echo Pan Echo Pan 2 Big Panner Reso Panner	1 2 2 2 2 2 2
104	0	Star Theme	2

### **ETHNIC MISC**

105	0 1	Sitar Sitar 2	1 2
106	0	Banjo	1
107	0	Shamisen	1
108	0	Koto Taisho Koto	1 2
109	0	Kalimba	1
110	0	Bagpipe	1
111	0	Fiddle	1
112	0	Shanai	1

### **PERCUSSIVE**

113	0	Tinkle Bell	1
114	0	Agogo	1
115	0	Steel Drums	1
116	0 8	Woodblock Castanets	1 1
117	0	Taiko Concert BD	1 1

118	0	Melo. Tom 1 Melo. Tom 2	1
119	0 8 9	Synth Drum 808 Tom Elec Perc.	1 1 1
120	0	Reverse Cym.	1

### **GUITAR BASS FX**

121	0	Gt.FretNoise	1
	1	Gt.Cut Noise	1
	64	Wah Brush Gt	1
	65	Gt. Slide	1
	66	Gt. Scratch	1
	67	Bass Slide	1

### SFX

122	0	Breath Noise	1
	1	Fl.Key Click	1
123	0	Seashore	1
	1	Rain	1
	2	Thunder	1
	3	Wind	1
	5	Bubble	2
124	0	Bird	2
	1	Dog	1
	3	Bird 2	1
125	0	Telephone 1	1
	1	Telephone 2	1
	3	Door	1
	5	Wind Chimes	2
126	0	Helicopter	1
	2	Car-Stop	1
	9	Burst Noise	2
	64	Space Tri.	1
127	0	Applause	2
	3	Punch	1
128	0	Gun Shot	1
	2	Lasergun	1

PC: Program Number (Instrument Number)

Explosion

CC: Value of control change number 0

Voices: Number of voices used

### MEMO

3

- To switch instruments from the external MIDI device, send "0" on the CC32# (Control Change Bank Select) from the external MIDI device to the TD-6V.
- The value of the CC32# (Control Change Bank Select) that the TD-6V transmits is always "0."

# **Preset Song List**

No.	Song Name	Time Sig	Length	Tempo	Туре	
DRUMS						
1	DRUMS	4/4	8	124	LOOP	
ROCI						
2	US ROCK	4/4	35	128	1SHOT	
3	ACO ROCK	4/4	26	120	1SHOT	
4	8BT'ROK1	4/4	36	114	1SHOT	
5 6	8BT'ROK2 MED ROK	4/4	30	140	1SHOT	
7	SHFL ROK	4/4	26	109 126	1SHOT 1SHOT	
8	FUNK ROK	4/4	32	100	1SHOT	
9	SLOW ROK	4/4	20	72	1SHOT	
10	URBAN	4/4	29	113	1SHOT	
11	UPBEAT	4/4	33	100	1SHOT	
12	TRIPLETS	4/4	35	105	1SHOT	
13	16BT'ROK	4/4	31	86	1SHOT	
14	CYBER	4/4	30	129	1SHOT	
15	HARDROCK	4/4	22	195	1SHOT	
16	FNKYHR	4/4	20	100	1SHOT	
17	BOOGIE	4/4	48	216	1SHOT	
18	HARD POP	4/4	38	175	1SHOT	
MET/	λL					
19	EARLYMTL	4/4	24	120	1SHOT	
20	THRASH	4/4	32	195	1SHOT	
BALL 21	.AD 6/8BLD	6/8	28	50	1SHOT	
22	POPBLD	4/4	24	65	1SHOT	
23	ROCK BLD	4/4	24	64	1SHOT	
24	PIANOBLD	4/4	15	65	1SHOT	
25	16BT'BLD	4/4	29	75	1SHOT	
R&B						
26	OLD R&B1	4/4	27	154	1SHOT	
27	OLD R&B2	4/4	28	148	1SHOT	
28	OLD R&B3	4/4	25	150	1SHOT	
29	OLD R&B4	4/4	22	82	1SHOT	
30	R&B SHFL	4/4	23	112	1SHOT	
31	R&B HOP1	4/4	35	96	1SHOT	
32	R&B HOP2	4/4	42	93	1SHOT	
33	SMTH GRV	4/4	24	73	1SHOT	
34	SHFL GRV	4/4	26	96	1SHOT	
BLUE	S					
35	BLUES1	4/4	30	67	1SHOT	
36	BLUES2	4/4	36	113	1SHOT	
37	BLUES3	4/4	21	55	1SHOT	
POPS	3					
38	BGM POP	4/4	27	88	1SHOT	
39	REFRESH	4/4	25	89	1SHOT	
40	DANCEPOP	4/4	25	120	1SHOT	
41	POP ROCK	4/4	38	123	1SHOT	
42	ACOUSPOP	4/4	20	89	1SHOT	
43	ELEC POP	4/4	25	100	1SHOT	
44	POP WLTZ	3/4	26	120	1SHOT	

No.	Song Name	Time Sig	Length	Tempo	Туре
D 0 D					
R&R	DOGUADIU	4 / 4	0.1	0.6	1 0110 m
45	ROCKABLY	4/4	21	96	1SHOT
	ROCKIN'	4/4	32	170	1SHOT
47	SURF ROK	4/4	24	150	1SHOT
COUN	ITRY				
48	BLUEGRSS	4/4	22	142	1SHOT
49	CNTRYBLD	4/4	36	104	1SHOT
50	CNTRYROK	4/4	37	125	1SHOT
JAZZ					
51	SWING1	1/1	39	200	1SHOT
52	SWING1 SWING2	4/4	39	192	1SHOT
53		3/4	51		
54	JAZZ WLZ JAZZ BLD	4/4	42	110	1SHOT 1SHOT
55	LATINJAZ	4/4	37	167	1SHOT
56	6/8 JAZZ	6/8	35	93	1SHOT
57	SMTHJAZZ	4/4	39	183	1SHOT
58	BIGBAND	4/4	32	130	1SHOT
30	BIGDAND	4/4	32	130	131101
FUSIC	ON				
59	FUSE	4/4	18	95	1SHOT
60	ACID FS	4/4	29	96	1SHOT
61	SLOW FS	4/4	22	85	1SHOT
62	MED SHFL	4/4	27	86	1SHOT
63	UP SHFL	4/4	37	130	1SHOT
64	FUNK FS1	4/4	41	120	1SHOT
65	FUNK FS2	4/4	24	112	1SHOT
66	3/4 FS	3/4	46	123	1SHOT
67	BGM FS	4/4	25	82	1SHOT
68	CTMP'FS	4/4	25	100	1SHOT
DANC	E				
69	HIPHOP	4/4	37	90	1SHOT
70	EUROBEAT	4/4	35	132	1SHOT
71	HOUSE	4/4	34	122	1SHOT
72	FUNK1	4/4	24	105	1SHOT
73	FUNK2	4/4	23	113	1SHOT
74	FUNK3	4/4	25	102	1SHOT
75	808HPHOP	4/4	20	102	1SHOT
76	JAZZFUNK	4/4	24	125	1SHOT
77	ACIDFUNK	4/4	24	86	1SHOT
78	HPHPJAZZ	4/4	24	96	1SHOT
79	TEKPOP	4/4	23	118	1SHOT
REGG	ΆΕ				
80	REGGAE1	4/4	22	96	1SHOT
81	REGGAE2	4/4	29	142	1SHOT
82	REGGAE3	4/4	20	132	1SHOT
83	REGGAE4	4/4	24	125	1SHOT
84	SKA	4/4	27	192	1SHOT

No.	Song Name	Time Sig	Length	Tempo	Туре
LATIN	=				
85	LATIN1	4/4	41	120	1SHOT
86	LATIN2	4/4	41	108	1SHOT
87	LATIN3	4/4	33	130	1SHOT
88	MAMBO	4/4	36	182	1SHOT
89	MERENGUE	4/4	36	207	1SHOT
90	SALSA1	4/4	30	115	1SHOT
91	SALSA2	4/4	25 47	102	1SHOT
93	SALSA3 SONGO	4/4	24	165	1SHOT 1SHOT
94	TJANO	4/4	24	89	1SHOT
BRAZ	ZIL.				
95	BOSSA	4/4	27	85	1SHOT
96	SAMBA1	4/4	20	152	1SHOT
97	SAMBA2	4/4	28	136	1SHOT
BASI	CPTN				
98	8BEAT1	4/4	8	118	LOOP
99	8BEAT2	4/4	16	140	LOOP
100	8BEAT3	4/4	8	113	LOOP
101	SHUFFL1	4/4	8	120	LOOP
102	SHUFFL2	4/4	8	108	LOOP
103	SLOW1	4/4	4	69	LOOP
104	SLOW2	4/4	8	64	LOOP
105	R&B1	4/4	8	100	LOOP
106	R&B2	4/4	8	104	LOOP
107	BLUES	4/4	12	120	LOOP
108	POP X	4/4	8	124	LOOP
109	DIXIE	4/4	8	162	LOOP
110	FUNK1	4/4	8	90	LOOP
111	FUNK2	4/4	8	106	LOOP
112	16BEAT1	4/4	4	120	LOOP
113	16BEAT2	4/4	4	112	LOOP
114	HIPHOP2	4/4	4	101	LOOP
115	AMBIENT1	4/4	8	96	LOOP
116	AMBIENT2	4/4	8	120	LOOP
117	TRANCE	4/4	8	132	LOOP
118	RAVE	4/4	8	132	LOOP
119	REGGAE5	4/4	8	122	LOOP
120	BOSSA BT	4/4	4	120	LOOP
LOOF					
121	4/4SHAKR	4/4	1	86	LOOP
122	6/8SHAKR	6/8	1	120	LOOP
123	LATN PTN	4/4	2	120	LOOP
124	CLAVES	4/4	1	120	LOOP
125 126	TABLA SITRDRON	4/4	1	128 89	LOOP
120	STINDRON	4/4		0,5	1001
1SHC					
127	DRUMFILL	4/4	1	120	1SHOT
128	DBL BASS	4/4	1	130	1SHOT
129	ROLL T1	4/4	1	130	1SHOT
130	ROLL T2	4/4	1	130	1SHOT
131	ROLL T3	4/4	1	130	1SHOT
132	LATNFILL	4/4	2	120	1SHOT
133	ROLLBNGO	4/4	1	117	1SHOT
134	SPANISH	4/4	2	123	1SHOT
135	BRS FALL	4/4	7	120	1SHOT
136	ENCORE	4/4			1SHOT

No.	Song Name	Time Sig	Length	Tempo	Туре
TAP					
137	SAMBA	4/4	1	120	TAP
138	ACO BASS	4/4	4	160	TAP
139	BRS SECT	4/4	5	160	TAP
140	GRV BASS	4/4	2	120	TAP
141	GRV PAD	4/4	2	120	TAP
142	GRV CHRD	4/4	1	120	TAP
143	ADLBSOLO	4/4	16	120	TAP
144	JAZZEND1	4/4	6	60	TAP
145	JAZZEND2	4/4	4	100	TAP
146	FUNK BRK	4/4	1	130	TAP
147	FUNKEND1	4/4	2	130	TAP
148	FUNKEND2	4/4	3	130	TAP
149	SITARRAG	4/4	17	100	TAP
150	SANTUR	4/4	3	128	TAP
151	STRINGS	4/4	8	128	TAP
152	RESOBASS	4/4	2	120	TAP
153	SYNCHRD1	4/4	3	120	TAP
154	SYNCHRD2	4/4	3	120	TAP
155	A_GTRTAP	4/4	3	120	TAP
156	E_GTRTAP	4/4	3	120	TAP
157	D_GTRTAP	4/4	3	120	TAP
158	C_GTRTAP	4/4	3	120	TAP
159	G_GTRTAP	4/4	3	120	TAP
160	A_STRUM	4/4	3	120	TAP
161	GTRCHRD1	4/4	1	120	TAP
162	GTRCHRD2	4/4	1	120	TAP
163	PAD&BASS	4/4	8	80	TAP
164	ACO GTR	4/4	6	86	TAP
165	WAH GTR	4/4	1	120	TAP
166	CUT GTR	4/4	1	120	TAP
167	VOICES	4/4	2	120	TAP
168	ANLGPERC	4/4	1	120	TAP
169	SFX TAP	4/4	5	120	TAP
170	CAR CELL	4/4	3	120	TAP

# **Parameter List**

### **Drum Kit Parameters**

### **KIT**

Parameter		Value
Drum Kit (p. 55)	Drum Kit	1–99

### **KIT/INST**

Parameter		Value
Inst (p. 58)	Instrument	1–1024
Inst Group (p. 57)	Instrument Group	KICK, SNARE, TOM, HI-HAT, CRASH, RIDE, PERC, SPECIAL, MELODIC, VOICES, REVERSE, FIXED HI-HAT, OFF
Level (p. 59)	Level	0–127
Pan (p. 59)	Pan	L15-CENTER-R15, RANDOM, ALTERNATE
Pitch (p. 59)	Pitch	-480-+480
Decay (p. 59)	Decay	-31-+31

### KIT/AMBIENCE

Parameter		Value
Ambience Sw (p. 60)	Ambience Switch	OFF, ON
AmbSendLevel (p. 60)	Ambience Send Level	0–127
Studio (p. 60)	Studio Type	LIVING, BATHROOM, STUDIO, GARAGE, LOCKER, THEATER, CAVE, GYM, STADIUM
WallType (p. 61)	Wall Type	WOOD, PLASTER, GLASS
Room Size (p. 61)	Room Size	SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE
Amb Level (p. 61)	Ambience Level	0–127

### KIT/EQUALIZER

Parameter		Value	
Master EQ Sw (p. 62)	Master Equalizer Switch	OFF, ON	
High Gain (p. 62)	High Gain	-12dB-+12dB	
Low Gain (p. 62)	Low Gain	-12dB-+12dB	

### KIT/CONTROL

Parameter		Value	
Pad Ptn (p. 63)	Pad Pattern	OFF, 1–270	+
Pad Ptn Velo (p. 63)	Pad Pattern Velocity	OFF, ON	+
Pitch Ctrl (p. 64)	Pitch Control Assign	OFF, ON	
Note No. (p. 64)	Note Number	0 (C -)-127 (G 9)	+
Gate Time (p. 65)	Gate Time	0.1sec-8.0sec (0.1 sec steps)	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### KIT/COMMON

Parameter		Value	
MasterVolume (p. 66)	Master Volume	0–127	
Pedal HH Vol (p. 66)	Pedal Hi-Hat Volume	0–15	
PchCtrlRange (p. 66)	Pitch Control Range	-24-+24	
KitName (p. 67)	Drum Kit Name	8 characters (*1)	

<sup>\*:</sup> ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdef9hijklmnop9rstuvwxyz 0123456789 !#\$%%"'^^\_+-\*/=<>()[](),.:;?@\++| space

### KIT/COPY

Parameter		Value	
Src (p. 67)	Copy Source	P01–P99, U01–U99	
Dst (p. 67)	Copy Destination	U01-U99	

### KIT/EXCHANGE

Parameter		Value	
Src (p. 68)	Exchange Source	P01-P99, U01-U99	
Dst (p. 68)	Exchange Destination	U01-U99	

### **Song Parameters**

### **SONG**

Parameter		Value	
Song (p. 83)	Song	001–270	+
Song Category (p. 83)	Song Category	DRUMS, ROCK, METAL, BALLAD, R&B, BLUES, POPS,	+
		R&R, COUNTRY, JAZZ, FUSION, DANCE, REGGAE,	
		LATIN, BRAZIL, BASICPTN, LOOP, 1SHOT, TAP, USER	

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SONG/COMMON**

Parameter		Value	
Tempo (p. 85)	Tempo	20–260	+
Play Type (p. 85)	Play Type	LOOP, 1SHOT, TAP	+
Quick Play (p. 86)	Quick Play	OFF, ON	+
Reset Time (p. 86)	Reset Time	OFF, 0.1s-8.0s (0.1 sec steps)	+
Tap Exc Sw (p. 86)	Tap Exclusive Switch	OFF, ON	+
Song Lock (p. 86)	Song Lock	OFF, ON	#
SngName (p. 87)	Song Name	8 characters (*1)	#

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SONG/PART:Perc**

Parameter		Value	
Set (p. 88)	Percussion Set	1–10	+
Level (p. 88)	Level	0–127	+
AmbSendLevel (p. 89)	Ambience Send Level	0–127	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SONG/PART:Part1-Part4**

	Value	
Instrument	1–128	+
Level	0–127	+
Pan	L15-CENTER-R15	+
Ambience Send Level	0–127	+
Bend Range	0–24	+
	Level Pan Ambience Send Level	Instrument       1–128         Level       0–127         Pan       L15–CENTER–R15         Ambience Send Level       0–127

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

<sup>#:</sup> This setting cannot be made when the preset song is selected.

<sup>\*1:</sup> ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdef9hijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 0123456789 !#\$%&"'^^\_+-\*/=<>()[](),.:;?@\\++! space

### **Parameter List**

### **SONG/COPY**

Parameter		Value	
Src (p. 89)	Copy Source	001–270	+
Dst (p. 89)	Copy Destination	171–270	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SONG/DELETE**

Parameter		Value	
Song (p. 90)	Delete Song	171–270	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SONG/ERASE**

Parameter		Value	
Song (p. 91)	Erase Song	171–270	+
Part (p. 91)	Erase Part	ALL, KIT, PERC, PART1, PART2, PART3, PART4	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **Setup Parameters**

### **SETUP/UTILITY**

Parameter		Value	
LCD Contrast (p. 76)	LCD Contrast	1–16	
PercPrtLevel (p. 76)	Percussion Part Level	0–127	+
Backing Level (p. 77)	Backing Level	0–127	+
Mute (p. 77)	Mute	SongDrum, SongDrm/Prc, UserDrmPart, Part1, Part2, Part3, Part4, Part1-4	+
Master Tune (p. 77)	Master Tune	415.3-466.2 (0.1 Hz steps)	
Preview Velo (p. 78)	Preview Velocity	0–127	
AvailMemory (p. 78)	Available Memory	0–100% (check only)	

<sup>+</sup>: This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SETUP/TRIG BASIC**

Parameter		Value
TrigTyp (p. 69)	Trigger Type	PD-8, PD Type, PD-80R, PD-120, PD-125, KD-8, KD Type, CY-8, CY Type, RT-7K, RT-5S, RT-3T, RIM
Secsitivity (p. 71)	Sensitivity	1–16
Threshold (p. 72)	Threshold	0–15
TrigCurve (p. 72)	Trigger Curve	LINEAR, EXP1, EXP2, LOG1, LOG2, SPLINE, LOUD1, LOUD2
Xtalk Cancel (p. 73)	Crosstalk Cancel	OFF, 20–80 (5 steps)

### **SETUP/TRIG ADVNCD**

Parameter		Value	
Scan Time (p. 74)	Scan Time	0–4.0ms (0.1 ms steps)	
Retrig Cancel (p. 74)	Retrigger Cancel	1–16	
Mask Time (p. 74)	Mask Time	0–64ms (4ms steps)	
Rim Sens (p. 75)	Rim Sensitivity	OFF, 1–15	

### **SETUP/MIDI COMMON**

Parameter		Value	
Note Chase (p. 97)	Note Chase	OFF, ON	
Local Control (p. 97)	Local Control	OFF, ON	+
Sync Mode (p. 98)	Sync Mode	INT, EXT, REMOTE	+
CH10Priorty (p. 98)	Channel 10 Priority	KIT, PERC	+
PdlDataThin (p. 99)	Pedal Data Thin	OFF, 1, 2	+
GM Mode (p. 99)	GM Mode	OFF, ON	
Rx GM ON (p. 100)	Rx GM On	OFF, ON	
Soft Thru (p. 100)	Soft Thru	OFF, ON	
Device ID (p. 101)	Device ID	1–32	
Tx PC Sw (p. 101)	Tx PC Switch	OFF, ON	+
Rx PC Sw (p. 101)	Rx PC Switch	OFF, ON	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SETUP/MIDI PART**

Parameter		Value	
KitPart CH (p. 102)	Drum Kit Part MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+
PercPart CH (p. 102)	Percussion Part MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+
Part1 CH (p. 102)	Part 1 MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+
Part2 CH (p. 102)	Part 2 MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+
Part3 CH (p. 102)	Part 3 MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+
Part4 CH (p. 102)	Part 4 MIDI Channel	1–16, OFF	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **SETUP/GM PART**

	Value	
Part 1 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	
Part 2 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 3 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 4 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 5 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 6 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 7 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 8 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 9 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 10 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 11 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 12 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 13 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 14 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 15 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
Part 16 Rx Switch	OFF, ON	-
	Part 2 Rx Switch Part 3 Rx Switch Part 4 Rx Switch Part 5 Rx Switch Part 6 Rx Switch Part 7 Rx Switch Part 8 Rx Switch Part 8 Rx Switch Part 9 Rx Switch Part 10 Rx Switch Part 11 Rx Switch Part 12 Rx Switch Part 12 Rx Switch Part 13 Rx Switch Part 13 Rx Switch Part 14 Rx Switch Part 15 Rx Switch	Part 1 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 2 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 3 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 4 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 5 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 6 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 7 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 8 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 9 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 10 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 11 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 12 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 13 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 14 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 15 Rx Switch         OFF, ON           Part 15 Rx Switch         OFF, ON

<sup>-:</sup> This setting can be made in GM mode only.

### SETUP/BULK DUMP

Parameter		Value
Bulk Dump (p. 103)	Bulk Dump	ALL, SETUP, ALL SONGS, ALL KITS, KIT 01–KIT 99

### **SETUP/FactoryReset**

_			
Parameter		Value	
Reset (p. 78)	Factory Reset	ALL, THIS DRUM KIT, ALL DRUM KITS, ALL SONGS	

### **Click Parameters**

### **CLICK**

Parameter		Value	
Click Level (p. 79)	Click Level	0–127	+
Time Sig (p. 80)	Time Signature	0-13/2, 0-13/4, 0-13/8, 0-13/16	+
Interval (p. 80)	Interval	1/2, 3/8, 1/4, 4/8, 1/12, 1/16	+
Inst (p. 80)	Inst	VOICE, CLICK, BEEP, METRONOME, CLAVES, WOOD BLOCK, STICKS, CROSS STICK, TRIANGLE, COWBELL, CONGA, TALKING DRM, MARACAS, CABASA, CUICA, AGOGO, TAMBOURINE, SNAPS, 909 SNARE, 808 COWBELL	+
Pan (p. 80)	Pan	L15-CENTER-R15	+
PlyCountIn (p. 80)	Play Count In	OFF, 1MEAS, 2MEAS	+
RecCountIn (p. 80)	Recording Count In	OFF, 1MEAS, 2MEAS	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **Song Recording**

### **Recording Standby**

	Value	
Time Signature	1-13/2, 1-13/4, 1-13/8, 1-13/16	+
Length	1–999	+
Tempo	20–260	+
Quantize		+
Recording Mode Hit Pad Start	REPLACE, LOOP ALL, LOOP 1, LOOP 2 OFF, ON	+ +
	Length Tempo Quantize  Recording Mode	Time Signature $1-13/2, 1-13/4, 1-13/8, 1-13/16$ Length $1-999$ Tempo $20-260$ Quantize $J = 8 \text{ (8th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (8th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (8th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8T \text{ (16th note triplets)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8 \text{ (16th note)}, J = 8 \text{ (16th note)},$ $J = 8  (16th no$

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### **Tempo**

### **Tempo**

Parameter		Value	
Tempo (p. 79, p. 85)	Tempo	20–260	+

<sup>+:</sup> This setting cannot be made in GM mode.

### PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE (NORMAL MODE (Expect SEQUENCER SECTION)) Date: Oct. 24, 2003

### Model TD-6V

### MIDI Implementation Chart Version: 1.00

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	1–16, OFF 1–16, OFF	1–16, OFF 1–16, OFF	Memorized (Non-Volatile)
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 X ********	Mode 3 X ********	
Note Number :	True Voice	0–127 0–127	0–127 0–127	
Velocity	Note On Note Off	O 9nH, v = 1–127 O 8nH, v = 64	O 9nH, v = 1–127 O 8nH, v = 64	
After Touch	Key's Channel's	O *1	O *1	
Pitch Bend	d	Х	O *3	
Control Change	0, 32 1 4 6 7 10 11 64 91 100, 101	X X O *1 X X X X X	O *3 X O *1 O *3 O *2 O *3 X O *3 O *2 O *3	Bank select Modulation Foot control Data entry Volume Panpot Expression Hold 1 Effect 1 (Reverb Send Level) RPN LSB, MSB
Program Change	: True Number	O 0–127	O 0–127	Program No. 1–128
System Ex	clusive	0	0	
System Common	: Song Position : Song Select : Tune Request	X X X	X X X	
System Real Time	: Clock : Commands	X X	X X	
Aux Messages	: All Sound Off : Reset All Controllers : Local On/Off : All Notes Off : Active Sensing : System Reset	X X X O X	O (120, 126, 127) O X O (123–127) O X	
Notes		* 1 Drum kit part only. * 2 Percussion part and b * 3 Backing part only.	packing part only.	

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO O : Yes X : No

### PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE (NORMAL MODE (SEQUENCER SECTION))

Model TD-6V

### **MIDI Implementation Chart**

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	1–16, OFF 1–16, OFF	1–16, OFF 1–16, OFF	Memorized (Non-Volatile)
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 X ********	X X ********	
Note Number :	True Voice	0–127 0–127	0–127 0–127	
Velocity	Note On Note Off	O 9nH, v = 1–127 O 8nH, v = 64	O 9nH, v = 1–127 O 8nH, v = 64	
After Touch	Key's Channel's	X X	X X	
Pitch Bend	d	O *3	O *3	
Control Change	0, 32 1 4 6 7 10 11 64 91 100, 101	O *3 *4 X O *1 O *3 O *2 *4 O *3 *4 X O *3 *4 X O *3 O *2 *4 O *3	75 X X O *1 X X X X O *3 X	Bank select Modulation Foot control Data entry Volume Panpot Expression Hold 1 Effect 1 (Reverb Send Level) RPN LSB, MSB
Program Change	: True Number	O *4 *5 0–127	Х	Program No. 1–128
System Ex	clusive	0	O (do not record)	
System Common	: Song Position : Song Select : Tune Request	X X X	X X X	
System Real Time	: Clock : Commands	0 0	X *6 X *7	
Aux Messages	: All Sound Off : Reset All Controllers : Local On/Off : All Notes Off : Active Sensing : System Reset	X X X O X	O O X O (123–127) O (do not record)	
Notes		*1 Drum kit part only. *2 Percussion part and bac *3 Backing part only. *4 Transmits when song is	ring part only. *6 Receives when S *7 Receives when S	

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO O : Yes X : No

Date: Oct. 24, 2003

Version: 1.00

### PERCUSSION SOUND MODULE (General MIDI MODE)

Model TD-6V

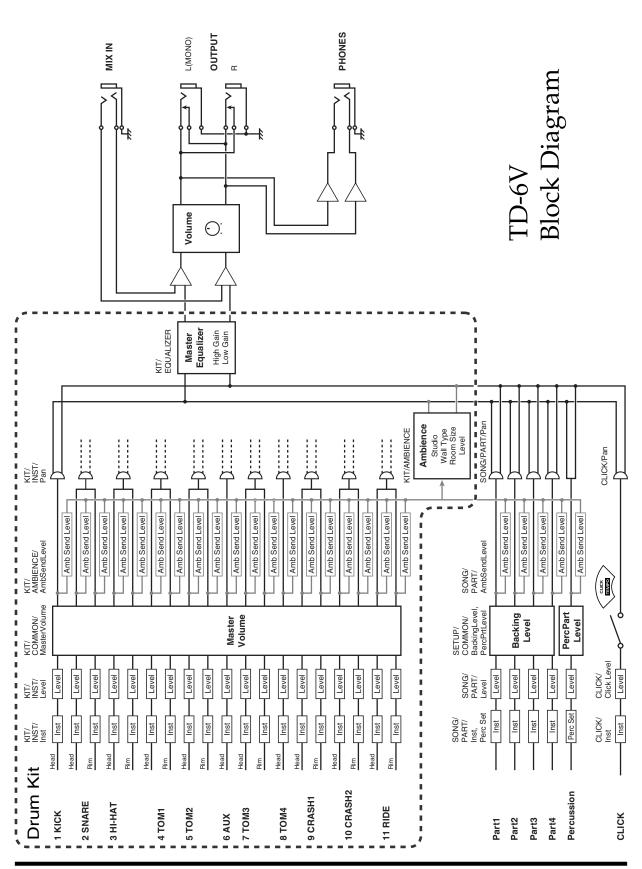
### **MIDI Implementation Chart**

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized		Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changed	X X	1–16, OFF 1–16, OFF		Memorized (Non-Volatile)
Mode	Default Messages Altered	X X ********	Mode 3 X *********		
Note Number :	True Voice	X *******	0–127 0–127		
Velocity	Note On Note Off	X X	O 9nH, v = 1–127 O 8nH, v = 64		
After Touch	Key's Channel's	X X	X O	*1	
Pitch Bend	d	Х	0	*1	
Control Change	0, 32 1 4 6 7 10 11 64 91 100, 101	X X X X X X X	X O X O O O O O	*1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1	Bank select Modulation Foot control Data entry Volume Panpot Expression Hold 1 Effect 1 (Reverb Send Level) RPN LSB, MSB
Program Change	: True Number	X *******	O 0–127		Program No. 1–128
System Ex	xclusive	0	0		
System Common	: Song Position : Song Select : Tune Request	X X X	X X X		
System Real Time	: Clock : Commands	X X	X X		
Aux Messages	: All Sound Off : Reset All Controllers : Local On/Off : All Notes Off : Active Sensing : System Reset	X X X O X	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
Notes		*1 Not received on Chann	nel 10		

Mode 1 : OMNI ON, POLY Mode 3 : OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 2 : OMNI ON, MONO Mode 4 : OMNI OFF, MONO O : Yes X : No

Date: Oct. 24, 2003

Version: 1.00



# **Specifications**

### TD-6V: Percussion Sound Module (Conforms to General MIDI System)

### **Maximum Polyphony**

64 Voices

#### Instruments

Drum Instruments: 1,024
Backing Instruments: 262

#### **Drum Kits**

99

### **Effect Types**

Ambience

2-Band Master Equalizer

### Sequencer

Preset Songs: 170 User Songs: 100 Parts: 6

Play Functions: One shot, Loop, Tap

Tempo: 20–260

Resolution: 192 ticks per quarter note
Recording Method: Realtime Recording
Maximum Note Storage: approx. 12,000 Notes

### Display

20 characters, 2 lines (backlit LCD)

#### **Connectors**

Trigger Input Jacks: 9 (11 Inputs)

Hi-Hat Control Jack

Output Jacks (L/MONO, R)

Phones Jack (stereo miniature phone type)

Mix in Jack (stereo miniature phone type)

MIDI Connectors (IN, OUT/THRU)

### **Output Impedance**

1.0 k ohms

### **Power Supply**

AC Adaptor (DC 9 V)

#### **Current Draw**

1,000 mA

#### **Dimensions**

266 (W) x 199 (D) x 75 (H) mm 10-1/2 (W) x 7-7/8 (D) x 3 (H) inches

### Weight

1.1 kg / 2 lbs 7 oz (excluding AC Adaptor)

### **Accessories**

Owner's Manual, AC Adaptor (ACI/ACB Series), Screws (M5 x 8) x 4

### **Options**

Pads (PD-6, PD-7, PD-8, PD-9, PD-80, PD-80R, PD-85, PD-100, PD-105, PD-120, PD-125, RP-2)

Cymbals (CY-6, CY-8, CY-12H, CY-12R/C, CY-14C, CY-15R)

Kick Trigger Units (KD-7, KD-8, KD-80, KD-85, KD-120) Hi-Hat Control Pedals (FD-7, FD-8)

Stands (MDS-3C, MDS-6, MDS-8C, MDS-10, MDS-20)

Cymbal Mounts (MDY-7U, MDY-10U) Pad Mounts (MDH-7U, MDH-10U)

- \* A separate publication titled "MIDI Implementation" is also available. It provides complete details concerning the way MIDI has been implemented on this unit. If you should require this publication (such as when you intend to carry out bytelevel programming), please contact the nearest Roland Service Center or authorized Roland distributor.
- \* In the interest of product improvement, the specifications and/ or appearance of this unit are subject to change without prior notice.

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# **MEMO**

# **MEMO**

### For EU Countries



- This symbol indicates that in EU countries, this product must be collected separately from household waste, as defined in each region. Products bearing this symbol must not be discarded together with household waste.
- Dieses Symbol bedeutet, dass dieses Produkt in EU-Ländern getrennt vom Hausmüll gesammelt werden muss gemäß den regionalen Bestimmungen. Mit diesem Symbol gekennzeichnete Produkte dürfen nicht zusammen mit den Hausmüll entsorgt werden.
- Ce symbole indique que dans les pays de l'Union européenne, ce produit doit être collecté séparément des ordures ménagères selon les directives en vigueur dans chacun de ces pays. Les produits portant ce symbole ne doivent pas être mis au rebut avec les ordures ménagères.
- Questo simbolo indica che nei paesi della Comunità europea questo prodotto deve essere smaltito separatamente dai normali rifiuti domestici, secondo la legislazione in vigore in ciascun paese. I prodotti che riportano questo simbolo non devono essere smaltiti insieme ai rifiuti domestici.

  Ai sensi dell'art. 13 del D.Lgs. 25 luglio 2005 n. 151.
- Este símbolo indica que en los países de la Unión Europea este producto debe recogerse aparte de los residuos domésticos, tal como esté regulado en cada zona. Los productos con este símbolo no se deben depositar con los residuos domésticos.
- Este símbolo indica que nos países da UE, a recolha deste produto deverá ser feita separadamente do lixo doméstico, de acordo com os regulamentos de cada região. Os produtos que apresentem este símbolo não deverão ser eliminados juntamente com o lixo doméstico.
- Dit symbool geeft aan dat in landen van de EU dit product gescheiden van huishoudelijk afval moet worden aangeboden, zoals bepaald per gemeente of regio. Producten die van dit symbool zijn voorzien, mogen niet samen met huishoudelijk afval worden verwijderd.
- Dette symbol angiver, at i EU-lande skal dette produkt opsamles adskilt fra husholdningsaffald, som defineret i hver enkelt region. Produkter med dette symbol må ikke smides ud sammen med husholdningsaffald.
- Dette symbolet indikerer at produktet må behandles som spesialavfall i EU-land, iht. til retningslinjer for den enkelte regionen, og ikke kastes sammen med vanlig husholdningsavfall. Produkter som er merket med dette symbolet, må ikke kastes sammen med vanlig husholdningsavfall.
- Symbolen anger att i EU-länder måste den här produkten kasseras separat från hushållsavfall, i enlighet med varje regions bestämmelser. Produkter med den här symbolen får inte kasseras tillsammans med hushållsavfall.
- Tämä merkintä ilmaisee, että tuote on EU-maissa kerättävä erillään kotitalousjätteistä kunkin alueen voimassa olevien määräysten mukaisesti. Tällä merkinnällä varustettuja tuotteita ei saa hävittää kotitalousjätteiden mukana.
- Ez a szimbólum azt jelenti, hogy az Európai Unióban ezt a terméket a háztartási hulladéktól elkülönítve, az adott régióban érvényes szabályozás szerint kell gyűjteni. Az ezzel a szimbólummal ellátott termékeket nem szabad a háztartási hulladék közé dobni.
- Symbol oznacza, że zgodnie z regulacjami w odpowiednim regionie, w krajach UE produktu nie należy wyrzucać z odpadami domowymi. Produktów opatrzonych tym symbolem nie można utylizować razem z odpadami domowymi.
- Tento symbol udává, že v zemích EU musí být tento výrobek sbírán odděleně od domácího odpadu, jak je určeno pro každý region. Výrobky nesoucí tento symbol se nesmí vyhazovat spolu s domácím odpadem.
- Tento symbol vyjadruje, že v krajinách EÚ sa musí zber tohto produktu vykonávať oddelene od domového odpadu, podľa nariadení platných v konkrétnej krajine. Produkty s týmto symbolom sa nesmú vyhadzovať spolu s domovým odpadom.
- See sümbol näitab, et EL-i maades tuleb see toode olemprügist eraldi koguda, nii nagu on igas piirkonnas määratletud. Selle sümboliga märgitud tooteid ei tohi ära visata koos olmeprügiga.
- Šis simbolis rodo, kad ES šalyse šis produktas turi būti surenkamas atskirai nuo buitinių atliekų, kaip nustatyta kiekviename regione. Šiuo simboliu paženklinti produktai neturi būti išmetami kartu su buitinėmis atliekomis.
- Šis simbols norāda, ka ES valstīs šo produktu jāievāc atsevišķi no mājsaimniecības atkritumiem, kā noteikts katrā reģionā. Produktus ar šo simbolu nedrīkst izmest kopā ar mājsaimniecības atkritumiem.
- Ta simbol označuje, da je treba proizvod v državah EU zbirati ločeno od gospodinjskih odpadkov, tako kot je določeno v vsaki regiji. Proizvoda s tem znakom ni dovoljeno odlagati skupaj z gospodinjskimi odpadki.
- Πο σύμβολο αυτό υποδηλώνει ότι στις χώρες της Ε.Ε. το συγκεκριμένο προϊόν πρέπει να συλλέγεται χωριστά από τα υπόλοιπα οικιακά απορρίμματα, σύμφωνα με όσα προβλέπονται σε κάθε περιοχή. Τα προϊόντα που φέρουν το συγκεκριμένο σύμβολο δεν πρέπει να απορρίπτονται μαζί με τα οικιακά απορρίμματα.

### Apparatus containing Lithium batteries

#### ADVARSEL!

Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering. Udskiftning må kun ske med batteri af samme fabrikat og type. Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandøren.

### **ADVARSEL**

Eksplosjonsfare ved feilaktig skifte av batteri.

Benytt samme batteritype eller en tilsvarende type anbefalt av apparatfabrikanten.

Brukte batterier kasseres i henhold til fabrikantens instruks joner.

### **CAUTION**

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### **VARNING**

Explosionsfara vid felaktigt batteribyte. Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren.

Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens instruktion.

### **VAROITUS**

Paristo voi räiähtää, ios se on virheellisesti asennettu. Vaihda paristo ainoastaan laitevalmistajan suosittelemaan tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti.

For EU Countries



This product complies with the requirements of European Directive 89/336/EEC.

For the USA -

### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Unauthorized changes or modification to this system can void the users authority to operate this equipment. This equipment requires shielded interface cables in order to meet FCC class B Limit.

For Canada

### NOTICE

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

### **AVIS**

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.